

BAB V

KESIMPULAN DAN SARAN

A. Kesimpulan

Dari hasil penelitian yang telah dilakukan, maka dapat disimpulkan bahwa :

Pertama, gemfibrozil yang dibuat dalam bentuk kristal sferis menggunakan metode *spherical agglomeration* (SA) menunjukkan kelarutan yang lebih baik daripada gemfibrozil murni

Kedua, didapatkan karakteristik kristal sferis gemfibrozil dengan metode *spherical agglomeration* (SA)

Ketiga, formula sediaan kristal gemfibrozil yang memiliki bentuk sferis dengan sempurna yaitu F1(gemfibrozil + PVP 2%)

B. Saran

Pertama, perlu dilakukan pengujian kristalinitas seperti DSC pada gemfibrozil sferis

Kedua, perlu dilakukan pengujian sifat alir untuk mengetahui perbandingan sifat alir dari gemfibrozil murni dan gemfibrozil sferis

Ketiga, perlu dilakukan dengan metode lain seperti metode *perubahan solvent*(SC), Metode *Difusi Kuasi Emulsi* (QESD), Metode *Netralisasi* (NM), dan Metode *Co-Agglomerasi* (CCA), Metode *Difusi Amonia* (AD)

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LAMPIRAN

Lampiran 1 COA



022/S.Pr/PPPP-LPP/V/19
Semarang, 11 Mei 2019

Kepada Yth:
Fakultas Farmasi
Universitas Setia Budi
d/a Jl. Let. Jend. Sutoyo – Solo 57127
Telp. 0271 - 852518
Up. Ibu Prof. Dr. R.A Oetari,SU., MM., M.Sc., Apt

Perihal : Permohonan Bahan Baku

Dengan hormat,
Menemuhi permintaan Ibu sesuai surat no. 4524/A10-4/05.04.2019 per tgl. 5 April 2019
perihal tersebut di atas, bersama ini kami kirimkan :

No.	Nama bahan baku	Um	Jumlah	Certificate Of Analisys
		Gr		✓
1	Gemfibrozil		100	
2				

Untuk keperluan penelitian Mahasiswa :

No.	Nama	NIM
1	Retna Rosiana Dewi	21154479A

Mohon diterima dengan baik dan selanjutnya apabila penelitian telah selesai, agar mengirimkan
1 eksemplar laporan untuk keperluan perpustakaan kami.

Demikian, semoga bermanfaat dan terima kasih.

Hormat Kami



Drs. Giri Hardiyatmo, Apt, MM
Manager PPIC

Diterima oleh :
Tanggal :
Tanda tangan :

OFFICE :
PT. Phapros Tbk
Gedung ITNL
Jl. Dipoesirayaya Kav Dll
Kuningan, Jakarta 12950 INDONESIA
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Website: http://www.phapros.co.id

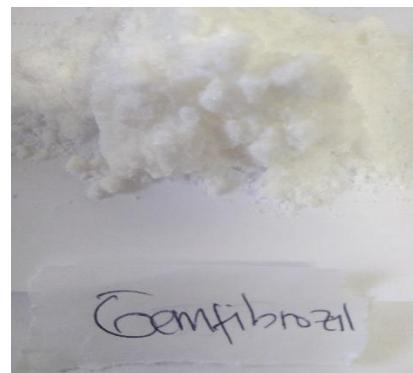


37.0.6 Test result Report (wof)* PHAROS, PT						Date: 13/05/13 Time: 12:32:53					
Quality Order	Batch	Item Number	Insp Loc Location	Procedure	Qty Pending	Qty Accepted	Qty Rejected	Order Date	Due Date	Eff Date	St
BB.16/6071	16227	19307156 GENFIBROZIL	PK	05B	Pemeriksaan BB/BK	250.0	250.0	0.0	06/06/13	16/06/13	14/06/13 C
<hr/>											
Co Number	Characteristic	Actual Results	Specification	Measure	Pass						
001	PEMERIKSA	SESUAI	*		yes						
02	KELARUTAN	SESUAI	*		yes						
03	IDENTIFIKASI	SESUAI	*		yes						
04	JARAK LEBUR 59.6 - 59.8	59.6	59.61	°C	yes						
05	LOGAM BERAT <20	20	<=20	kg/g	yes						
06	KEMURNIAN AROMATOGRAFI	SESUAI	SESUAI		yes						
07	KADAR AIR	0.138	<=0.25	PERSEN	yes						
08	KADAR	100.873	98.102	PERSEN	yes						
091	SISA RESIDU METHANOL COA -	-	<=1000	ug/g	yes						
092	SISA RESIDU THF NOT DETECTED	-	<=720	ug/g	yes						
093	SISA RESIDU TOLUENE	-	<=300	ug/g	yes						
094	SISA RESIDU ACETONE	-	<=1000	ug/g	yes						
101	PETUGAS SAMPLING	CEC,MAK	*		yes						
102	PEMERIKSA	MAA,CEC,SAU	*		yes						
11	CATATAN	-	*		yes						

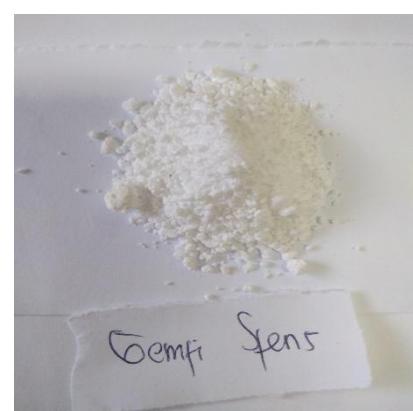


Lampiran 2 Gambar serbuk

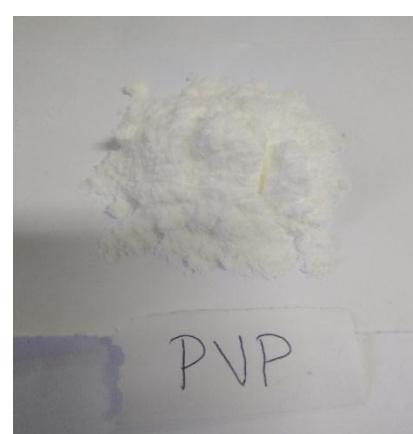
- Gemfibrozil serbuk



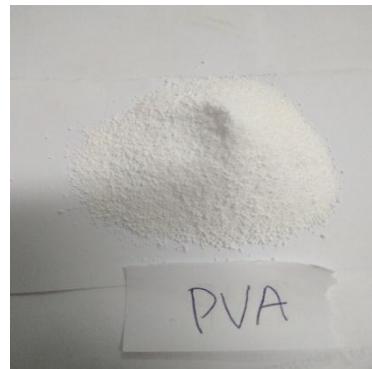
- Gemfibrozil sferis



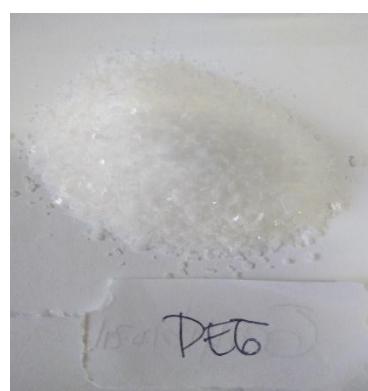
- PVP



- PVA



- PEG 4000



Lampiran 3 Kurva kalibrasi

- Larutan Induk



- Larutan stock



- Seri konsentrasi



Lampiran 4 Alat Penelitian

- Stirrer

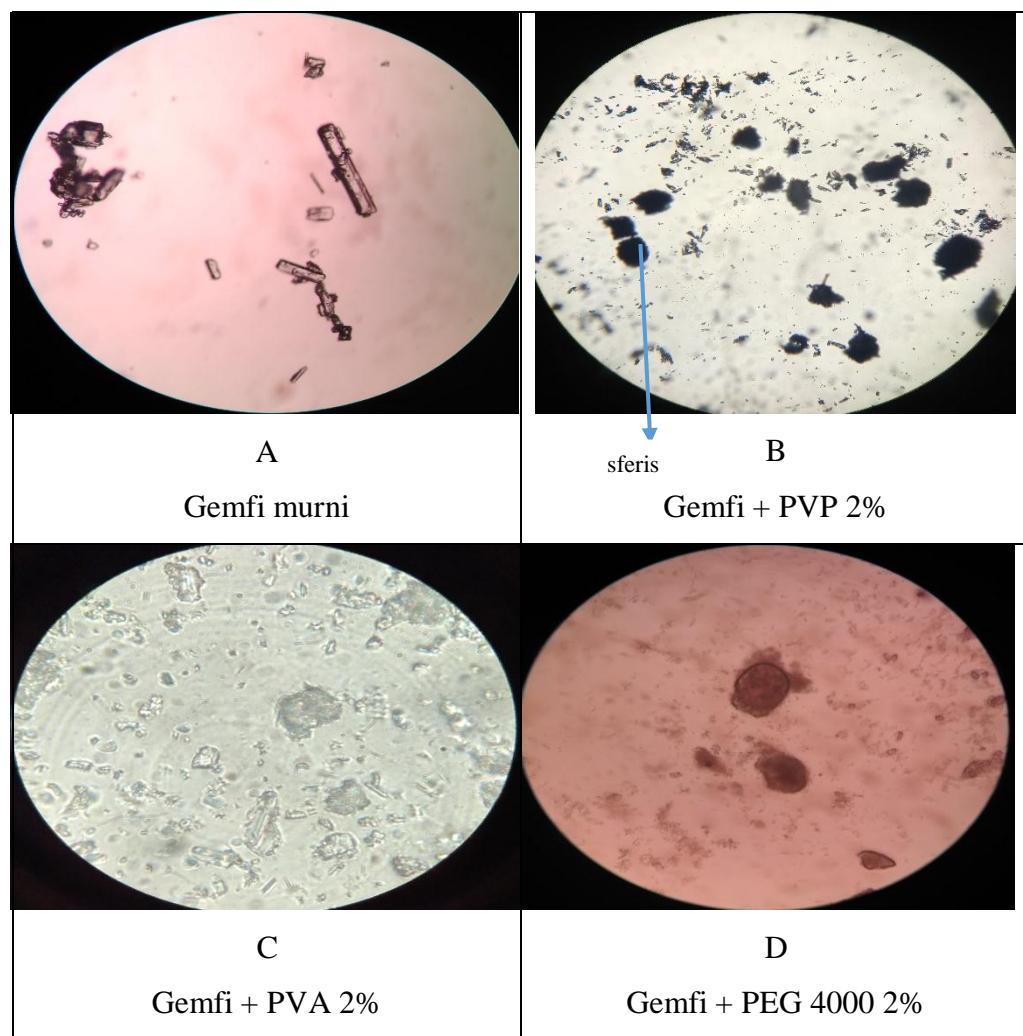


- Mikroskop optik

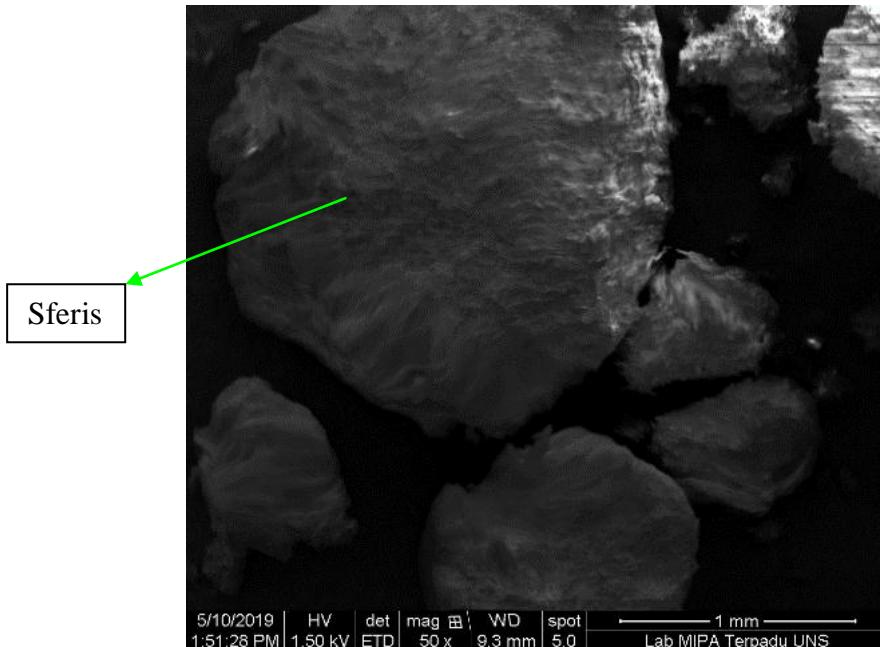


- Spektro UV-Vis



Lampiran 5 Foto Larutan Sferis**Lampiran 6** Foto Mikroskop Optik

Lampiran 7 Foto Hasil SEM



Lampiran 8 Perhitungan Penentuan % Rendemen

- Pernimbangan gemfibrozil murni

Kertas kosong = 0,2789

Kertas + zat = 2,2805

Kertas sisa =	0,2798	-
	2,0007 gram	

- Penimbangan gemfi sferis

Kertas saring kosong = 0,2815

Kertas saring + zat = 2,1459

Kertas saring sisa =	0,2828	-
	1,8683 gram	

$$\begin{aligned}
 \% \text{ Rendeman} &= \frac{\text{bobot kristal sferis}}{\text{bobot serbuk}} \times 100\% \\
 &= \frac{1,8631}{2,0007} \times 100\% \\
 &= 93,117\%
 \end{aligned}$$

Lampiran 9 Perhitungan Kelarutan

- Gemfibrozil Murni

Penimbangan serbuk gemfibrozil murni :

Kertas kosong = 0,2674 gram

Kertas + zat = 0,3234 gram

Kertas sisa = 0,2734 gram - 0,050 gram
- Gemfi sferis

Penimbangan serbuk sferis gemfibrozil :

Kertas kosong = 0,2693 gram

Kertas + zat = 0,3243 gram

Kertas sisa = 0,2743 gram - 0,050 gram

No	Obat	Kadar (ppm)	Kadar (mg)
1.	Gemfibrozil Murni	55,704	2,285
2.	Krital sferis Gemfibrozil	146,143	7,307

Perhitungan kadar :

1. Gemfibrozil murni =

$$y = a + bx$$

$$0,329 = 0,0068667 + 0,0057829 x$$

$$x = \frac{0,329 - 0,0068667}{0,0057829} = 55,704 \text{ ppm}$$

$$\text{kadar (mg)} = \frac{55,704 \text{ mg}}{1000 \text{ mL}} \times 5 \times 50 \text{ mL} = 2,785 \text{ mg}$$

2. Gemfibrozil sferis =

$$y = a + bx$$

$$0,852 = 0,0068667 + 0,0057829 x$$

$$x = \frac{0,852 - 0,0068667}{0,0057829} = 146,143 \text{ ppm}$$

$$\text{kadar (mg)} = \frac{146,143 \text{ mg}}{1000 \text{ mL}} \times 5 \times 50 \text{ mL} = 7,307 \text{ mg}$$

Lampiran 10 Perhitungan kurva kalibrasi larutan standar gemfibrozil

- Larutan Induk 1000 ppm → 10 mg/10 mL

Penimbangan :

Kertas kosong = 0,2662

Kertas + zat = 0,2765

Kertas sisa = 0,2665 -
0,0100 gram

- Pembuatan larutan lamda maks

100 ppm dari induk 1000 ppm

$$V_1 \times C_1 = V_2 \times C_2$$

$$V_1 \times 1000 \text{ ppm} = 10 \text{ ml} \times 100 \text{ ppm}$$

$$V_1 = 1 \text{ mL}$$

Lampiran 11 Perhitungan Seri konsentrasi

Konsentrasi	Perhitungan
20 ppm	$V_1 \times C_1 = V_2 \times C_2$ $V_1 \times 1000 \text{ ppm} = 10 \text{ ml} \times 20 \text{ ppm}$ $V_1 = 0,2 \text{ mL}$
40 ppm	$V_1 \times C_1 = V_2 \times C_2$ $V_1 \times 1000 \text{ ppm} = 10 \text{ ml} \times 40 \text{ ppm}$ $V_1 = 0,4 \text{ mL}$
60 ppm	$V_1 \times C_1 = V_2 \times C_2$ $V_1 \times 1000 \text{ ppm} = 10 \text{ ml} \times 60 \text{ ppm}$ $V_1 = 0,6 \text{ mL}$
80 ppm	$V_1 \times C_1 = V_2 \times C_2$ $V_1 \times 1000 \text{ ppm} = 10 \text{ ml} \times 80 \text{ ppm}$ $V_1 = 0,8 \text{ mL}$
100 ppm	$V_1 \times C_1 = V_2 \times C_2$ $V_1 \times 1000 \text{ ppm} = 10 \text{ ml} \times 100 \text{ ppm}$ $V_1 = 1 \text{ mL}$
120 ppm	$V_1 \times C_1 = V_2 \times C_2$ $V_1 \times 1000 \text{ ppm} = 10 \text{ ml} \times 120 \text{ ppm}$ $V_1 = 1,2 \text{ mL}$

Lampiran 12 Verifikasi Metode Analisis

• Linearitas

Data serapan gemfibrozil dalam berbagai konsentrasi pada medium dapar phospat 7,5 pada panjang gelombang maksimal : 274 nm

Konsentrasi (ppm)	Absorbansi	Persamaan
20	0,123	$a = 0,0068667$ $b = 0,0057829$ $r = 0,999602$
40	0,244	
60	0,352	
80	0,462	
100	0,58	
120	0,709	

• Penentuan LOD & LOQ

X (ppm)	Y (abs)	Y'	Y-Y'	Y-Y' ²
20	0,123	0,1225238	0,0005	0,00000022675736961
40	0,244	0,238181	0,0058	0,00003386131519274
60	0,352	0,3538381	-0,0018	0,00000337859410431
80	0,462	0,4694952	-0,0075	0,00005617859410431
100	0,58	0,5851524	-0,0052	0,00002654702947846
120	0,709	0,7008095	0,0082	0,00006708390022676
$\sum Y-Y' ^2$				0,0002

Nilai Y' diperoleh dari substitusi konsentrasi dalam persamaan $y = 0,0068667 - 0,0057829x$, dengan nilai x adalah konsentrasi (ppm) dan y adalah serapan (Y')

$$S_{x/y} = \sqrt{\frac{\sum|Y-Y'|^2}{N-2}}$$

Keterangan :

$S_{x/y}$ = Simpangan baku residual

N = Jumlah data

$\sum|Y-Y'|^2$ = Jumlah kuadrat total residual

$$S_{x/y} = \sqrt{\frac{0,0002}{6-2}} = 0,007071$$

$$\text{LOD} = \frac{3,3 (0,007071)}{0,0057829}$$

$$= \frac{0,0233343}{0,0057829} = 4,0350 \text{ ppm}$$

Serapan LOD

$$\begin{aligned} y &= 0,0068 + 0,007829 (4,0350) \\ &= 0,0068 + 0,03159 \\ &= 0,03839 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{LOQ} = \frac{10(0,007071)}{0,0057829}$$

$$= \frac{0,07071}{0,0057829} = 12,2274 \text{ ppm}$$

Serapan LOQ

$$\begin{aligned} y &= 0,0068 + 0,007829 (12,2274) \\ &= 0,0068 + 0,09572 \\ &= 0,1025 \end{aligned}$$

- **Presisi**

Konsentrasi	ABS	Konsentrasi(ppm)
100	0,583	99,627
100	0,578	98,762
100	0,587	100,319
100	0,585	99,973
100	0,583	99,627
100	0,598	102,221
100	0,588	100,492
100	0,584	99,800
100	0,586	100,146
100	0,593	101,356
Rata-rata		100,232
SD		0,996

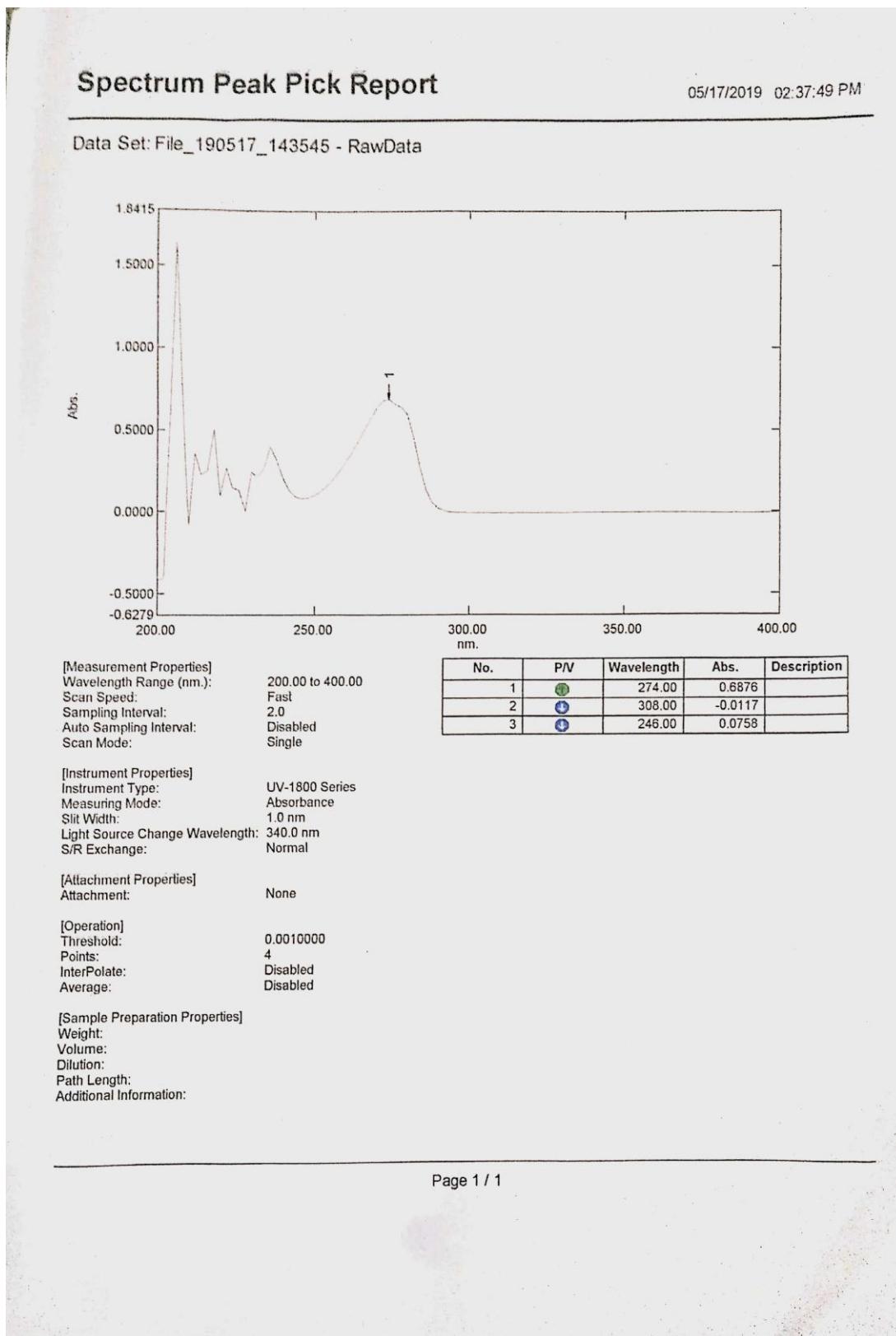
- Perhitungan CV = $\frac{SD}{\text{rata-rata}} \times 100\%$
 $= \frac{0,996}{100,232} \times 100\% = 0,993\%$

• Akurasi

Konsentrasi (ppm)	Absorbansi
20	0,123
40	0,244
60	0,352
80	0,462
100	0,580
120	0,709

Konsentrasi (ppm)	Replikasi	absorbansi	konsentrasi	Recovery	Rata-rata
80	1	0,456	77,6663	97%	95,28 %
	2	0,438	74,5537	93%	
	3	0,449	76,4559	96%	
100	1	0,580	99,1090	99%	94,40 %
	2	0,583	99,6278	100%	
	3	0,582	99,4549	99%	
120	1	0,759	130,0626	108%	107,91%
	2	0,752	128,8521	107%	
	3	0,756	129,5438	108%	
Rata-rata					99,196%

Lampiran 13 Panjang Gelombang Maksimum



Lampiran 14 Opperating time**Kinetics Data Print Report**

05/17/2019 04:13:30 PM

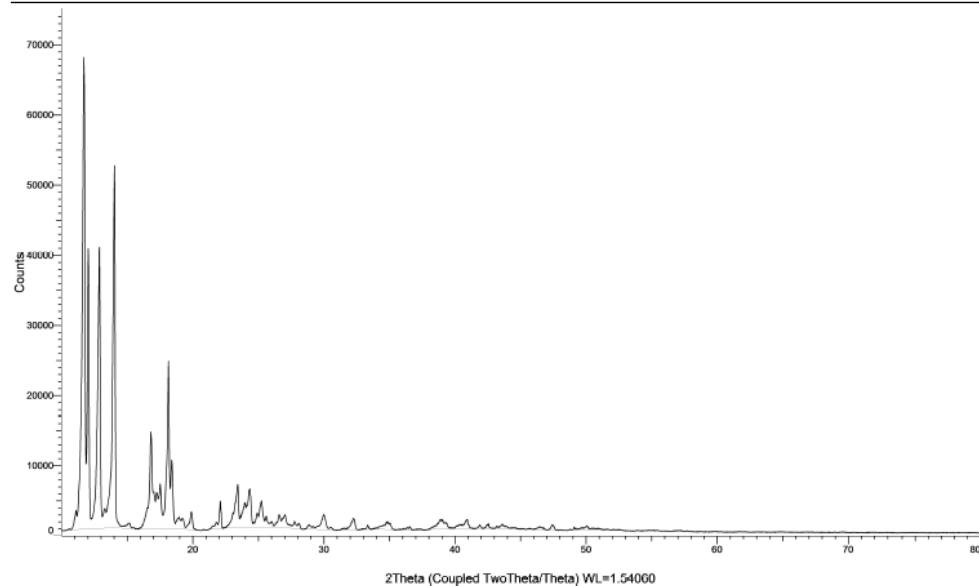
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28.000	0.744
27.000	0.743
26.000	0.744
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24.000	0.743
23.000	0.743
22.000	0.744
21.000	0.744
20.000	0.743
19.000	0.743
18.000	0.743
17.000	0.742
16.000	0.742
15.000	0.742
14.000	0.742
13.000	0.742
12.000	0.742
11.000	0.742
10.000	0.742
9.000	0.742
8.000	0.742
7.000	0.741
6.000	0.742
5.000	0.741
4.000	0.741
3.000	0.741
2.000	0.740
1.000	0.740
0.000	0.740

Lampiran 15 Hasil XRD

1. Kristal gemfibrozil murni

2758-1 Gemfibrozil Murni.raw, 5/17/2019 8:37:34 AM

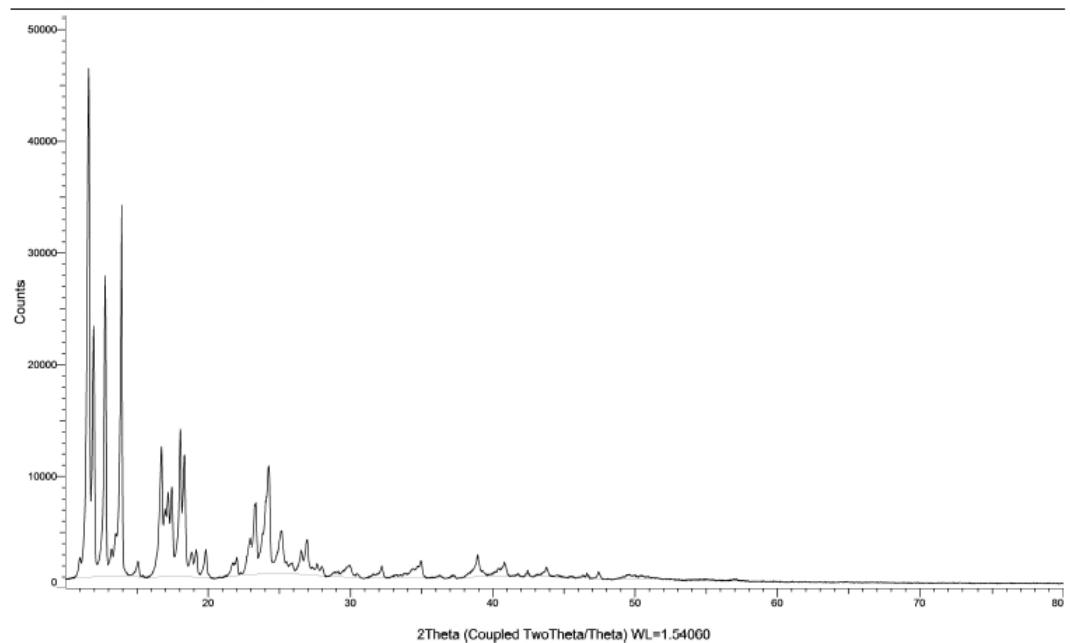
(Coupled TwoTheta/Theta)



2. Kristal gemfibrozil sfersi

2758-2 Kristal Sferis Gemfibrozil.raw, 5/17/2019 8:41:11 AM

(Coupled TwoTheta/Theta)



3. PVP K-30

