

INTISARI

SAPUTRA, DA., 2019, ANALISIS PERENCANAAN, PENGADAAN DAN PENYIMPANAN VAKSIN DI PUSKESMAS KAWASAN PEDESAAN KABUPATEN BOYOLALI, SKRIPSI, FAKULTAS FARMASI UNIVERSITAS SETIA BUDI, SURAKARTA.

Penyimpanan vaksin yang dikelola secara baik dan benar dapat memberikan manfaat bagi puskesmas dalam upaya peningkatan pelayanan. Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk mengetahui analisis perencanaan, pengadaan, penyimpanan vaksin di puskesmas kawasan pedesaan Kabupaten Boyolali dengan standar indikator yang meliputi persentase ketepatan perencanaan 100%, persentase ketepatan pengadaan 100%, persentase nilai vaksin kadaluwarsa 0% dan persentase nilai vaksin rusak 0%.

Penelitian ini bersifat non eksperimental dengan rancangan penelitian deskriptif dan observatif. Penelitian ini dilakukan di puskesmas kawasan pedesaan di Kabupaten Boyolali pada bulan Agustus 2019. Data yang diperoleh, dievaluasi menggunakan standar indikator yang ditetapkan oleh Kepmenkes RI Tahun 2010.

Berdasarkan hasil penelitian didapatkan kesimpulan bahwa indikator yang sudah sesuai dengan standar yaitu persentase ketepatan perencanaan vaksin sebesar 103,93%, persentase ketepatan pengadaan sebesar 100%, persentase nilai vaksin kadaluarsa sebesar 0% dan persentase nilai vaksin rusak sebesar 0%, serta kondisi pengelolaan vaksin rantai dingin dalam kondisi baik.

Kata kunci: puskesmas, vaksin, pengelolaan vaksin, rantai dingin

ABSTRACT

SAPUTRA, DA., 2019, PLANNING, PROCUREMENT AND STORAGE ANALYSIS OF VACCINE IN PUBLIC HEALTH CENTER OF BOYOLALI DISTRICT RURAL AREAS, SKRIPSI, FACULTY PHARMACY OF SETIA BUDI UNIVERSITY, SURAKARTA.

A proper vaccine storage can provide benefit to public health center in service improvement effort. This study aims to determine planning, procurement and storage profiles of vaccine in public health center of Boyolali District rural areas with indicators standards which are planning accuracy percentage 100%, procurement accuracy percentage 100%, expired vaccine percentage 0%, damaged vaccine percentage 0%.

This research is non experimental research with descriptive and observative research designs. This research was conducted in public health center of Boyolali District rural areas on August 2019. The data obtained is evaluated using standar indicator set by the Decree of the Minister of Health of the Republic of Indonesia 2010.

Based on the results of the study concluded that the indicators are in accordance with the standar were planning accuracy percentage 103,93%, procurement accuracy percentage 100%, expired vaccine percentage 0%, damaged vaccine percentage 0% and management of cold chain vaccine was in a good condition.

Key word: community health center, vaccines, vaccines management, cold chain