

BAB V

KESIMPULAN DAN SARAN

5.1 Kesimpulan

Berdasarkan eksperimen secara langsung dan pengolahan data yang telah dilakukan oleh peneliti, kesimpulan yang dapat diambil adalah sebagai berikut:

1. Kombinasi level dari faktor yang menghasilkan nilai rata-rata dan variansi jumlah cacat pulley yang optimum, adalah pengadukan selama 80 menit (A2), volume bahan setiap pulley sebesar 17 kg (B1) dan lama pembongkaran setiap pulley selama 150 menit (C1).
2. Pada kondisi optimum menunjukkan penurunan jumlah cacat pulley menjadi 2,67%.

5.2 Saran

Saran yang dapat diberikan setelah melakukan penelitian ini yaitu:

1. Perusahaan dapat menerapkan hasil penelitian ini untuk mengurangi produk cacat yaitu proses pengadukan selama 80 menit, volume bahan setiap pulley 70 kg dan lama pembongkaran setiap pulley 150 menit (2,5 jam).
2. Penelitian berikutnya dapat dilakukan penambahan level dan identifikasi masalah dari faktor lain sehingga nilai pada eksperimen konfirmasi dapat mendekati 0.

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P

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N

Lampiran 1.1 Persiapan Komposisi Bahan Pulley**Besi/ Bagian-Bagian Mesin Daur Ulang****Karbon**



Silikon



Gram/ Sisa Bubutan



Tungku Besar



Tungku Kecil

Lampiran 1.2 Alat Tuang Bahan Pulley**Alat Tuang Yang Diberi Tanda**

Lampiran 1.3 Perhitungan Analisis Varians Rata-Rata

1. Jumlah Kuadrat (Sum Of Square)

$$SS_A = \frac{A_1^2}{n_{A1}} + \frac{A_2^2}{n_{A2}} - \frac{T^2}{N}$$

$$= \frac{6^2}{2} + \frac{3,5^2}{2} - \frac{9,5^2}{4}$$

$$= 1,5625$$

$$SS_B = \frac{B_1^2}{n_{B1}} + \frac{B_2^2}{n_{B2}} - \frac{T^2}{N}$$

$$= \frac{4,5^2}{2} + \frac{5^2}{2} - \frac{9,5^2}{4}$$

$$= 0,0625$$

$$SS_C = \frac{C_1^2}{n_{C1}} + \frac{C_2^2}{n_{C2}} - \frac{T^2}{N}$$

$$= \frac{4^2}{2} + \frac{5,5^2}{2} - \frac{9,5^2}{4}$$

$$= 0,5625$$

2. Derajad Kebebasan

$$V_A = 2 - 1 = 1$$

$$V_B = 2 - 1 = 1$$

$$V_C = 2 - 1 = 1$$

$$V_e = 1$$

3. Rata-Rata Kuadrat (Mean Square)

$$\begin{aligned} \text{MSA} &= \frac{SS_A}{V_A} \\ &= \frac{1,5625}{1} \\ &= 1,5625 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{MSB} &= \frac{SS_B}{V_B} \\ &= \frac{0,0625}{1} \\ &= 0,0625 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{MSC} &= \frac{SS_C}{V_C} \\ &= \frac{0,5625}{1} \\ &= 0,5625 \end{aligned}$$

4. Jumlah Kuadrat Total

$$\begin{aligned} SS_T &= \sum y^2 \\ &= 2,5^2 + 3,5^2 + 2^2 + 1,5^2 \\ &= 24,75 \end{aligned}$$

5. Jumlah Kuadrat Karena Rata-Rata (Mean)

$$\begin{aligned} S_m &= n \cdot \bar{y}^2 \\ &= 4 \cdot 2,375^2 \\ &= 22,56 \end{aligned}$$

6. Jumlah Kuadrat Error

$$\begin{aligned}
 SS_{faktor} &= SSA + SSB + SSC \\
 &= 1,5625 + 0,0625 + 0,5625 \\
 &= 2,1875
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 SS_e &= SST - SS_m - SS_{faktor} \\
 &= 24,75 - 22,56 - 2,1875 \\
 &= 0,0025
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 MS_e &= \frac{SS_e}{V_e} \\
 &= \frac{0,0025}{1} \\
 &= 0,0025
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 SSt &= SSA + SSB + SSC + SS_e \\
 &= 1,5625 + 0,0625 + 0,5625 + 0,0025 \\
 &= 2,19
 \end{aligned}$$

7. F Ratio

$$\begin{aligned}
 FA &= \frac{MS_A}{MS_e} \\
 &= \frac{1,5625}{0,0025} \\
 &= 625
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 FB &= \frac{MS_B}{MS_e} \\
 &= \frac{0,0625}{0,0025} \\
 &= 25
 \end{aligned}$$

$$FC = \frac{MS_C}{MS_e}$$

$$= \frac{0,5625}{0,0025}$$

$$= 225$$

$$Fe = \frac{MS_e}{MS_e}$$

$$= \frac{0,0025}{0,0025}$$

$$= 1$$

8. Pure Of Sum Squares

$$SSA' = SSA - (VA).(MSe)$$

$$= 1,5625 - (1).(0,0025)$$

$$= 1,56$$

$$SSB' = SSB - (VB).(MSe)$$

$$= 0,0625 - (1).(0,0025)$$

$$= 0,06$$

$$SSC' = SSC - (VC).(MSe)$$

$$= 0,5625 - (1).(0,0025)$$

$$= 0,56$$

$$SSe' = SSe - (Ve).(MSe)$$

$$= 0,0025 - (1).(0,0025)$$

$$= 0$$

9. Persen Kontribusi

$$\rho_A = \frac{SS_A'}{SS_t} \times 100\%$$

$$= \frac{1,56}{2,19} \times 100\%$$

$$= 71,23\%$$

$$\rho_B = \frac{SS_B'}{SS_t} \times 100\%$$

$$= \frac{0,06}{2,19} \times 100\%$$

$$= 2,74\%$$

$$\rho_C = \frac{SS_C'}{SS_t} \times 100\%$$

$$= \frac{0,56}{2,19} \times 100\%$$

$$= 25,57\%$$

$$\rho_e = \frac{SS_e'}{SS_t} \times 100\%$$

$$= \frac{0}{2,19} \times 100\%$$

$$= 0$$

Lampiran 1.4a Perhitungan Rasio S/N

$$1. \quad S/N = -10 \log \left[\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n Y_i^2 \right]$$

Y = jumlah cacat setiap eksperimen

$n = 2$ (jumlah replikasi)

Eksp. 1

$$S/N = -10 \log \left(\frac{1}{2} (3^2 + 2^2) \right)$$

$$= -10 \log \left(\frac{1}{2} (13) \right)$$

$$= -8,1291$$

Eksp. 2

$$S/N = -10 \log \left(\frac{1}{2} (3^2 + 4^2) \right)$$

$$= -10 \log \left(\frac{1}{2} (25) \right)$$

$$= -10,9691$$

Eksp. 3

$$S/N = -10 \log \left(\frac{1}{2} (2^2 + 2^2) \right)$$

$$= -10 \log \left(\frac{1}{2} (8) \right)$$

$$= -6,0205$$

Eksp. 4

$$S/N = -10 \log \left(\frac{1}{2} (1^2 + 2^2) \right)$$

$$= -10 \log \left(\frac{1}{2} (5) \right)$$

$$= -3,9794$$

Lampiran 1.4b Perhitungan Pengaruh Level Terhadap Rasio S/N Jumlah Cacat Pulley

Perhitungan untuk faktor A :

$$\bar{A}_1 = \frac{-8,1291 x - 10,9691}{2} = -9,5491$$

$$\bar{A}_2 = \frac{-6,0205 x - 3,9794}{2} = -4,99995$$

Perhitungan untuk faktor B :

$$\bar{B}_1 = \frac{-8,1291 x - 6,0205}{2} = -7,0748$$

$$\bar{B}_2 = \frac{-10,9691 x - 3,9794}{2} = -7,4742$$

Perhitungan untuk faktor C :

$$\bar{C}_1 = \frac{-8,1291 x - 3,9794}{2} = -6,0542$$

$$\bar{C}_2 = \frac{-10,9691 x - 6,0205}{2} = -8,4948$$

Lampiran 1.5 Perhitungan Analisis Varians Rasio S/N

1. Jumlah Kuadrat (Sum Of Square)

$$\begin{aligned}SS_A &= \frac{A_1^2}{n_{A1}} + \frac{A_2^2}{n_{A2}} - \frac{T^2}{N} \\&= \frac{(-8,1291 + -10,9691)^2}{2} + \frac{(-6,0205 + -3,9794)^2}{2} - \frac{(-29,0981)^2}{4} \\&= 20,6948\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}SS_B &= \frac{B_1^2}{n_{B1}} + \frac{B_2^2}{n_{B2}} - \frac{T^2}{N} \\&= \frac{(-8,1291 + -6,0205)^2}{2} + \frac{(-10,9691 + -3,9794)^2}{2} - \frac{(-29,0981)^2}{4} \\&= 0,1595\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}SS_C &= \frac{C_1^2}{n_{C1}} + \frac{C_2^2}{n_{C2}} - \frac{T^2}{N} \\&= \frac{(-8,1291 + -3,9794)^2}{2} + \frac{(-10,9691 + -6,0205)^2}{2} - \frac{(-29,0981)^2}{4} \\&= 5,9562\end{aligned}$$

2. Derajad Kebebasan

$$V_A = 2 - 1 = 1$$

$$V_B = 2 - 1 = 1$$

$$V_C = 2 - 1 = 1$$

$$V_e = 1$$

3. Rata-Rata Kuadrat (Mean Square)

$$\begin{aligned} \text{MSA} &= \frac{SS_A}{V_A} \\ &= \frac{20,6948}{1} \\ &= 20,6948 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{MSB} &= \frac{SS_B}{V_B} \\ &= \frac{0,1595}{1} \\ &= 0,1595 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{MSC} &= \frac{SS_C}{V_C} \\ &= \frac{5,9562}{1} \\ &= 5,9562 \end{aligned}$$

4. Jumlah Kuadrat Total

$$\begin{aligned} SS_T &= \sum y^2 \\ &= (-8,1291)^2 + (-10,9691)^2 + (-6,0205)^2 + (-3,9794)^2 \\ &= 238,8356 \end{aligned}$$

5. Jumlah Kuadrat Karena Rata-Rata (Mean)

$$\begin{aligned} S_m &= n \cdot \bar{y}^2 \\ &= 4 \cdot (-7,2745)^2 \\ &= 211,6734 \end{aligned}$$

6. Jumlah Kuadrat Error

$$\begin{aligned}
 SS_{faktor} &= SSA + SSB + SSC \\
 &= 20,6948 + 0,1595 + 5,9562 \\
 &= 26,8105
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 SS_e &= SST - SS_m - SS_{faktor} \\
 &= 238,4853 - 211,6734 - 26,8105 \\
 &= 0,0014
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 MS_e &= \frac{SS_e}{V_e} \\
 &= \frac{0,0014}{1} \\
 &= 0,0014
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 SST &= SSA + SSB + SSC + SS_e \\
 &= 20,6948 + 0,1595 + 5,9562 + 0,0014 \\
 &= 26,8119
 \end{aligned}$$

7. F Ratio

$$\begin{aligned}
 FA &= \frac{MS_A}{MS_e} \\
 &= \frac{20,6948}{0,0014} \\
 &= 14782
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 FB &= \frac{MS_B}{MS_e} \\
 &= \frac{0,1595}{0,0014} \\
 &= 113,9285
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 F_C &= \frac{MS_C}{MS_e} \\
 &= \frac{5,9562}{0,0014} \\
 &= 4254,478
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 F_e &= \frac{MS_e}{MS_e} \\
 &= \frac{0,0014}{0,0014} \\
 &= 1
 \end{aligned}$$

8. Pure Of Sum Squares

$$\begin{aligned}
 SSA' &= SSA - (VA).(MSe) \\
 &= 20,6948 - (1).(0,0014) \\
 &= 20,6934
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 SSB' &= SSB - (VB).(MSe) \\
 &= 0,1595 - (1).(0,0014) \\
 &= 0,1581
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 SSC' &= SSC - (VC).(MSe) \\
 &= 5,9562 - (1).(0,0014) \\
 &= 5,9548
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 SSE' &= SSE - (Ve).(MSe) \\
 &= 0,0014 - (1).(0,0014) \\
 &= 0
 \end{aligned}$$

9. Persen Kontribusi

$$\begin{aligned}\rho_A &= \frac{SS_A'}{SS_t} \times 100\% \\ &= \frac{20,6948}{26,8119} \times 100\% \\ &= 77,179\%\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\rho_B &= \frac{SS_B'}{SS_t} \times 100\% \\ &= \frac{0,1581}{26,8119} \times 100\% \\ &= 0,5896\%\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\rho_C &= \frac{SS_C'}{SS_t} \times 100\% \\ &= \frac{5,9548}{26,8119} \times 100\% \\ &= 22,2095\%\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\rho_e &= \frac{SS_e'}{SS_t} \times 100\% \\ &= \frac{0}{26,8119} \times 100\% \\ &= 0\end{aligned}$$