

INTISARI

YUNITA, T., 2018, EVALUASI POLA PERESEPAN PADA PENYAKIT ISPA *NON PNEUMONIA* DI PUSKESMAS SIBELA SURAKARTA TAHUN 2017, KTI, FAKULTAS FARMASI, UNIVERSITAS SETIA BUDI, SURAKARTA.

ISPA *non pneumonia* adalah penyakit infeksi saluran pernafasan akut tanpa disertai gejala lain seperti kesukaran bernafas dan peningkatan frekuensi nafas, yang umumnya disebabkan oleh virus sehingga pengobatannya tidak memerlukan antibiotik. Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk mengetahui persentase pereseapan antibiotik, rata-rata jumlah item obat tiap lembar resep, persentase pereseapan obat generik, dan persentase pereseapan obat DOEN pada penyakit ISPA *non pneumonia* di Puskesmas Sibela Surakarta Tahun 2017.

Penelitian ini bersifat deskriptif observasional, dengan menggunakan data pada Formulir Pelaporan Indikator Pereseapan ISPA *non pneumonia* di Puskesmas Sibela Surakarta tahun 2017, kemudian data di analisis berdasarkan target Kemenkes RI pada penggunaan obat rasional.

Hasil penelitian menunjukkan bahwa persentase pereseapan antibiotik di Puskesmas Sibela adalah 2% berarti lebih rendah dari target Kemenkes yaitu di bawah 20%. Rata-rata jumlah obat tiap lembar resep di Puskesmas Sibela adalah 2,55 berarti lebih rendah dari target Kemenkes yaitu di bawah 2,6. Persentase pereseapan obat generik di Puskesmas Sibela adalah 68,98% berarti lebih rendah dari target Kemenkes yaitu 100%. Persentase pereseapan obat DOEN di Puskesmas Sibela adalah 41,23% berarti lebih rendah dari target Kemenkes yaitu 100%.

Kata kunci : Evaluasi, pola pereseapan, antibiotik, ISPA *non pneumonia*

ABSTRACT

YUNITA, T., 2018, EVALUATION OF PRESCRIBED PATTERN ON NON PNEUMONIA DISEASES IN PUSKESMAS SIBELA SURAKARTA IN 2017, KTI, PHARMACEUTICAL FACULTY, UNIVERSITY SETIA BUDI, SURAKARTA.

ISPA non pneumonia is an acute respiratory infection disease without other symptoms such as breathing difficulties and increased breathing frequency, which is generally caused by a virus so that the treatment does not require antibiotics. This study aims to determine the percentage of prescribing antibiotics, the average number of prescription items per prescription, the percentage of prescribing of generic drugs, and the percentage of prescribing of DOEN drugs in non-pneumonia ISPA disease in Sibela Surakarta Community Health Center 2017.

This study is descriptive observational, using data on Form Reporting Indicator Prescription of non-pneumonia ISPA at Puskesmas Sibela Surakarta in 2017, then data in the analysis based on the target of Ministry of Health RI on the use of rational drugs.

The results showed that the percentage of prescribing antibiotics in Puskesmas Sibela is 2% means lower than target Kemenkes that is under 20%. The median number of each prescription drug in the Sibela Community Health Center is 2,55 means lower than the target of Kemenkes that is below 2,6. The percentage of prescribing generic drugs in Sibela Health Center is 68,98% means lower than target of Kemenkes that is 100%. The percentage of drug prescribing of DOEN in Puskesmas Sibela was 41,23% which is lower than target of Kemenkes that is 100%.

Keywords: Evaluation, prescribing patterns, antibiotics, non-pneumonia ISPA