

BAB V

KESIMPULAN DAN SARAN

A. Kesimpulan

Berdasarkan dari hasil penelitian yang dilakukan dapat diperoleh kesimpulan bahwa:

Pertama, SLNs fisetin dapat dibuat menggunakan lipid golongan wax dengan metode ultrasonikasi.

Kedua, karakterisasi SLNs fisetin menghasilkan ukuran partikel range nanometer, memiliki efisiensi penjerapan terbesar sebanyak 58,4%, dan nilai zeta potensial -20,52. Formula SLNs fisetin tidak stabil selama proses penyimpanan.

Ketiga, SLNs fisetin memiliki efek antioksidan kategori sangat kuat.

B. Saran

Penelitian ini masih banyak kekurangan, maka perlu dilakukan penelitian lebih lanjut mengenai :

Pertama, perlu dilakukan analisis pengaruh surfaktan dengan menggunakan jenis surfaktan tunggal lainnya atau kombinasi.

Kedua, perlu dilakukan uji stabilitas setelah penyimpanan dalam jangka panjang selama 1 bulan.

Ketiga, perlu dilakukan uji *Transmission Electron Microscopy* (TEM) untuk mengetahui morfologi dari SLNs fisetin.

Keempat, perlu dilakukan uji disolusi untuk mengetahui kelarutan SLNs zat aktif.

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Lampiran 1. Certificate of analysis (COA) fisetin



Certificate of Analysis

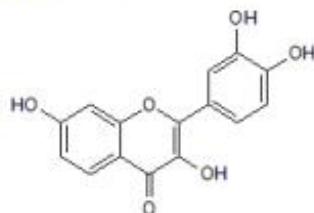
Print Date: Jan 14th 2016

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Product Name:	Fisetin	Catalog No.:	5016	
CAS Number:	528-48-3		Batch No.:	1
IUPAC Name:	2-(3,4-Dihydroxyphenyl)-3,7-dihydroxy-4H-1-benzopyran-4-one			

1. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Batch Molecular Formula:	C ₁₅ H ₁₀ O ₆
Batch Molecular Weight:	286.24
Physical Appearance:	Yellow solid
Solubility:	DMSO to 100 mM ethanol to 10 mM
Storage:	Store at -20°C
Batch Molecular Structure:	



2. ANALYTICAL DATA

HPLC:	Shows 98.1% purity
¹ H NMR:	Consistent with structure
Mass Spectrum:	Consistent with structure
Microanalysis:	Carbon Hydrogen Nitrogen
	Theoretical 62.94 3.52
	Found 62.81 3.58

Caution - Not Fully Tested • Research Use Only • Not For Human or Veterinary Use

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Product Name: Fisetin

Catalog No.: 5016

Batch No.: 1

CAS Number: 528-48-3

IUPAC Name: 2-(3,4-Dihydroxyphenyl)-3,7-dihydroxy-4H-1-benzopyran-4-one

Description:

Naturally occurring flavonoid and antioxidant. Inhibits PI 3-K, Akt, mTOR and Cdk5. Displays antiproliferative activity in prostate cancer cells. Shown to activate ERK; exhibits neuroprotective activity in Huntington's disease models. Also a DNMT1 inhibitor.

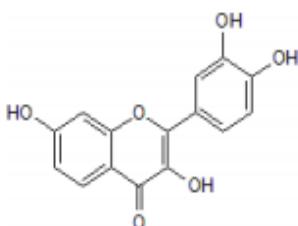
Storage: Store at -20°C

Physical and Chemical Properties:Batch Molecular Formula: C₁₅H₁₀O₆

Batch Molecular Weight: 286.24

Physical Appearance: Yellow solid

Minimum Purity: >98%

Batch Molecular Structure:**Solubility & Usage Info:**DMSO to 100 mM
ethanol to 10 mM**Stability and Solubility Advice:**

Some solutions can be difficult to obtain and can be encouraged by rapid stirring, sonication or gentle warming (in a 45–60°C water bath).

Information concerning product stability, particularly in solution, has rarely been reported and in most cases we can only offer a general guide. Our standard recommendations are:

SOLIDS: Provided storage is as stated on the product label and the vial is kept tightly sealed, the product can be stored for up to 6 months from date of receipt.

SOLUTIONS: We recommend that stock solutions, once prepared, are stored aliquoted in tightly sealed vials at -20°C or below and used within 1 month. Wherever possible solutions should be made up and used on the same day.

References:

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Lampiran 2. Foto serbuk fisetin**Lampiran 3. Foto Apifil**

Lampiran 4. Emulsi SLNs Fisetin**a. Apifil****b. Polawax**

c. Carnauba wax



Lampiran 5. Penentuan panjang gelombang dan pembuatan kurva baku

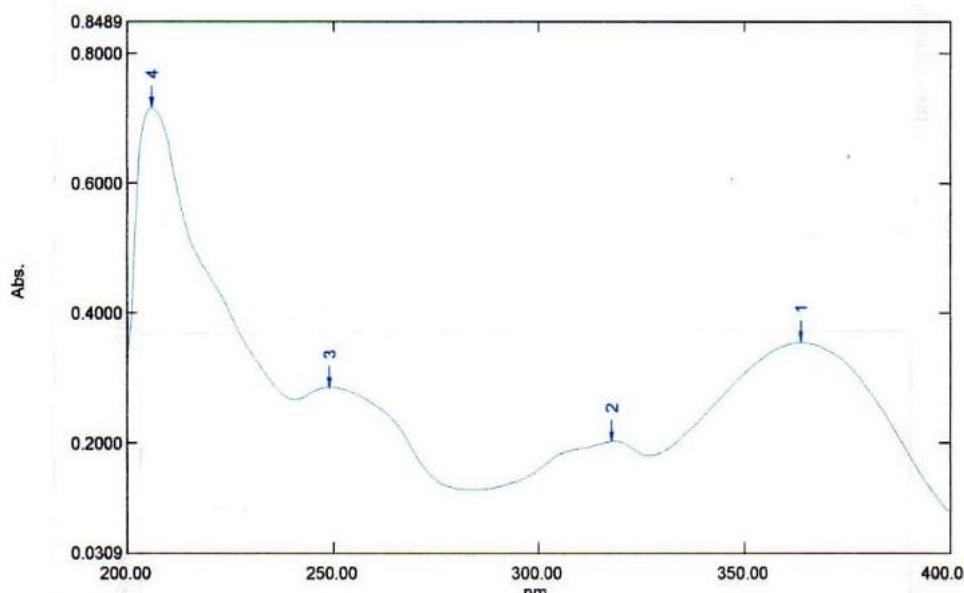
a. Penentuan panjang gelombang

Spectrum Peak Pick Report

19

✓ mak 369 Dm
04/16/2019 08:04:23 AM

Data Set: DIAN AKURASI_080249 - RawData



[Measurement Properties]

Wavelength Range (nm.): 200.00 to 400.00
Scan Speed: Medium
Sampling Interval: 1.0
Auto Sampling Interval: Disabled
Scan Mode: Auto

[Instrument Properties]

Instrument Type: UV-1800 Series
Measuring Mode: Absorbance
Slit Width: 1.0 nm
Light Source Change Wavelength: 340.0 nm
S/R Exchange: Normal

[Attachment Properties]

Attachment: None

[Operation]

Threshold: 0.0010000
Points: 4
InterPolate: Disabled
Average: Disabled

[Sample Preparation Properties]

Weight:
Volume:
Dilution:
Path Length:
Additional Information:

No.	P/V	Wavelength	Abs.	Description
1	●	364.00	0.3545	
2	●	318.00	0.2021	
3	●	249.00	0.2859	
4	●	206.00	0.7175	
5	●	327.00	0.1800	
6	●	284.00	0.1279	
7	●	241.00	0.2665	

b. Penentuan *operating time*

Kinetics Data Print Report

05/15/2019 03:46:21 PM

Time (Minute)	RawData ...
0.000	0.457
1.000	0.458
2.000	0.459
3.000	0.460
4.000	0.459
5.000	0.461
6.000	0.460
7.000	0.461
8.000	0.460
9.000	0.460
10.000	0.462
11.000	0.462
12.000	0.462
13.000	0.462
14.000	0.463
15.000	0.463
16.000	0.464
17.000	0.464
18.000	0.463
19.000	0.464
20.000	0.464
21.000	0.465
22.000	0.465
23.000	0.464
24.000	0.464
25.000	0.466
26.000	0.465
27.000	0.466
28.000	0.466
29.000	0.466
30.000	0.466

c. Linearitas (*Linearity*)

Konsentrasi (ppm)	Absorbansi
3,68	0,246
4,6	0,305
5,52	0,371
6,44	0,424
7,36	0,478
8,28	0,541

Hasil penimbangan fisetin

$$\text{Kertas + sampel} = 0,2786 \text{ g}$$

$$\text{Kertas + sisa} = 0,2740 \text{ g}$$

$$\text{Zat aktif} = 0,0046 \text{ g dalam } 1000 \text{ ml} \rightarrow x \times 100 \text{ ml}$$

$$= 4,6 \text{ mg dalam } 1000 \text{ ml} \rightarrow x \times 100 \text{ ml}$$

$$= 46 \text{ ppm}$$

Larutan stock 46 ppm

$$- 46 \text{ ppm} \times 0,8 \text{ ml} = x \times 10 \text{ ml}$$

$$x = 3,68 \text{ ppm}$$

$$- 46 \text{ ppm} \times 1 \text{ ml} = x \times 10 \text{ ml}$$

$$x = 4,6 \text{ ppm}$$

$$- 46 \text{ ppm} \times 1,2 \text{ ml} = x \times 10 \text{ ml}$$

$$x = 5,52 \text{ ppm}$$

$$- 46 \text{ ppm} \times 1,4 \text{ ml} = x \times 10 \text{ ml}$$

$$x = 6,44 \text{ ppm}$$

$$- 46 \text{ ppm} \times 1,6 \text{ ml} = x \times 10 \text{ ml}$$

$$x = 7,36 \text{ ppm}$$

$$- 46 \text{ ppm} \times 1,8 \text{ ml} = x \times 10 \text{ ml}$$

$$x = 8,28 \text{ ppm}$$

d. Penentuan Akurasi

Konsentrasi (ppm)	Absorbansi	y	Recovery (%)	Rata-rata (%)
4,6	0,308	4,624	100,5	
4,6	0,308	4,624	100,5	100,2
4,6	0,305	4,578	99,5	
5,52	0,366	5,508	99,8	
5,52	0,366	5,508	99,8	99,7
5,52	0,365	5,493	99,5	
6,44	0,429	6,469	100,4	
6,44	0,429	6,469	100,4	100,1
6,44	0,425	6,408	99,5	

$$\% \text{ Recovery} = \frac{\text{Kdar hasil analisis}}{\text{Kadar sesungguhnya}} \times 100 \%$$

➤ Konsentrasi 4,6 ppm

- % Recovery = $\frac{4,624}{4,6} \times 100 \%$
= 100,5 %
- % Recovery = $\frac{4,624}{4,6} \times 100 \%$
= 100,5%
- % Recovery = $\frac{4,578}{4,6} \times 100 \%$
= 99,5%

➤ Konsentrasi 5,52 ppm

- % Recovery = $\frac{5,508}{5,52} \times 100 \%$
= 99,8 %
- % Recovery = $\frac{5,508}{5,52} \times 100 \%$
= 99,8%
- % Recovery = $\frac{5,493}{5,52} \times 100 \%$
= 99,5%

➤ **Konsentrasi 6,44 ppm**

- % Recovery = $\frac{6,469}{6,44} \times 100\% = 100,4\%$
- % Recovery = $\frac{6,469}{6,44} \times 100\% = 100,4\%$
- % Recovery = $\frac{6,408}{6,44} \times 100\% = 99,5\%$

e. Penentuan presisi

Konsentrasi (ppm)	Absorbansi	Y
4,6	0,367	6,131
4,6	0,365	6,098
4,6	0,369	6,164
4,6	0,370	6,181
4,6	0,366	6,114
4,6	0,368	6,148
4,6	0,369	6,164
4,6	0,371	6,197
4,6	0,370	6,181
4,6	0,366	6,114
Rata-rata		6,149
SD		0,034
CV		0,56%

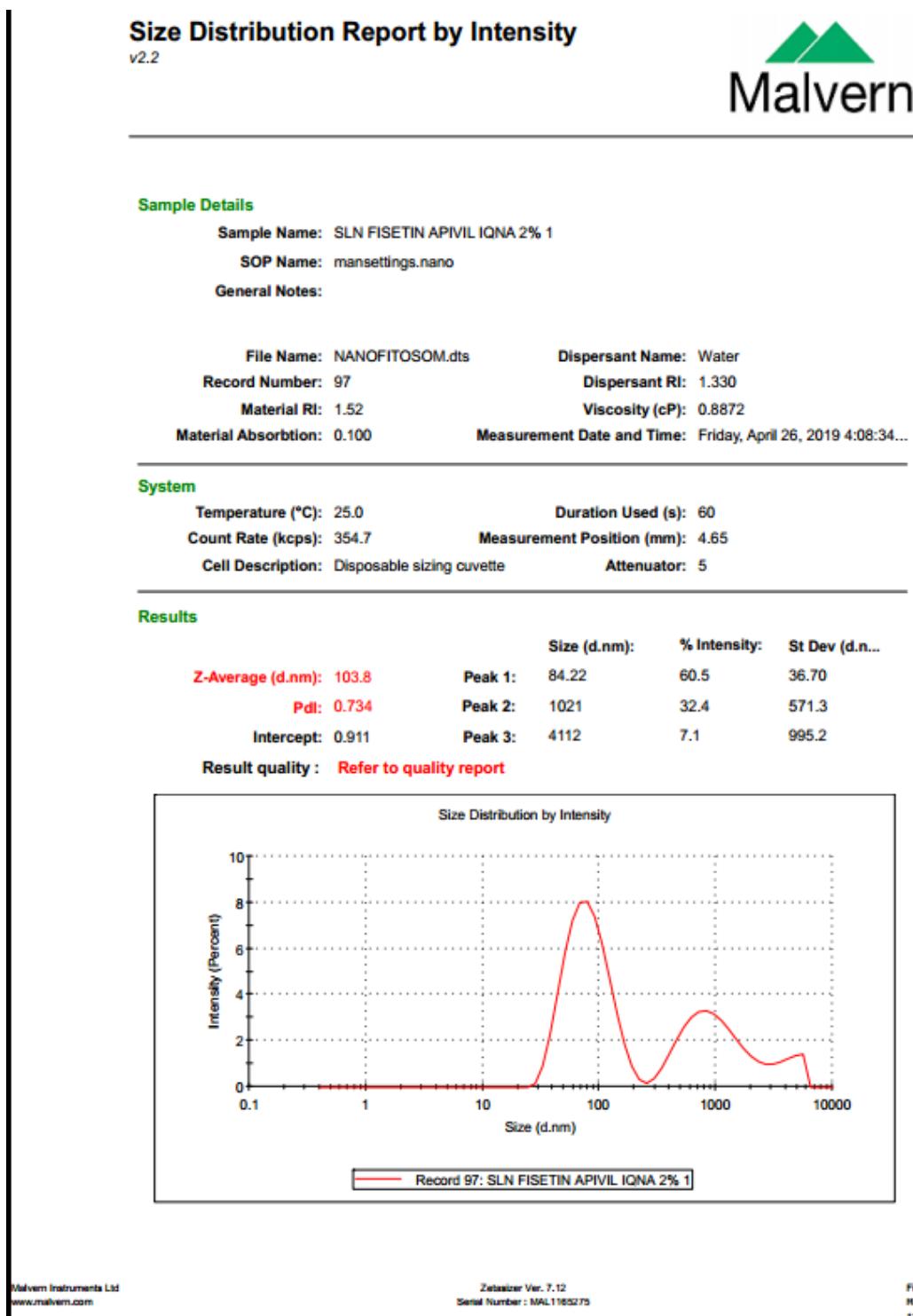
Nilai CV dilihat dari data diatas adalah 1%, ini sesuai dengan persyaratan presisi yaitu $\leq 2\%$.

$$\% \text{ RSD} = \frac{SD}{x} \times 100\%$$

$$\% \text{ RSD} = \frac{0,034}{6,149} \times 100\% = 0,56\%$$

Lampiran 6. Hasil uji ukuran partikel formula 1

d. Replikasi 1



e. Replikasi 2

Size Distribution Report by Intensity

v2.2



Sample Details

Sample Name: SLN Fisetin APIVIL IQNA 2% 2

SOP Name: mansettings.nano

General Notes:

File Name: NANOFITOSOM.dts	Dispersant Name: Water
Record Number: 98	Dispersant RI: 1.330
Material RI: 1.52	Viscosity (cP): 0.8872
Material Absorbtion: 0.100	Measurement Date and Time: Friday, April 26, 2019 4:10:37...

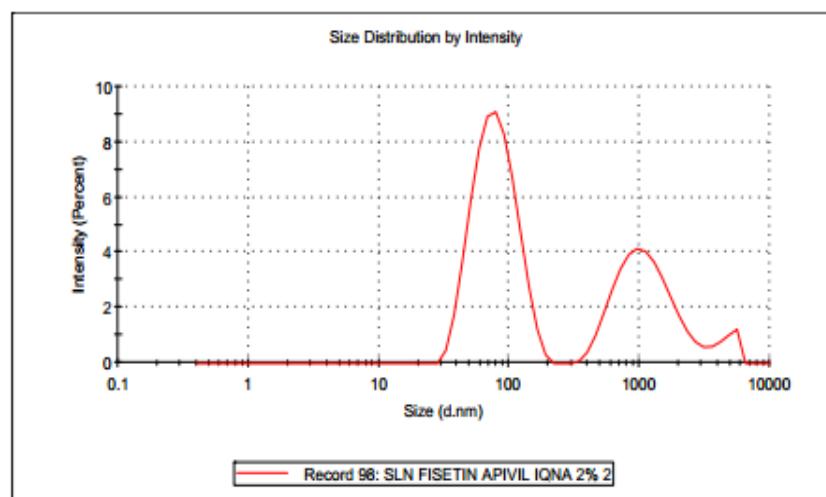
System

Temperature (°C): 25.0	Duration Used (s): 60
Count Rate (kcps): 350.8	Measurement Position (mm): 4.65
Cell Description: Disposable sizing cuvette	Attenuator: 5

Results

	Size (d.nm):	% Intensity:	St Dev (d.nm):
Z-Average (d.nm): 106.2	Peak 1: 81.43	61.2	30.08
Pdi: 0.677	Peak 2: 1169	34.7	571.2
Intercept: 0.916	Peak 3: 4489	4.2	878.4

Result quality : Good



f. Replikasi 3

Size Distribution Report by Intensity

v2.2



Sample Details

Sample Name: SLN FISETIN APIVIL IQNA 2% 3

SOP Name: mansettings.nano

General Notes:

File Name: NANOFITOSOM.dts

Dispersant Name: Water

Record Number: 99

Dispersant RI: 1.330

Material RI: 1.52

Viscosity (cP): 0.8872

Material Absorbtion: 0.100

Measurement Date and Time: Friday, April 26, 2019 4:12:41...

System

Temperature (°C): 25.0

Duration Used (s): 60

Count Rate (kcps): 332.0

Measurement Position (mm): 4.65

Cell Description: Disposable sizing cuvette

Attenuator: 5

Results

Size (d.nm): % Intensity: St Dev (d.n...

Z-Average (d.nm): 105.3

Peak 1: 77.22

58.8

25.97

Pdl: 0.684

Peak 2: 1106

36.2

597.0

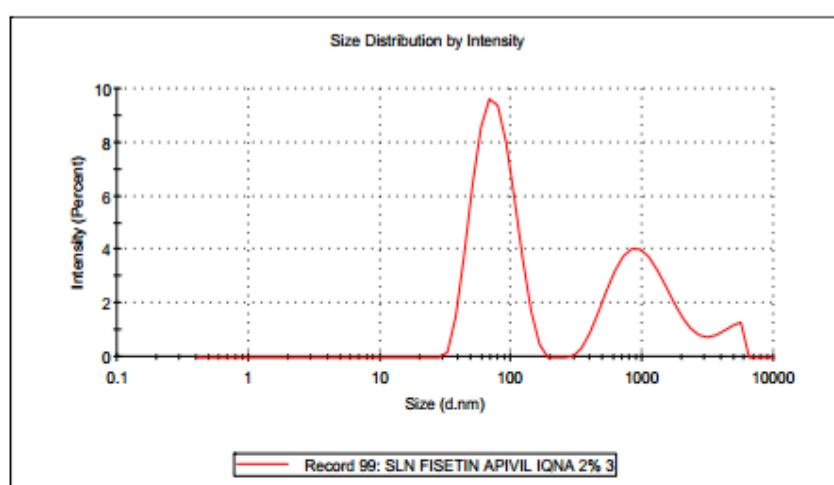
Intercept: 0.915

Peak 3: 4414

5.0

873.3

Result quality : Good



Lampiran 7. Hasil uji ukuran partikel formula 2

a. Replikasi 1

Size Distribution Report by Intensity v2.2



Sample Details

Sample Name: SLN Fisetin APIVIL IQNA 4% 1

SOP Name: mansettings.nano

General Notes:

File Name: NANOFITOSOM.dts	Dispersant Name: Water
Record Number: 100	Dispersant RI: 1.330
Material RI: 1.52	Viscosity (cP): 0.8872
Material Absorption: 0.100	Measurement Date and Time: Friday, April 26, 2019 4:19:50...

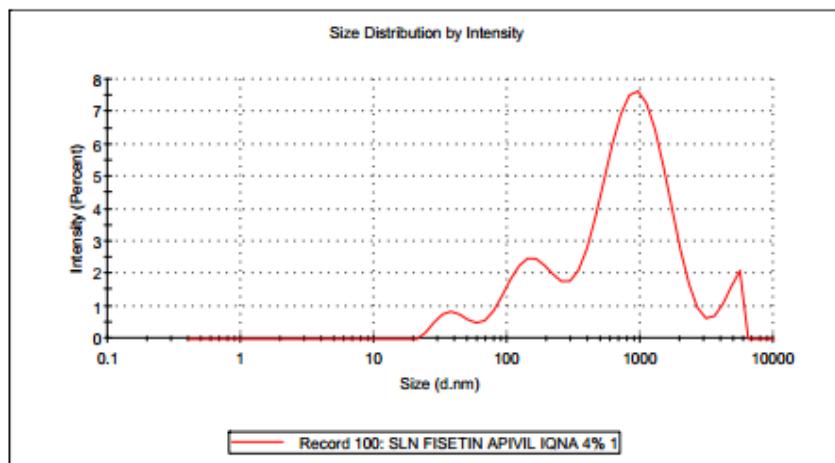
System

Temperature (°C): 25.0	Duration Used (s): 70
Count Rate (kcps): 189.8	Measurement Position (mm): 0.85
Cell Description: Disposable sizing cuvette	Attenuator: 3

Results

	Size (d.nm):	% Intensity:	St Dev (d.n...
Z-Average (d.nm): 322.0	Peak 1: 1000	72.2	552.7
Pdl: 1.000	Peak 2: 153.2	17.8	55.18
Intercept: 0.908	Peak 3: 4627	6.0	847.2

Result quality : Refer to quality report



b. Replikasi 2

Size Distribution Report by Intensity

v2.2



Sample Details

Sample Name: SLN Fisetin APIVIL IQNA 4% 2

SOP Name: mansettings.nano

General Notes:

File Name: NANOFITOSOM.dts	Dispersant Name: Water
Record Number: 101	Dispersant RI: 1.330
Material RI: 1.52	Viscosity (cP): 0.8872
Material Absorbtion: 0.100	Measurement Date and Time: Friday, April 26, 2019 4:22:23...

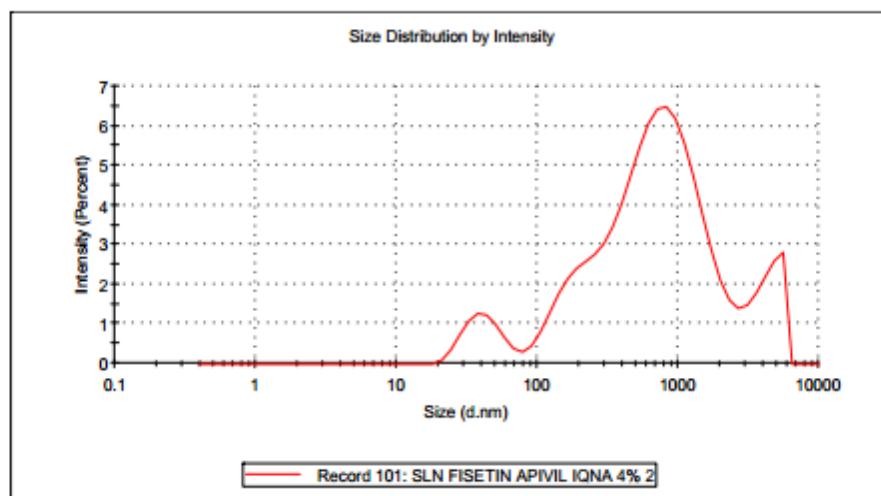
System

Temperature (°C): 25.0	Duration Used (s): 70
Count Rate (kcps): 190.4	Measurement Position (mm): 0.85
Cell Description: Disposable sizing cuvette	Attenuator: 3

Results

	Size (d.nm):	% Intensity:	St Dev (d.n...
Z-Average (d.nm): 344.1	Peak 1: 793.0	80.9	566.6
Pdi: 1.000	Peak 2: 4229	12.1	986.0
Intercept: 0.907	Peak 3: 43.42	7.0	13.73

Result quality : Refer to quality report



c. Replikasi 3

Size Distribution Report by Intensity

v2.2



Sample Details

Sample Name: SLN Fisetin APIVIL IQNA 4% 3

SOP Name: mansettings.nano

General Notes:

File Name: NANOFITOSOM.dts	Dispersant Name: Water
Record Number: 102	Dispersant RI: 1.330
Material RI: 1.52	Viscosity (cP): 0.8872
Material Absorbtion: 0.100	Measurement Date and Time: Friday, April 26, 2019 4:24:58...

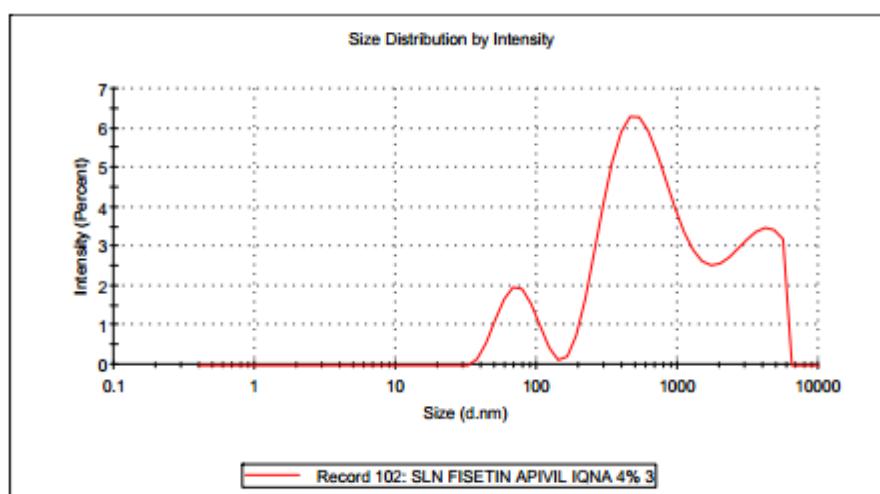
System

Temperature (°C): 25.0	Duration Used (s): 70
Count Rate (kcps): 194.4	Measurement Position (mm): 0.85
Cell Description: Disposable sizing cuvette	Attenuator: 3

Results

		Size (d.nm):	% Intensity:	St Dev (d.n...
Z-Average (d.nm):	335.8	Peak 1:	674.7	63.0
Pdi:	1.000	Peak 2:	3431	26.7
Intercept:	0.910	Peak 3:	75.13	10.3

Result quality : Refer to quality report



Lampiran 8. Hasil uji ukuran partikel formula 3

a. Replikasi 1

Size Distribution Report by Intensity v2.2



Sample Details

Sample Name: SLN Fisetin APIVIL IQNA 6% 1

SOP Name: mansettings.nano

General Notes:

File Name: NANOFITOSOM.dts	Dispersant Name: Water
Record Number: 103	Dispersant RI: 1.330
Material RI: 1.52	Viscosity (cP): 0.8872
Material Absorbtion: 0.100	Measurement Date and Time: Friday, April 26, 2019 4:31:06...

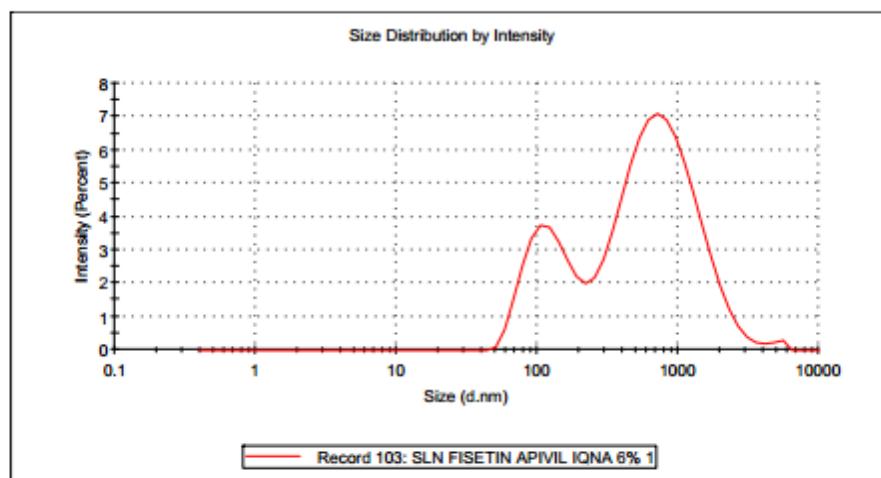
System

Temperature (°C): 25.0	Duration Used (s): 60
Count Rate (kcps): 394.6	Measurement Position (mm): 1.25
Cell Description: Disposable sizing cuvette	Attenuator: 3

Results

	Size (d.nm):	% Intensity:	St Dev (d.n...
Z-Average (d.nm): 310.8	Peak 1: 869.4	74.1	568.2
Pdl: 0.568	Peak 2: 126.8	25.2	44.67
Intercept: 0.905	Peak 3: 4938	0.7	576.5

Result quality : Refer to quality report



b. Replikasi 2

Size Distribution Report by Intensity

v2.2



Sample Details

Sample Name: SLN Fisetin APIVIL IQNA 6% 2

SOP Name: mansettings.nano

General Notes:

File Name: NANOFITOSOM.dts	Dispersant Name: Water
Record Number: 104	Dispersant RI: 1.330
Material RI: 1.52	Viscosity (cP): 0.8872
Material Absorbtion: 0.100	Measurement Date and Time: Friday, April 26, 2019 4:33:09...

System

Temperature (°C): 25.0 Duration Used (s): 60

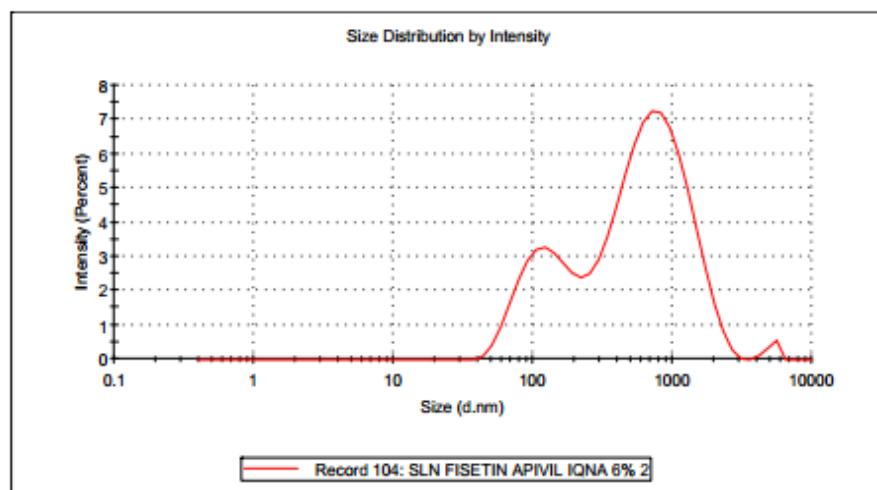
Count Rate (kcps): 396.9 Measurement Position (mm): 1.25

Cell Description: Disposable sizing cuvette Attenuator: 3

Results

	Size (d.nm):	% Intensity:	St Dev (d.nm):
Z-Average (d.nm): 313.5	Peak 1: 815.9	74.0	465.0
Pdi: 0.574	Peak 2: 128.5	25.0	48.04
Intercept: 0.906	Peak 3: 5142	1.0	502.5

Result quality : Refer to quality report



c. Replikasi 3

Size Distribution Report by Intensity

v2.2



Sample Details

Sample Name: SLN Fisetin APIVIL IQNA 6% 3

SOP Name: mansettings.nano

General Notes:

File Name: NANOFITOSOM.dts

Dispersant Name: Water

Record Number: 105

Dispersant RI: 1.330

Material RI: 1.52

Viscosity (cP): 0.8872

Material Absorbtion: 0.100

Measurement Date and Time: Friday, April 26, 2019 4:35:13...

System

Temperature (°C): 25.0

Duration Used (s): 60

Count Rate (kcps): 388.7

Measurement Position (mm): 1.25

Cell Description: Disposable sizing cuvette

Attenuator: 3

Results

Size (d.nm): % Intensity: St Dev (d.nm):

Z-Average (d.nm): 305.1

Peak 1: 816.6

94.9

856.7

Pdl: 0.544

Peak 2: 49.12

5.1

12.48

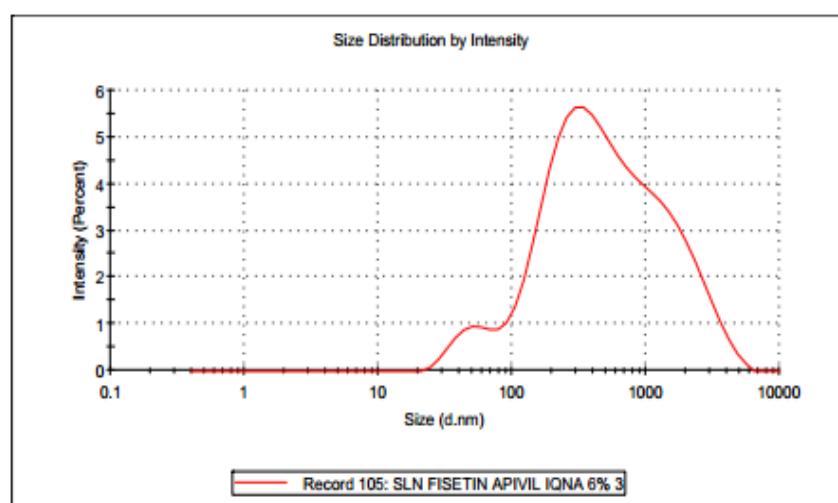
Intercept: 0.898

Peak 3: 0.000

0.0

0.000

Result quality : Refer to quality report



Lampiran 9. Perhitungan efisiensi penjerapan SLN fisetin

Formula 1 (Apifil 2%)

- Larutan induk → 200 mg SLN fisetin/10 ml etanol p.a = 20.000 ppm
- Perhitungan teoritis

Fisetin	= 10 mg
Eksipien (tween 80+apifil)	= 11000 mg
% kadar fisetin	= $\frac{10}{11000+10} \times 100\% = 0,091\%$
Kadar dalam 200 mg SLN	= $0,082\% \times 200 \text{ mg} = 0,182 \text{ mg}$
- Perhitungan kadar fisetin terjerap menggunakan persamaan regresi linier :

y	= a + bx
0,549	= 0,014 + 0,0636x
x	= $\frac{0,535}{0,0636}$
x	= 8,412 ppm

 - % kadar = $\frac{8,412 \text{ ppm}}{20.000 \text{ ppm}} \times 100\% = 0,04206\%$
 - Kadar dalam 200 mg SLN fisetin = $0,04206\% \times 200 \text{ mg} = 0,08412 \text{ mg}$
 - % Efisiensi penjerapan = $\frac{\text{kadar terjerap}}{\text{kadar teoritis}} \times 100\%$
 $= \frac{0,084 \text{ mg}}{0,182 \text{ mg}} \times 100\%$
 $= 46,1\%$

Formula 2 (Apifil 4%)

- Larutan induk → 100 mg SLN fisetin/10 ml etanol p.a = 10.000 ppm
- Perhitungan teoritis

Fisetin	= 10 mg
Eksipien (tween 80+Apifil)	= 12000 mg
% kadar fisetin	= $\frac{10}{12000+10} \times 100\% = 0,083\%$
Kadar dalam 200 mg SLN	= $0,079\% \times 200 \text{ mg} = 0,166 \text{ mg}$
- Perhitungan kadar fisetin terjerap menggunakan persamaan regresi linier :

$$\begin{aligned}
 y &= a + bx \\
 0,498 &= 0,014 + 0,0636x \\
 x &= \frac{0,484}{0,0636} \\
 x &= 7,610 \text{ ppm} \\
 \bullet \% \text{ kadar} &= \frac{7,610 \text{ ppm}}{20.000 \text{ ppm}} \times 100\% = 0,03805\% \\
 \bullet \text{ Kadar dalam } 200 \text{ mg SLN fisetin} &= 0,03805\% \times 200 \text{ mg} = 0,076 \text{ mg} \\
 \bullet \% \text{ Efisiensi penjerapan} &= \frac{\text{kadar terjerap}}{\text{kadar teoritis}} \times 100\% \\
 &= \frac{0,076 \text{ mg}}{0,166 \text{ mg}} \times 100\% \\
 &= 45,8\%
 \end{aligned}$$

Formula 3 (Apifil 6%)

- Larutan induk \rightarrow 200 mg SLN fisetin/10 ml etanol p.a = 20.000 ppm
- Perhitungan teoritis

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Fisetin} &= 10 \text{ mg} \\
 \text{Eksipien (tween 80+Apifil)} &= 13000 \text{ mg} \\
 \% \text{ kadar fisetin} &= \frac{10}{13000+10} \times 100\% = 0,077\% \\
 \text{Kadar dalam } 200 \text{ mg SLN} &= 0,075\% \times 200 \text{ mg} = 0,154 \text{ mg}
 \end{aligned}$$
- Perhitungan kadar fisetin terjerap menggunakan persamaan regresi linier :

$$\begin{aligned}
 y &= a + bx \\
 0,588 &= 0,014 + 0,0636x \\
 x &= \frac{0,574}{0,0636} \\
 x &= 9,025 \text{ ppm} \\
 \bullet \% \text{ kadar} &= \frac{9,025 \text{ ppm}}{20.000 \text{ ppm}} \times 100\% = 0,045\% \\
 \bullet \text{ Kadar dalam } 200 \text{ mg SLN fisetin} &= 0,045\% \times 200 \text{ mg} = 0,09 \text{ mg} \\
 \bullet \% \text{ Efisiensi penjerapan} &= \frac{\text{kadar terjerap}}{\text{kadar teoritis}} \times 100\% \\
 &= \frac{0,09 \text{ mg}}{0,154 \text{ mg}} \times 100\% \\
 &= 58,4\%
 \end{aligned}$$

Lampiran 10. Hasil Uji Stabilitas**a. Minggu pertama****b. Minggu kedua**

Lampiran 11. Zeta potensial

Instrument

Serial Number: 3214-DMP
 Model: DelsaMax Pro
 Pals Firmware Version: 1.1.0.6
 DLS Firmware Version: 2.3.1.0
 Assist Firmware Version: 1.0.0.9
 Instrument Name: BCI-3214-DMP
 Laser Wavelength (nm): 532.0
 Has DLS: Yes
 DLS Detector Angle (degrees): 163.5
 Minimum Temperature (C): 3.5
 Minimum Temperature without N2 (C): 20
 Maximum Temperature (C): 70
 Minimum Ramp Rate (C/min): 0
 Maximum Ramp Rate (C/min): 1.5

Instrument Parameters: Measurements

Collect Data: DLS and Pals (Simultaneous)
 Acq Time (s): 20
 Read Interval (s): 1
 Number Acq: 3
 Electric Field Frequency (Hz): 10.0
 Voltage Amplitude (V): 2.5
 Collection Period (s): 15.0
 Auto-attenuation: Yes
 Attenuation Level (%): 0
 Auto-attenuation Time Limit(s): 0
 Laser Mode: Normal
 Set Temp On Connection: No
 Set Temp (C): 20
 Temp Ramp Enabled: Yes
 Temp Ramp Rate (C/min): 1

Datalog Table: Measurements

Item	Zeta Potential (mV)
1	Meas 1 -17.55
2	Meas 2 -18.08
3	Meas 3 -25.93
Mean	-20.52
S	4.69
%S	22.86
S ²	22.01
Min	-25.93
Max	-17.55

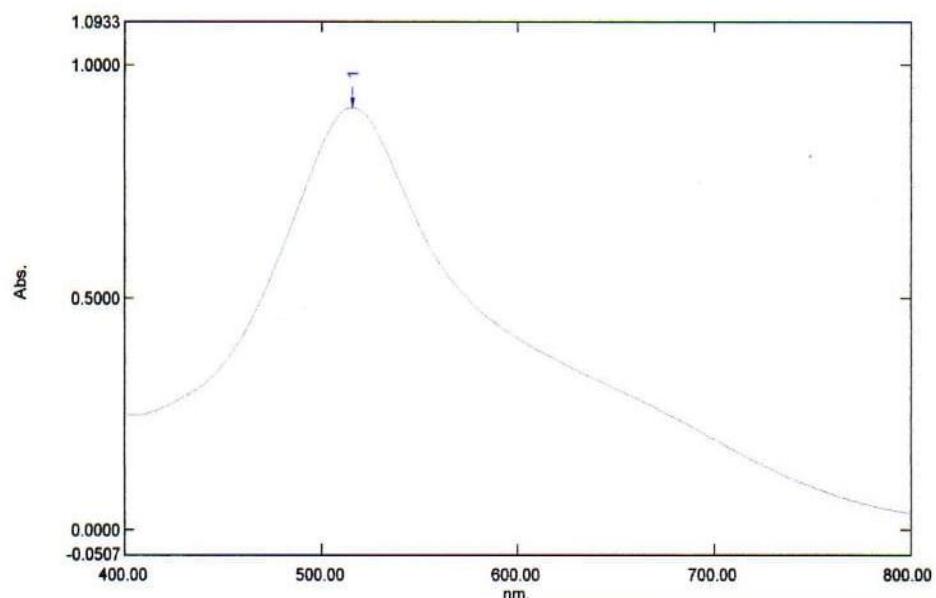
Lampiran 12. Hasil Pengujian Antioksidan

a. Penentuan panjang gelombang maksimum

Spectrum Peak Pick Report

05/10/2019 10:03:42 AM

Data Set: lamda maks dpph fix 1 - RawData



[Measurement Properties]
Wavelength Range (nm.): 400.00 to 800.00
Scan Speed: Medium
Sampling Interval: 1.0
Auto Sampling Interval: Disabled
Scan Mode: Auto

No.	P/V	Wavelength nm.	Abs.	Description
1	●	516.00	0.9096	
2	●	405.00	0.2479	

[Instrument Properties]
Instrument Type: UV-1800 Series
Measuring Mode: Absorbance
Slit Width: 1.0 nm
Light Source Change Wavelength: 340.0 nm
S/R Exchange: Normal

[Attachment Properties]
Attachment: None

[Operation]
Threshold: 0.0010000
Points: 4
InterPolate: Disabled
Average: Disabled

[Sample Preparation Properties]
Weight:
Volume:
Dilution:
Path Length:
Additional Information:

b. Penentuan *Operating Time*

Kinetics Data Print Report

OT Fisrtir OPPH 4/5/19
60 MEHIT

05/04/2019 12:24:22 PM

Time (Minute)	RawData ...
0.000	0.199
1.000	0.199
2.000	0.198
3.000	0.198
4.000	0.199
5.000	0.198
6.000	0.198
7.000	0.198
8.000	0.198
9.000	0.199
10.000	0.198
11.000	0.199
12.000	0.198
13.000	0.199
14.000	0.198
15.000	0.199
16.000	0.199
17.000	0.199
18.000	0.199
19.000	0.199
20.000	0.199
21.000	0.199
22.000	0.199
23.000	0.199
24.000	0.199
25.000	0.199
26.000	0.199
27.000	0.199
28.000	0.199
29.000	0.199
30.000	0.199
31.000	0.199
32.000	0.199
33.000	0.199
34.000	0.200
35.000	0.200
36.000	0.199
37.000	0.200
38.000	0.200
39.000	0.200
40.000	0.200
41.000	0.200
42.000	0.200
43.000	0.200
44.000	0.200
45.000	0.200
46.000	0.200
47.000	0.200
48.000	0.200
49.000	0.200
50.000	0.200

Kinetics Data Print Report

05/04/2019 12:24:22 PM

Time (Minute)	RawData ...
51.000	0.201
52.000	0.200
53.000	0.200
54.000	0.201
55.000	0.201
56.000	0.201
57.000	0.201
58.000	0.201
59.000	0.201
60.000	0.201

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c. Penentuan %Inhibisi zat aktif

- **Zat aktif (Fisetin)**
- **Konsentrasi 15,56 ppm**

$$\text{Rep. 1) } \% \text{ inhibisi} = \frac{0,9096 - 0,212}{0,9096} \times 100\%$$

$$\% \text{ inhibisi} = 76,7\%$$

$$\text{Rep. 2) } \% \text{ inhibisi} = \frac{0,9096 - 0,221}{0,9096} \times 100\%$$

$$\% \text{ inhibisi} = 75,7\%$$

$$\text{Rep. 3) } \% \text{ inhibisi} = \frac{0,9096 - 0,224}{0,9096} \times 100\%$$

$$\% \text{ inhibisi} = 75,4\%$$

- **Konsentrasi 7,78 ppm**

$$\text{Rep. 1) } \% \text{ inhibisi} = \frac{0,9096 - 0,405}{0,9096} \times 100\%$$

$$\% \text{ inhibisi} = 55,5\%$$

$$\text{Rep. 2) } \% \text{ inhibisi} = \frac{0,9096 - 0,416}{0,9096} \times 100\%$$

$$\% \text{ inhibisi} = 54,3\%$$

$$\text{Rep. 3) } \% \text{ inhibisi} = \frac{0,9096 - 0,418}{0,9096} \times 100\%$$

$$\% \text{ inhibisi} = 75,4\%$$

- **Konsentrasi 3,89 ppm**

$$\text{Rep. 1) } \% \text{ inhibisi} = \frac{0,9096 - 0,507}{0,9096} \times 100\%$$

$$\% \text{ inhibisi} = 44,3\%$$

$$\text{Rep. 2) } \% \text{ inhibisi} = \frac{0,9096 - 0,509}{0,9096} \times 100\%$$

$$\% \text{ inhibisi} = 44\%$$

$$\text{Rep. 3) } \% \text{ inhibisi} = \frac{0,9096 - 0,511}{0,9096} \times 100\%$$

$$\% \text{ inhibisi} = 43,8\%$$

- **Konsentrasi 1,95 ppm**

$$\text{Rep. 1) } \% \text{ inhibisi} = \frac{0,9096 - 0,555}{0,9096} \times 100\%$$

$$\% \text{ inhibisi} = 39\%$$

$$\text{Rep. 2) } \% \text{ inhibisi} = \frac{0,9096 - 0,557}{0,9096} \times 100\%$$

$$\% \text{ inhibisi} = 38,8\%$$

$$\text{Rep. 3) } \% \text{ inhibisi} = \frac{0,9096 - 0,559}{0,9096} \times 100\%$$

$$\% \text{ inhibisi} = 38,5\%$$

- **Konsentrasi 0,97 ppm**

$$\text{Rep. 1) } \% \text{ inhibisi} = \frac{0,9096 - 0,578}{0,9096} \times 100\%$$

$$\% \text{ inhibisi} = 36,5\%$$

$$\text{Rep. 2) } \% \text{ inhibisi} = \frac{0,9096 - 0,578}{0,9096} \times 100\%$$

$$\% \text{ inhibisi} = 36,5\%$$

$$\text{Rep. 3) } \% \text{ inhibisi} = \frac{0,9096 - 0,588}{0,9096} \times 100\%$$

$$\% \text{ inhibisi} = 35,4\%$$

- **Sampel Formula Apifil 6%**

- **Konsentrasi 25 ppm**

$$\text{Rep. 1) } \% \text{ inhibisi} = \frac{0,9096 - 0,509}{0,9096} \times 100\%$$

$$\% \text{ inhibisi} = 44\%$$

$$\text{Rep. 2) } \% \text{ inhibisi} = \frac{0,9096 - 0,501}{0,9096} \times 100\%$$

$$\% \text{ inhibisi} = 44,9\%$$

$$\text{Rep. 3) } \% \text{ inhibisi} = \frac{0,9096 - 0,505}{0,9096} \times 100\%$$

$$\% \text{ inhibisi} = 44,5\%$$

- **Konsentrasi 12,5 ppm**

$$\text{Rep. 1) } \% \text{ inhibisi} = \frac{0,9096 - 0,691}{0,9096} \times 100\%$$

$$\% \text{ inhibisi} = 24\%$$

$$\text{Rep. 2) } \% \text{ inhibisi} = \frac{0,9096 - 0,695}{0,9096} \times 100\%$$

$$\% \text{ inhibisi} = 23,6\%$$

$$\text{Rep. 3) } \% \text{ inhibisi} = \frac{0,9096 - 0,698}{0,9096} \times 100\%$$

$$\% \text{ inhibisi} = 23,3\%$$

- **Konsentrasi 6,25 ppm**

$$\text{Rep. 1) } \% \text{ inhibisi} = \frac{0,9096 - 0,796}{0,9096} \times 100\%$$

$$\% \text{ inhibisi} = 12,5\%$$

$$\text{Rep. 2) } \% \text{ inhibisi} = \frac{0,9096 - 0,793}{0,9096} \times 100\%$$

$$\% \text{ inhibisi} = 12,8\%$$

$$\text{Rep. 3) } \% \text{ inhibisi} = \frac{0,9096 - 0,791}{0,9096} \times 100\%$$

$$\% \text{ inhibisi} = 13\%$$

- **Konsentrasi 3,125 ppm**

$$\text{Rep. 1) } \% \text{ inhibisi} = \frac{0,9096 - 0,826}{0,9096} \times 100\%$$

$$\% \text{ inhibisi} = 9,2\%$$

$$\text{Rep. 2) } \% \text{ inhibisi} = \frac{0,9096 - 0,827}{0,9096} \times 100\%$$

$$\% \text{ inhibisi} = 9,1\%$$

$$\text{Rep. 3) } \% \text{ inhibisi} = \frac{0,9096 - 0,829}{0,9096} \times 100\%$$

$$\% \text{ inhibisi} = 8,9\%$$

- **Konsentrasi 1,56 ppm**

$$\text{Rep. 1) } \% \text{ inhibisi} = \frac{0,9096 - 0,852}{0,9096} \times 100\%$$

$$\% \text{ inhibisi} = 6,3\%$$

$$\text{Rep. 2) } \% \text{ inhibisi} = \frac{0,9096 - 0,855}{0,9096} \times 100\%$$

$$\% \text{ inhibisi} = 6\%$$

$$\text{Rep. 3) } \% \text{ inhibisi} = \frac{0,9096 - 0,859}{0,9096} \times 100\%$$

$$\% \text{ inhibisi} = 5,6\%$$

Tabel Nilai IC₅₀ dari Sampel fisetin

Konsentrasi (ppm)	Absorbansi			%Inhibisi		
	1	2	3	1	2	3
15,56	0,212	0,221	0,224	76,7	75,7	75,4
7,78	0,405	0,416	0,418	55,5	54,3	54
3,89	0,507	0,509	0,511	44,3	44	43,8
1,95	0,555	0,557	0,559	39	38,8	38,5
0,97	0,578	0,578	0,588	36,5	36,5	35,4

Tabel Nilai IC₅₀ dari Sampel formula

Konsentrasi (ppm)	Absorbansi			%Inhibisi		
	1	2	3	1	2	3
25	0,509	0,502	0,505	76,7	75,7	75,4
12,25	0,691	0,695	0,698	55,5	54,3	54
6,25	0,796	0,793	0,791	44,3	44	43,8
3,125	0,826	0,827	0,829	39	38,8	38,5
1,56	0,852	0,855	0,859	36,5	36,5	35,4

d. Perhitungan konsentrasi (ppm)

➤ **Senyawa aktif fisetin**

$$50 \text{ mg/ 100 ml} = 500 \text{ mg/1000ml} = 500 \text{ pppm}$$

$$- V_1 \times C_1 = V_2 \times C_2$$

- $500 \text{ ppm} \times 0,3112 \text{ ml} = 10 \text{ ml} \times C_2$
 $C_2 = 15,56 \text{ ppm}$
- $500 \text{ ppm} \times 0,1556 \text{ ml} = 10 \text{ ml} \times C_2$
 $C_2 = 7,78 \text{ ppm}$
- $500 \text{ ppm} \times 0,0778 \text{ ml} = 10 \text{ ml} \times C_2$
 $C_2 = 3,89 \text{ ppm}$
- $500 \text{ ppm} \times 0,039 \text{ ml} = 10 \text{ ml} \times C_2$
 $C_2 = 1,95 \text{ ppm}$
- $500 \text{ ppm} \times 0,0194 \text{ ml} = 10 \text{ ml} \times C_2$
 $C_2 = 0,97 \text{ ppm}$

➤ Sampel formula 3

- $10 \text{ mg/ 50 ml} = 200 \text{ mg/1000ml} = 200 \text{ ppm}$
- $V_1 \times C_1 = V_2 \times C_2$
- $V_1 \times 200 \text{ ppm} = 10 \text{ ml} \times 25 \text{ ppm}$
 $V_1 = 1,25 \text{ ml}$
- $V_1 \times 200 \text{ ppm} = 10 \text{ ml} \times 12,5 \text{ ppm}$
 $V_1 = 0,625 \text{ ml}$
- $V_1 \times 200 \text{ ppm} = 10 \text{ ml} \times 6,25 \text{ ppm}$
 $V_1 = 0,3125 \text{ ml}$
- $V_1 \times 200 \text{ ppm} = 10 \text{ ml} \times 3,125 \text{ ppm}$
 $V_1 = 0,156 \text{ ml}$
- $V_1 \times 200 \text{ ppm} = 10 \text{ ml} \times 1,56 \text{ ppm}$
 $V_1 = 0,078 \text{ ml}$

e. Penentuan IC₅₀

Tabel Nilai IC₅₀ dari Sampel fisetin

Larutan uji	Persamaan regresi	r	IC ₅₀ (ppm)
%inhibisi 1	$Y = 33,673 + 2,770x$	0,9999	5,895
%inhibisi 2	$Y = 33,581 + 2,697x$	0,9999	6,087
%inhibisi 3	$Y = 33,018 + 2,722x$	0,9999	6,240
Rata-rata			6,074

Tabel Nilai IC₅₀ dari formula

Larutan uji	Persamaan regresi	r	IC₅₀ (ppm)
%inhibisi 1	Y = 3,558 + 1,616x	0,9999	28,730
%inhibisi 2	Y = 3,238 + 1,656x	0,9999	28,231
%inhibisi 3	Y = 3,086 + 1,647x	0,9999	28,483
	Rata-rata		28,482

f. Hasil Uji T-test Pengujian Peredaman Radikal DPPH

- Sampel formula apifil 6%**

One-Sample Kolmogorov-Smirnov Test

		IC50
	N	3
Normal Parameters ^{a,,b}	Mean	28.48133
	Std. Deviation	.249504
Most Extreme Differences	Absolute	.175
	Positive	.175
	Negative	-.174
	Kolmogorov-Smirnov Z	.304
	Asymp. Sig. (2-tailed)	1.000

a. Test distribution is Normal.

b. Calculated from data.

One-Sample Statistics

	N	Mean	Std. Deviation	Std. Error Mean
IC50	3	28.48133	.249504	.144051

One-Sample Test

	Test Value = 6.074					
					95% Confidence Interval of the Difference	
	t	df	Sig. (2-tailed)	Mean Difference	Lower	Upper
IC50	155.551	2	.000	22.407333	21.78753	23.02714

