

BAB V

KESIMPULAN DAN SARAN

A. Kesimpulan

Pertama, ekstrak etanol buah tomat dapat di formulasikan menjadi sediaan krim dengan mutu fisik yang baik yang dilihat dari hasil uji organoleptik, homogenitas, pH, viskositas, daya lekat, daya sebar, dan tipe krim.

Kedua, sediaan krim ekstrak buah tomat memiliki potensi sebagai tabir surya yang baik dengan nilai SPF sediaan krim konsentrasi 2% 5%, dan 10% sebesar 6,60, 13,64 dan 29,64 dan skor eritema setelah 48 jam pemaparan sinar UV adalah 1.

B. Saran

Pertama, perlu dilakukan penelitian lebih lanjut terhadap probandus untuk pengembangan sediaan lebih lanjut.

Kedua, perlu dilakukan penelitian lebih lanjut tentang optimasi formula sediaan krim ekstrak etanol umb wortel dengan komposisi bahan dan metode pembuatan yang berbeda.

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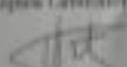
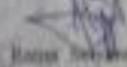
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Lampiran 1 Hasil determinasi buah tomat

| |
|---|
|  KEMENTERIAN PENDIDIKAN DAN KEBUDAYAAN UNIVERSITAS SETIA WACANA FAKULTAS MATEMATIKA DAN ILMU PENGETAHUAN ALAM LABORATORIUM BIOLOGI Jl. H. Sudirman 100 Kecamatan Sambutan 57128 Telp. (0271) 462379 Fax. (0271) 462379 http://www.setia.ac.id Email: info@setia.ac.id |
| Nomor : 226/USN27.9/6.4/Lab/2019 Hasil : Hasil Determinasi Tomatolan Lampiran : - Nama Penulis : Angelina Tamara Wijaya NIM : 22164974A Alamat : Program Studi S1 Biologi Fakultas Pertanian Universitas Setia Wacana Sambutan HASIL DETERMINASI TUMBUHAN Nama Sampel : <i>Solanum lycopersicum L.</i> Keluarga : Solanaceae Hasil Determinasi menurut C.G.G.J. van Steenis (1990) : 1b-2b-3b-4b-5b-7b-8b-10b-11b-12b-13b-14b-15b-109b-119b-129b-139b-130b-139b-140b- 142b-143b-144b-145b-155b-156b-162b-183b-167b-169b-171b-177b-179b-187b-189b-191b-192b- 193b-194b 3b-3b-5b-6b 1b Deskripsi Tumbuhan : <p>Tumbuhan semai, membutuhkan cahaya penuh-penuh atau berada pada posisi sinar matahari setengah pagi dan setengah sore. Akar : rongga, bercahaya, putih kekuningan. Batang : kuat, sejajar berkayu, tulang-tulangnya merata, setinggi batangnya, penutupan simpodial, permukaan berambut berupa rambut biasa dan sambut inti yang lengkap, sejajar bersifat, tulang tajuk kuat. Daun : melekat menyatu, uratak spirali, keharusan anak daun tidak berpunggung, hingga pertulukan. Daun : melekat menyatu, uratak spirali, keharusan anak daun tidak berpunggung, selain anak daun basah tulur memanjang, panjang 0,25-10 cm, lebar 0,25-5 cm, permukaan daun rata-rata, tulang tulur tumpul, wajah daun rata-rata, tipis daun berbagi menyimpang atau berangsur menyimpang, degradasi daun tipis seperti kertas, permukaan daun berambut halus dan lembut, permukaan daun halus, permukaan halus biasa rata, permukaan menyimpang, tulang daun berambut, tulang daun daun halus, permukaan halus rata, tulang tulur jauh dari berambut, panjang 7-15 mm, kelopak tulang beratap 5, sempitnya rata-rata, panjang 7-15 mm, penutupan tulur berambut, tulur tidak memiliki tulang berambut berambut, beratap 5, sempit saja melintang tulang, wajah tulang telurong, permukaan tulur berambut, berangsur 7, panjang kepala setiap 5-10 mm, tulang tulang pokok seperti tulang, penghaluan tulang pada berambut, tulang tulang berambut tulang biasa atau jauh dari tulang, garis tulang : halus, halus, halus, diameter 1-15 cm, tulang merambat, berambut tulang daun tulang merambat merambat atau merambat, permukaan tulang daun merambat, tulang merambat, tulang merambat, tulang merambat merambat pada penghaluan tulang halus. Kulit : pipih, keras, keras, keras, keras, keras. Surabaya, 21 Desember 2019</p> <p>Kepala Laboratorium Biologi  Dr. Nida Ulumah, M.Si NIP. 19710428 199012 2 001</p> <p>Mengesahkan Kepala Program Studi S1 Biologi FMIPA UMS  Dr. Rani Sulistiyati, M.Si NIP. 19660714 199012 2 001</p> <p>Pengendalikan Determinasi Tomatolan  Syahidah, S.Si., M.N. NIP. 19880704 200212 1 042</p> |

Lampiran 2 Surat keterangan *Ethical Clearance*



**HEALTH RESEARCH ETHICS COMMITTEE
KOMISI ETIK PENELITIAN KESEHATAN**

**Dr. Moewardi General Hospital
RSUD Dr. Moewardi**

**ETHICAL CLEARANCE
KELAIKAN ETIK**

Nomor : 354 / II / HREC / 2020

The Health Research Ethics Committee Dr. Moewardi
Komisi Etik Penelitian Kesehatan RSUD Dr. Moewardi

after reviewing the proposal design, herewith to certify
setelah menilai rancangan penelitian yang diusulkan, dengan ini menyatakan

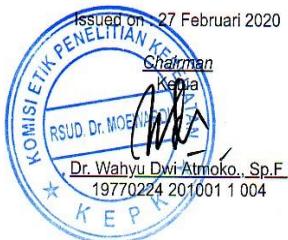
That the research proposal with topic :
Bawa usulan penelitian dengan judul

**UJI AKTIVITAS PERLINDUNGAN TABIR SURYA KRIM EKSTRAK ETANOL BUAH TOMAT (*Lycopersicum esculentum L.*)
SECARA IN VITRO DAN IN VIVO**

Principal investigator : Angeline Tamara Wijaya
Peneliti Utama 22164974A

Location of research : Universitas Setia Budi Surakarta
Lokasi Tempat Penelitian

Is ethically approved
Dinyatakan layak etik



Lampiran 3 COA Lycopene

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Certificate of Analysis

Product Name:
Lycopene - ≥90%, From tomato

| | |
|-----------------------|-----------------|
| Product Number: | L8878 |
| Batch Number: | SLCD08828 |
| Brand: | SIGMA |
| CAS Number: | 502-65-8 |
| MDL Number: | MFCD00017350 |
| Formula Weight: | 536.87 g/mol |
| Storage Temperature: | Store at -70 °C |
| Quality Release Date: | 08 NOV 2019 |

| Test | Specification | Result |
|---|---|------------|
| Appearance (Color) | Red to Very Dark Red and Red-Brown and Very Dark Red-Brown Very Dark Red-Brown | |
| Appearance (Form) | Powder | Powder |
| Solubility (Color) | Orange to Red | Orange-Red |
| Solubility (Turbidity) | Clear | Clear |
| 1 mg/ml, CHCl ₃ | | |
| UV-Vis Spectrum | ≥ 90 % | 96 % |
| based on E1% = 3450 at 471-472 nm in hexane | | |
| Purity (HPLC) | ≥ 90 % | 96 % |

Carolyn Baird

Carolyn Baird, Supervisor
Quality Assurance
St. Louis, Missouri, US

Sigma-Aldrich warrants, that at the time of the quality release or subsequent reflect date this product conformed to the information contained in this publication. The current Specification sheet may be available at Sigma-Aldrich.com. For further inquiries, please contact Technical Service. Purchaser must determine the suitability of the product for its particular use. See reverse side of invoice or packing slip for additional terms and conditions of sale.

Version Number: 1

Page 1 of 1

Lampiran 4 Hasil uji daya sebar hari ke-1

| Formula | Beban (gram) | Diameter (cm) | | | Rata-rata ± SD |
|----------------|-------------------------|----------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------------|
| | | Replikasi 1 | Replikasi 2 | Replikasi 3 | |
| Basis | 43,9536 | 2,43 | 2,25 | 2,00 | 2,23 ± 0,28 |
| | 93,9536 | 2,68 | 2,73 | 2,40 | 2,60 ± 0,25 |
| | 143,9536 | 3,03 | 3,18 | 2,75 | 2,98 ± 0,28 |
| | 193,9536 | 3,25 | 3,48 | 2,95 | 3,23 ± 0,28 |
| | 243,9536 | 3,43 | 3,78 | 3,20 | 3,47 ± 0,34 |
| F1 | 43,9536 | 1,70 | 1,40 | 1,56 | 1,56 ± 0,20 |
| | 93,9536 | 1,98 | 1,68 | 1,95 | 1,87 ± 0,24 |
| | 143,9536 | 2,25 | 1,95 | 2,05 | 2,10 ± 0,24 |
| | 193,9536 | 2,48 | 2,15 | 2,20 | 2,28 ± 0,24 |
| | 243,9536 | 2,63 | 2,28 | 2,33 | 2,41 ± 0,24 |
| | 43,9536 | 1,50 | 1,43 | 1,55 | 1,49 ± 0,13 |
| | 93,9536 | 1,80 | 1,78 | 1,85 | 1,81 ± 0,14 |
| F2 | 143,9536 | 2,03 | 2,10 | 2,10 | 2,08 ± 0,16 |
| | 193,9536 | 2,25 | 2,28 | 2,30 | 2,28 ± 0,14 |
| | 243,9536 | 2,43 | 2,48 | 2,45 | 2,45 ± 0,12 |
| F3 | 43,9536 | 1,43 | 1,48 | 1,65 | 1,52 ± 0,26 |
| | 93,9536 | 1,85 | 1,70 | 2,00 | 1,85 ± 0,31 |
| | 143,9536 | 2,03 | 1,90 | 2,13 | 2,02 ± 0,34 |
| | 193,9536 | 2,20 | 2,10 | 2,30 | 2,20 ± 0,32 |
| | 243,9536 | 2,30 | 2,28 | 2,45 | 2,34 ± 0,31 |

Lampiran 5 Data uji statistik daya sebar formulasi krim ekstrak buah tomat

NPar Tests

One-Sample Kolmogorov-Smirnov Test

| | | DayaSebar |
|----------------------------------|----------------|-----------|
| N | | 20 |
| Normal Parameters ^{a,b} | Mean | 2.2358 |
| | Std. Deviation | .53169 |
| Most Extreme Differences | Absolute | .144 |
| | Positive | .144 |
| | Negative | -.081 |
| Kolmogorov-Smirnov Z | | .642 |
| Asymp. Sig. (2-tailed) | | .804 |

a. Test distribution is Normal.

b. Calculated from data.

Oneway

Test of Homogeneity of Variances

| DayaSebar | | | |
|------------------|-----|-----|------|
| Levene Statistic | df1 | df2 | Sig. |
| .587 | 3 | 16 | .632 |

ANOVA

DayaSebar

| | Sum of Squares | Df | Mean Square | F | Sig. |
|----------------|----------------|----|-------------|-------|------|
| Between Groups | 2.948 | 3 | .983 | 6.489 | .004 |
| Within Groups | 2.423 | 16 | .151 | | |
| Total | 5.371 | 19 | | | |

Post Hoc Tests

Multiple Comparisons

DayaSebar

Tukey HSD

| (I) Formula | (J) Formula | Mean Difference (I-J) | Std. Error | Sig. | 95% Confidence Interval | |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------|------------|-------|-------------------------|-------------|
| | | | | | Lower Bound | Upper Bound |
| Basis | tomat 2% | .86167* | .24612 | .014 | .1575 | 1.5658 |
| | tomat 5% | .88000* | .24612 | .012 | .1758 | 1.5842 |
| | tomat 10% | .91500* | .24612 | .009 | .2108 | 1.6192 |
| tomat 2% | basis | -.86167* | .24612 | .014 | -1.5658 | -.1575 |
| | tomat 5% | .01833 | .24612 | 1.000 | -.6858 | .7225 |
| | tomat 10% | .05333 | .24612 | .996 | -.6508 | .7575 |
| tomat 5% | basis | -.88000* | .24612 | .012 | -1.5842 | -.1758 |
| | tomat 2% | -.01833 | .24612 | 1.000 | -.7225 | .6858 |
| | tomat 10% | .03500 | .24612 | .999 | -.6692 | .7392 |
| tomat 10% | basis | -.91500* | .24612 | .009 | -1.6192 | -.2108 |
| | tomat 2% | -.05333 | .24612 | .996 | -.7575 | .6508 |
| | tomat 5% | -.03500 | .24612 | .999 | -.7392 | .6692 |

Homogeneous Subsets

DayaSebar

Tukey HSDa

| Formula | N | Subset for alpha = 0.05 | |
|-----------|---|-------------------------|--------|
| | | 1 | 2 |
| tomat 10% | 5 | 1.9850 | |
| tomat 5% | 5 | 2.0200 | |
| tomat 2% | 5 | 2.0383 | |
| basis | 5 | | 2.9000 |
| Sig. | | .996 | 1.000 |

Means for groups in homogeneous subsets are displayed.

a. Uses Harmonic Mean Sample Size = 5.000.

Lampiran 6 Hasil uji daya lekat hari ke-1

| Waktu | Daya lekat (detik) | | | |
|-----------------------|--------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| | Basis | F1 | F2 | F3 |
| Hari ke 1 | 1,3 | 1,8 | 2,1 | 2,5 |
| | 1,2 | 1,6 | 2,0 | 2,3 |
| | 1,4 | 1,7 | 2,2 | 2,5 |
| Rata-rata ± SD | $1,3 \pm 0,10$ | $1,7 \pm 0,10$ | $2,1 \pm 0,10$ | $2,4 \pm 0,12$ |

Lampiran 7 Data uji statistik daya lekat formulasi krim ekstrak buah tomat NPar Tests

One-Sample Kolmogorov-Smirnov Test

| | | DayaLekat |
|----------------------------------|----------------|-----------|
| N | | 12 |
| Normal Parameters ^{a,b} | Mean | 1.8833 |
| | Std. Deviation | .45294 |
| Most Extreme Differences | Absolute | .107 |
| | Positive | .107 |
| | Negative | -.102 |
| Kolmogorov-Smirnov Z | | .371 |
| Asymp. Sig. (2-tailed) | | .999 |

a. Test distribution is Normal.

b. Calculated from data.

Oneway

Test of Homogeneity of Variances

DayaLekat

| Levene Statistic | df1 | df2 | Sig. |
|------------------|-----|-----|------|
| .129 | 3 | 8 | .940 |

ANOVA

DayaLekat

| | Sum of Squares | Df | Mean Square | F | Sig. |
|----------------|----------------|----|-------------|--------|------|
| Between Groups | 2.170 | 3 | .723 | 66.769 | .000 |
| Within Groups | .087 | 8 | .011 | | |
| Total | 2.257 | 11 | | | |

Post Hoc Tests**Multiple Comparisons**

DayaLekat

Tukey HSD

| (I) Formula | (J) Formula | Mean Difference (I-J) | Std. Error | Sig. | 95% Confidence Interval | |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------|------------|------|-------------------------|-------------|
| | | | | | Lower Bound | Upper Bound |
| basis | tomat 2% | -.40000* | .08498 | .007 | -.6721 | -.1279 |
| | tomat 5% | -.80000* | .08498 | .000 | -1.0721 | -.5279 |
| | tomat 10% | -1.13333* | .08498 | .000 | -1.4055 | -.8612 |
| tomat 2% | basis | .40000* | .08498 | .007 | .1279 | .6721 |
| | tomat 5% | -.40000* | .08498 | .007 | -.6721 | -.1279 |
| | tomat 10% | -.73333* | .08498 | .000 | -1.0055 | -.4612 |
| tomat 5% | basis | .80000* | .08498 | .000 | .5279 | 1.0721 |
| | tomat 2% | .40000* | .08498 | .007 | .1279 | .6721 |
| | tomat 10% | -.33333* | .08498 | .018 | -.6055 | -.0612 |
| tomat 10% | basis | 1.13333* | .08498 | .000 | .8612 | 1.4055 |
| | tomat 2% | .73333* | .08498 | .000 | .4612 | 1.0055 |
| | tomat 5% | .33333* | .08498 | .018 | .0612 | .6055 |

*. The mean difference is significant at the 0.05 level.

Homogeneous Subsets

DayaLekat

Tukey HSD^a

| Formula | N | Subset for alpha = 0.05 | | | |
|-----------|---|-------------------------|--------|--------|--------|
| | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| Basis | 3 | 1.3000 | | | |
| tomat 2% | 3 | | 1.7000 | | |
| tomat 5% | 3 | | | 2.1000 | |
| tomat 10% | 3 | | | | 2.4333 |
| Sig. | | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 |

Means for groups in homogeneous subsets are displayed.

Lampiran 8 Hasil uji viskositas hari ke-1

| Waktu | Viskositas (dPas) | | | |
|-----------------------|-------------------|----------|----------|----------|
| | Basis | F1 | F2 | F3 |
| Hari ke 1 | 100 | 120 | 130 | 150 |
| | 110 | 100 | 120 | 140 |
| | 90 | 110 | 140 | 160 |
| Rata-rata ± SD | 100 ± 0,10 | 110 ± 10 | 130 ± 10 | 150 ± 10 |

Lampiran 9 Data uji statistik viskositas formulasi krim ekstrak buah tomat

NPar Tests

One-Sample Kolmogorov-Smirnov Test

| | | Viskositas |
|----------------------------------|----------------|------------|
| N | | 12 |
| Normal Parameters ^{a,b} | Mean | 122.5000 |
| | Std. Deviation | 21.79449 |
| Most Extreme Differences | Absolute | .134 |
| | Positive | .134 |
| | Negative | -.122 |
| Kolmogorov-Smirnov Z | | .463 |
| Asymp. Sig. (2-tailed) | | .983 |

a. Test distribution is Normal.

One-Sample Kolmogorov-Smirnov Test

| | | Viskositas |
|----------------------------------|----------------|------------|
| N | | 12 |
| Normal Parameters ^{a,b} | Mean | 122.5000 |
| | Std. Deviation | 21.79449 |
| Most Extreme Differences | Absolute | .134 |
| | Positive | .134 |
| | Negative | -.122 |
| Kolmogorov-Smirnov Z | | .463 |
| Asymp. Sig. (2-tailed) | | .983 |

a. Test distribution is Normal.

b. Calculated from data.

Oneway**Test of Homogeneity of Variances**

Viskositas

| Levene Statistic | df1 | df2 | Sig. |
|------------------|-----|-----|-------|
| .000 | 3 | 8 | 1.000 |

ANOVA

Viskositas

| | Sum of Squares | Df | Mean Square | F | Sig. |
|----------------|----------------|----|-------------|--------|------|
| Between Groups | 4425.000 | 3 | 1475.000 | 14.750 | .001 |
| Within Groups | 800.000 | 8 | 100.000 | | |
| Total | 5225.000 | 11 | | | |

Post Hoc Tests

Multiple Comparisons

Viskositas

Tukey HSD

| (I) Formula | (J) Formula | Mean Difference (I-J) | Std. Error | Sig. | 95% Confidence Interval | |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------|------------|------|-------------------------|-------------|
| | | | | | Lower Bound | Upper Bound |
| basis | tomat 2% | -10.00000 | 8.16497 | .630 | -36.1471 | 16.1471 |
| | tomat 5% | -30.00000* | 8.16497 | .026 | -56.1471 | -3.8529 |
| | tomat 10% | -50.00000* | 8.16497 | .001 | -76.1471 | -23.8529 |
| tomat 2% | basis | 10.00000 | 8.16497 | .630 | -16.1471 | 36.1471 |
| | tomat 5% | -20.00000 | 8.16497 | .144 | -46.1471 | 6.1471 |
| | tomat 10% | -40.00000* | 8.16497 | .005 | -66.1471 | -13.8529 |
| tomat 5% | basis | 30.00000* | 8.16497 | .026 | 3.8529 | 56.1471 |
| | tomat 2% | 20.00000 | 8.16497 | .144 | -6.1471 | 46.1471 |
| | tomat 10% | -20.00000 | 8.16497 | .144 | -46.1471 | 6.1471 |
| tomat 10% | basis | 50.00000* | 8.16497 | .001 | 23.8529 | 76.1471 |
| | tomat 2% | 40.00000* | 8.16497 | .005 | 13.8529 | 66.1471 |
| | tomat 5% | 20.00000 | 8.16497 | .144 | -6.1471 | 46.1471 |

*. The mean difference is significant at the 0.05 level.

Homogeneous Subsets

Viskositas

Tukey HSD^a

| Formula | N | Subset for alpha = 0.05 | | |
|-----------|---|-------------------------|----------|----------|
| | | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| Basis | 3 | 100.0000 | | |
| tomat 2% | 3 | 110.0000 | 110.0000 | |
| tomat 5% | 3 | | 130.0000 | 130.0000 |
| tomat 10% | 3 | | | 150.0000 |
| Sig. | | .630 | .144 | .144 |

Means for groups in homogeneous subsets are displayed.

a. Uses Harmonic Mean Sample Size = 3.000.

Lampiran 10 Hasil uji pH hari ke-1

| Waktu | pH | | | |
|-----------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| | Basis | F1 | F2 | F3 |
| Hari ke 1 | 6,42 | 6,21 | 5,85 | 5,26 |
| | 6,38 | 6,14 | 5,94 | 5,34 |
| | 6,47 | 6,30 | 6,00 | 5,40 |
| Rata-rata ± SD | $6,42 \pm 0,04$ | $6,22 \pm 0,08$ | $5,93 \pm 0,07$ | $5,33 \pm 0,07$ |

Lampiran 11 Data uji statistik pH formulasi krim ekstrak buah tomat NPar Tests

One-Sample Kolmogorov-Smirnov Test

| | | pH |
|-----------------------------------|----------------|--------|
| N | | 12 |
| Normal Parameters ^{a,,b} | Mean | 5.9758 |
| | Std. Deviation | .43251 |
| Most Extreme Differences | Absolute | .158 |
| | Positive | .158 |
| | Negative | -.148 |
| Kolmogorov-Smirnov Z | | .549 |
| Asymp. Sig. (2-tailed) | | .924 |

a. Test distribution is Normal.

b. Calculated from data.

Test of Homogeneity of Variances

| pH | | | | |
|------------------|-----|-----|------|--|
| Levene Statistic | df1 | df2 | Sig. | |
| .286 | 3 | 8 | .834 | |

ANOVA

pH

| | Sum of Squares | df | Mean Square | F | Sig. |
|----------------|----------------|----|-------------|---------|------|
| Between Groups | 2.019 | 3 | .673 | 140.977 | .000 |
| Within Groups | .038 | 8 | .005 | | |
| Total | 2.058 | 11 | | | |

Post Hoc Tests

Multiple Comparisons

pH

Tukey HSD

| (I) Formula | (J) Formula | Mean Difference (I-J) | Std. Error | Sig. | 95% Confidence Interval | |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------|------------|------|-------------------------|-------------|
| | | | | | Lower Bound | Upper Bound |
| basis | tomat 2% | .20667* | .05642 | .026 | .0260 | .3873 |
| | tomat 5% | .49333* | .05642 | .000 | .3127 | .6740 |
| | tomat 10% | 1.09000* | .05642 | .000 | .9093 | 1.2707 |
| tomat 2% | basis | -.20667* | .05642 | .026 | -.3873 | -.0260 |
| | tomat 5% | .28667* | .05642 | .004 | .1060 | .4673 |
| | tomat 10% | .88333* | .05642 | .000 | .7027 | 1.0640 |
| tomat 5% | basis | -.49333* | .05642 | .000 | -.6740 | -.3127 |
| | tomat 2% | -.28667* | .05642 | .004 | -.4673 | -.1060 |
| | tomat 10% | .59667* | .05642 | .000 | .4160 | .7773 |
| tomat 10% | basis | -1.09000* | .05642 | .000 | -1.2707 | -.9093 |
| | tomat 2% | -.88333* | .05642 | .000 | -1.0640 | -.7027 |
| | tomat 5% | -.59667* | .05642 | .000 | -.7773 | -.4160 |

*. The mean difference is significant at the 0.05 level.

Homogeneous Subsets

pH

Tukey HSD^a

| Formula | N | Subset for alpha = 0.05 | | | |
|-----------|---|-------------------------|--------|--------|--------|
| | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| tomat 10% | 3 | 5.3333 | | | |
| tomat 5% | 3 | | 5.9300 | | |
| tomat 2% | 3 | | | 6.2167 | |
| basis | 3 | | | | 6.4233 |
| Sig. | | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 |

Means for groups in homogeneous subsets are displayed.

Lampiran 12 Perhitungan rendemen ekstrak kental buah tomat

$$\% \text{ rendemen} : \frac{\text{Bobotekstrak (g)}}{\text{Bobotbuah tomat (g)}} \times 100\%$$

$$\% \text{ rendemen} : \frac{142 \text{ g}}{2000 \text{ g}} \times 100\%$$

$$\% \text{ rendemen} : 7,1\%$$

Lampiran 13 Perhitungan luas eritema

| Kelompok perlakuan | Luas eritema (mm) | | | Rata-rata ± |
|---------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| | Replikasi 1 | Replikasi 2 | Replikasi 3 | SD |
| Basis | 9 | 3 | 5 | $7,11 \pm 2,86$ |
| | 5 | 7 | 8 | |
| | 12 | 4 | 6 | |
| | 10 | 10 | | |
| Formula 1 | 4 | 6 | 8 | $5,67 \pm 2,00$ |
| | 5 | 5 | 4 | |
| | 7 | 9 | 3 | |
| Formula 2 | 5 | 5 | 6 | $4,33 \pm 1,49$ |
| | 3 | 3 | 4 | |
| | | 2 | 2 | |
| Formula 3 | 4 | 2 | 5 | $2,83 \pm 1,13$ |
| | 2 | 3 | 3 | |
| | 2 | | 2 | |
| Kontrol positif | 3 | 3 | 4 | $3,17 \pm 0,71$ |
| | 3 | 2 | | |
| Ekstrak | 2 | 2 | 3 | $2,67 \pm 0,89$ |
| | 4 | | 2 | |

Lampiran 14 Data uji statistik eritema formulasi krim ekstrak buah tomat
NPar Tests

One-Sample Kolmogorov-Smirnov Test

| | | Eritemajamke48 |
|----------------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| N | | 18 |
| Normal Parameters ^{a,b} | Mean | 4.2406 |
| | Std. Deviation | 1.89431 |
| Most Extreme Differences | Absolute | .162 |
| | Positive | .162 |
| | Negative | -.118 |
| Kolmogorov-Smirnov Z | | .686 |
| Asymp. Sig. (2-tailed) | | .735 |

a. Test distribution is Normal.

b. Calculated from data.

Oneway

Test of Homogeneity of Variances

Eritemajamke48

| Levene Statistic | df1 | df2 | Sig. |
|------------------|-----|-----|------|
| 3.069 | 5 | 12 | .052 |

ANOVA

Eritemajamke48

| | Sum of Squares | df | Mean Square | F | Sig. |
|----------------|----------------|----|-------------|--------|------|
| Between Groups | 51.141 | 5 | 10.228 | 12.446 | .000 |
| Within Groups | 9.862 | 12 | .822 | | |
| Total | 61.003 | 17 | | | |

Post Hoc Tests

Multiple Comparisons

Eritemajamke48

Tukey HSD

| (I) Fomula | (J) Fomula | Mean Difference (I-J) | Std. Error | Sig. | 95% Confidence Interval | |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------|------------|------|-------------------------|-------------|
| | | | | | | Lower Bound |
| basis krim | ekstrak 2% | 1.44333 | .74018 | .420 | -1.0429 | 3.9295 |
| | ekstrak 5% | 2.77667* | .74018 | .026 | .2905 | 5.2629 |
| | ekstrak 10% | 4.27667* | .74018 | .001 | 1.7905 | 6.7629 |
| | nivea | 3.94333* | .74018 | .002 | 1.4571 | 6.4295 |
| | ekstrak | 4.77667* | .74018 | .000 | 2.2905 | 7.2629 |
| ekstrak 2% | basis krim | -1.44333 | .74018 | .420 | -3.9295 | 1.0429 |
| | ekstrak 5% | 1.33333 | .74018 | .499 | -1.1529 | 3.8195 |
| | ekstrak 10% | 2.83333* | .74018 | .023 | .3471 | 5.3195 |
| | nivea | 2.50000* | .74018 | .048 | .0138 | 4.9862 |
| | ekstrak | 3.33333* | .74018 | .007 | .8471 | 5.8195 |
| ekstrak 5% | basis krim | -2.77667* | .74018 | .026 | -5.2629 | -.2905 |
| | ekstrak 2% | -1.33333 | .74018 | .499 | -3.8195 | 1.1529 |
| | ekstrak 10% | 1.50000 | .74018 | .383 | -.9862 | 3.9862 |
| | nivea | 1.16667 | .74018 | .627 | -1.3195 | 3.6529 |
| | ekstrak | 2.00000 | .74018 | .146 | -.4862 | 4.4862 |
| ekstrak 10% | basis krim | -4.27667* | .74018 | .001 | -6.7629 | -1.7905 |
| | ekstrak 2% | -2.83333* | .74018 | .023 | -5.3195 | -.3471 |
| | ekstrak 5% | -1.50000 | .74018 | .383 | -3.9862 | .9862 |
| | nivea | -.33333 | .74018 | .997 | -2.8195 | 2.1529 |
| | ekstrak | .50000 | .74018 | .981 | -1.9862 | 2.9862 |
| Nivea | basis krim | -3.94333* | .74018 | .002 | -6.4295 | -1.4571 |
| | ekstrak 2% | -2.50000* | .74018 | .048 | -4.9862 | -.0138 |
| | ekstrak 5% | -1.16667 | .74018 | .627 | -3.6529 | 1.3195 |
| | ekstrak 10% | .33333 | .74018 | .997 | -2.1529 | 2.8195 |
| | ekstrak | .83333 | .74018 | .862 | -1.6529 | 3.3195 |
| Ekstrak | basis krim | -4.77667* | .74018 | .000 | -7.2629 | -2.2905 |
| | ekstrak 2% | -3.33333* | .74018 | .007 | -5.8195 | -.8471 |
| | ekstrak 5% | -2.00000 | .74018 | .146 | -4.4862 | .4862 |
| | ekstrak 10% | -.50000 | .74018 | .981 | -2.9862 | 1.9862 |
| | nivea | -.83333 | .74018 | .862 | -3.3195 | 1.6529 |

*. The mean difference is significant at the 0.05 level.

Homogeneous Subsets

Eritemajamke48

TukeyHSD^a

| Fomula | N | Subset for alpha = 0.05 | | |
|-------------|---|-------------------------|--------|--------|
| | | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| Ekstrak | 3 | 2.3333 | | |
| ekstrak 10% | 3 | 2.8333 | | |
| nivea | 3 | 3.1667 | | |
| ekstrak 5% | 3 | 4.3333 | 4.3333 | |
| ekstrak 2% | 3 | | 5.6667 | 5.6667 |
| basis krim | 3 | | | 7.1100 |
| Sig. | | .146 | .499 | .420 |

Means for groups in homogeneous subsets are displayed.

a. Uses Harmonic Mean Sample Size = 3.000.

Lampiran 15 Perhitungan nilai SPF

| Formula | Panjang gelombang | Absorbansi | | | Rata-rata ± SD |
|--------------|----------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------------|
| | | Replikasi 1 | Replikasi 2 | Replikasi 3 | |
| Basis | 290 | 0,1288 | 0,1259 | 0,1280 | 0,6327 ± |
| | 295 | 0,0629 | 0,0628 | 0,0887 | 0,1766 |
| | 300 | 0,0535 | 0,0520 | 0,0836 | |
| | 305 | 0,0519 | 0,0510 | 0,0841 | |
| | 310 | 0,0483 | 0,0458 | 0,0784 | |
| | 315 | 0,0448 | 0,0414 | 0,0726 | |
| | 320 | 0,0427 | 0,0391 | 0,0710 | |

$$290 \text{ nm} = \text{Replikasi 1} = 10 \times 0,0150 \times 0,1288 = 0,0193$$

$$\text{Replikasi 2} = 10 \times 0,0150 \times 0,1259 = 0,0189$$

$$\text{Replikasi 3} = 10 \times 0,0150 \times 0,1280 = 0,0192$$

$$295 \text{ nm} = \text{Replikasi 1} = 10 \times 0,0817 \times 0,0629 = 0,0514$$

$$\text{Replikasi 2} = 10 \times 0,0817 \times 0,0628 = 0,0513$$

$$\text{Replikasi 3} = 10 \times 0,0817 \times 0,0887 = 0,0725$$

$$300 \text{ nm} = \text{Replikasi 1} = 10 \times 0,2874 \times 0,0535 = 0,1538$$

$$\text{Replikasi } 2 = 10 \times 0,2874 \times 0,0520 = 0,1494$$

$$\text{Replikasi } 3 = 10 \times 0,2874 \times 0,0836 = 0,2403$$

$$305 \text{ nm} = \text{Replikasi } 1 = 10 \times 0,3278 \times 0,0519 = 0,1701$$

$$\text{Replikasi } 2 = 10 \times 0,3278 \times 0,0510 = 0,1672$$

$$\text{Replikasi } 3 = 10 \times 0,3278 \times 0,0841 = 0,2757$$

$$310 \text{ nm} = \text{Replikasi } 1 = 10 \times 0,1864 \times 0,0483 = 0,0900$$

$$\text{Replikasi } 2 = 10 \times 0,1864 \times 0,0458 = 0,0854$$

$$\text{Replikasi } 3 = 10 \times 0,1864 \times 0,0784 = 0,1461$$

$$315 \text{ nm} = \text{Replikasi } 1 = 10 \times 0,0839 \times 0,0448 = 0,0376$$

$$\text{Replikasi } 2 = 10 \times 0,0839 \times 0,0414 = 0,0347$$

$$\text{Replikasi } 3 = 10 \times 0,0839 \times 0,0726 = 0,0609$$

$$320 \text{ nm} = \text{Replikasi } 1 = 10 \times 0,0180 \times 0,0427 = 0,0077$$

$$\text{Replikasi } 2 = 10 \times 0,0180 \times 0,0391 = 0,0070$$

$$\text{Replikasi } 3 = 10 \times 0,0180 \times 0,0710 = 0,0128$$

$$\text{Total nilai SPF replikasi } 1 = 0,5299$$

$$\text{Total nilai SPF replikasi } 2 = 0,5140$$

$$\text{Total nilai SPF replikasi } 3 = 0,8274$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Rata-rata nilai SPF basis krim} &= \frac{\text{total nilai SPF replikasi } 1 + \text{replikasi } 2 + \text{replikasi } 3}{3} \\ &= \frac{0,5299 + 0,5140 + 0,8274}{3} \\ &= 0,6237\end{aligned}$$

| Formula | Panjang gelombang | Absorbansi | | | Rata-rata ± |
|------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| | | Replikasi 1 | Replikasi 2 | Replikasi 3 | SD |
| Formula 1 | 290 | 0,8687 | 0,8349 | 0,7606 | 6,6005 ± |
| | 295 | 0,7708 | 0,8437 | 0,6337 | 0,8727 |
| | 300 | 0,7379 | 0,7129 | 0,5888 | |
| | 305 | 0,6166 | 0,7926 | 0,5598 | |
| | 310 | 0,6974 | 0,6738 | 0,5288 | |
| | 315 | 0,5783 | 0,6546 | 0,4993 | |
| | 320 | 0,5628 | 0,5399 | 0,4751 | |

290 nm = Replikasi 1 = $10 \times 0,0150 \times 0,8687 = 0,1303$

Replikasi 2 = $10 \times 0,0150 \times 0,8349 = 0,1252$

Replikasi 3 = $10 \times 0,0150 \times 0,7606 = 0,1141$

295 nm = Replikasi 1 = $10 \times 0,0817 \times 0,7708 = 0,6297$

Replikasi 2 = $10 \times 0,0817 \times 0,8437 = 0,6893$

Replikasi 3 = $10 \times 0,0817 \times 0,6337 = 0,5177$

300 nm = Replikasi 1 = $10 \times 0,2874 \times 0,7379 = 2,1207$

Replikasi 2 = $10 \times 0,2874 \times 0,7129 = 2,0489$

Replikasi 3 = $10 \times 0,2874 \times 0,5888 = 1,6922$

305 nm = Replikasi 1 = $10 \times 0,3278 \times 0,6166 = 2,0212$

Replikasi 2 = $10 \times 0,3278 \times 0,7926 = 2,5981$

Replikasi 3 = $10 \times 0,3278 \times 0,5598 = 1,8350$

310 nm = Replikasi 1 = $10 \times 0,1864 \times 0,6974 = 1,2999$

Replikasi 2 = $10 \times 0,1864 \times 0,6738 = 1,2560$

Replikasi 3 = $10 \times 0,1864 \times 0,5288 = 0,9857$

315 nm = Replikasi 1 = $10 \times 0,0839 \times 0,5783 = 0,4852$

Replikasi 2 = $10 \times 0,0839 \times 0,6546 = 0,5492$

Replikasi 3 = $10 \times 0,0839 \times 0,4993 = 0,4189$

320 nm = Replikasi 1 = $10 \times 0,0180 \times 0,5628 = 0,1013$

Replikasi 2 = $10 \times 0,0180 \times 0,5399 = 0,0972$

Replikasi 3 = $10 \times 0,0180 \times 0,4751 = 0,0855$

Total nilai SPF replikasi 1 = 6,7884

Total nilai SPF replikasi 2 = 7,3639

Total nilai SPF replikasi 3 = 5,6492

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Rata-rata nilai SPF basis krim} &= \frac{\text{total nilai SPF replikasi 1} + \text{replikasi 2} + \text{replikasi 3}}{3} \\ &= \frac{6,7884 + 7,3639 + 5,6492}{3} \\ &= 6,6005 \end{aligned}$$

| Formula | Panjang gelombang | Absorbansi | | | Rata-rata ± |
|------------------|------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| | | Replikasi 1 | Replikasi 2 | Replikasi 3 | SD |
| Formula 2 | 290 | 1,5056 | 1,6380 | 1,4380 | 13,4744 ± |
| | 295 | 1,5043 | 1,5556 | 1,3556 | 1,2493 |
| | 300 | 1,3499 | 1,5119 | 1,2119 | |
| | 305 | 1,3035 | 1,4748 | 1,2748 | |
| | 310 | 1,3598 | 1,4296 | 1,1296 | |
| | 315 | 1,2134 | 1,3906 | 1,1906 | |
| | 320 | 1,1771 | 1,3557 | 1,0557 | |

$$290 \text{ nm} = \text{Replikasi 1} = 10 \times 0,0150 \times 1,5056 = 0,2258$$

$$\text{Replikasi 2} = 10 \times 0,0150 \times 1,6380 = 0,2457$$

$$\text{Replikasi 3} = 10 \times 0,0150 \times 1,4380 = 0,2157$$

$$295 \text{ nm} = \text{Replikasi 1} = 10 \times 0,0817 \times 1,5043 = 1,2290$$

$$\text{Replikasi 2} = 10 \times 0,0817 \times 1,5556 = 1,2709$$

$$\text{Replikasi 3} = 10 \times 0,0817 \times 1,3556 = 1,1075$$

$$300 \text{ nm} = \text{Replikasi 1} = 10 \times 0,2874 \times 1,3499 = 3,8796$$

$$\text{Replikasi 2} = 10 \times 0,2874 \times 1,5119 = 4,3452$$

$$\text{Replikasi 3} = 10 \times 0,2874 \times 1,2119 = 3,4830$$

$$305 \text{ nm} = \text{Replikasi 1} = 10 \times 0,3278 \times 1,3055 = 4,2729$$

$$\text{Replikasi 2} = 10 \times 0,3278 \times 1,4748 = 4,8344$$

$$\text{Replikasi 3} = 10 \times 0,3278 \times 1,2748 = 4,1788$$

$$310 \text{ nm} = \text{Replikasi 1} = 10 \times 0,1864 \times 1,3598 = 2,5347$$

$$\text{Replikasi 2} = 10 \times 0,1864 \times 1,4296 = 2,6648$$

$$\text{Replikasi 3} = 10 \times 0,1864 \times 1,1296 = 2,1056$$

$$315 \text{ nm} = \text{Replikasi 1} = 10 \times 0,0839 \times 1,2134 = 1,0180$$

$$\text{Replikasi 2} = 10 \times 0,0839 \times 1,3906 = 1,1667$$

$$\text{Replikasi 3} = 10 \times 0,0839 \times 1,1906 = 0,9989$$

$$320 \text{ nm} = \text{Replikasi 1} = 10 \times 0,0180 \times 1,1771 = 0,2119$$

$$\text{Replikasi 2} = 10 \times 0,0180 \times 1,3557 = 0,2440$$

$$\text{Replikasi 3} = 10 \times 0,0180 \times 1,0557 = 0,1900$$

Total nilai SPF replikasi 1 = 13,3719

Total nilai SPF replikasi 2 = 14,7717

Total nilai SPF replikasi 3 = 12,2795

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Rata-rata nilai SPF basis krim} &= \frac{\text{total nilai SPF replikasi 1} + \text{replikasi 2} + \text{replikasi 3}}{3} \\ &= \frac{13,3719 + 14,7717 + 12,2795}{3} \\ &= 13,4744 \end{aligned}$$

| Formula | Panjang gelombang | Absorbansi | | | Rata-rata ± |
|------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| | | Replikasi 1 | Replikasi 2 | Replikasi 3 | SD |
| Formula 3 | 290 | 3,4426 | 3,5955 | 3,2162 | 29,5141 ± |
| | 295 | 3,3087 | 3,3642 | 3,0540 | 0,7656 |
| | 300 | 3,0176 | 3,1083 | 2,9690 | |
| | 305 | 2,9446 | 2,9411 | 2,8962 | |
| | 310 | 2,8775 | 2,8881 | 2,6186 | |
| | 315 | 2,8179 | 2,8316 | 2,7466 | |
| | 320 | 2,7408 | 2,7833 | 2,5819 | |

290 nm = Replikasi 1 = $10 \times 0,0150 \times 3,4426 = 0,5164$

Replikasi 2 = $10 \times 0,0150 \times 3,5955 = 0,5393$

Replikasi 3 = $10 \times 0,0150 \times 3,2162 = 0,4824$

295 nm = Replikasi 1 = $10 \times 0,0817 \times 3,3087 = 2,7032$

Replikasi 2 = $10 \times 0,0817 \times 3,3642 = 2,7486$

Replikasi 3 = $10 \times 0,0817 \times 3,0540 = 2,4951$

300 nm = Replikasi 1 = $10 \times 0,2874 \times 3,0176 = 8,6726$

Replikasi 2 = $10 \times 0,2874 \times 3,1083 = 8,9333$

Replikasi 3 = $10 \times 0,2874 \times 2,9690 = 8,5329$

305 nm = Replikasi 1 = $10 \times 0,3278 \times 2,9446 = 9,6524$

Replikasi 2 = $10 \times 0,3278 \times 2,9411 = 9,6409$

Replikasi 3 = $10 \times 0,3278 \times 2,8962 = 9,4937$

310 nm = Replikasi 1 = $10 \times 0,1864 \times 2,8775 = 5,3637$

$$\text{Replikasi } 2 = 10 \times 0,1864 \times 2,8881 = 5,3834$$

$$\text{Replikasi } 3 = 10 \times 0,1864 \times 2,6186 = 4,8811$$

$$315 \text{ nm} = \text{Replikasi } 1 = 10 \times 0,0839 \times 2,8179 = 2,3642$$

$$\text{Replikasi } 2 = 10 \times 0,0839 \times 2,8316 = 2,3757$$

$$\text{Replikasi } 3 = 10 \times 0,0839 \times 2,7466 = 2,3044$$

$$320 \text{ nm} = \text{Replikasi } 1 = 10 \times 0,0180 \times 2,7408 = 0,4933$$

$$\text{Replikasi } 2 = 10 \times 0,0180 \times 2,7833 = 0,5010$$

$$\text{Replikasi } 3 = 10 \times 0,0180 \times 2,5819 = 0,4647$$

$$\text{Total nilai SPF replikasi } 1 = 29,7658$$

$$\text{Total nilai SPF replikasi } 2 = 30,1222$$

$$\text{Total nilai SPF replikasi } 3 = 28,6544$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Rata-rata nilai SPF basis krim} &= \frac{\text{total nilai SPF replikasi } 1 + \text{replikasi } 2 + \text{replikasi } 3}{3} \\ &= \frac{29,7658 + 30,1222 + 28,6544}{3} \\ &= 29,5141\end{aligned}$$

| Formula | Panjang gelombang | Absorbansi | | | Rata-rata ± |
|----------------|------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| | | Replikasi 1 | Replikasi 2 | Replikasi 3 | SD |
| Kontrol | 290 | 3,6891 | 3,8941 | 3,7891 | 37,7987 ± |
| positif | 295 | 3,8131 | 3,8816 | 3,9023 | 0,5201 |
| | 300 | 3,8893 | 3,7727 | 3,7921 | |
| | 305 | 3,8194 | 3,7340 | 3,8566 | |
| | 310 | 3,6659 | 3,4803 | 3,8077 | |
| | 315 | 3,6949 | 3,7849 | 3,6889 | |
| | 320 | 3,8983 | 3,9296 | 3,8735 | |

$$290 \text{ nm} = \text{Replikasi } 1 = 10 \times 0,0150 \times 3,6891 = 0,5534$$

$$\text{Replikasi } 2 = 10 \times 0,0150 \times 3,8941 = 0,5841$$

$$\text{Replikasi } 3 = 10 \times 0,0150 \times 3,7891 = 0,5684$$

$$295 \text{ nm} = \text{Replikasi } 1 = 10 \times 0,0817 \times 3,8131 = 3,1153$$

$$\text{Replikasi } 2 = 10 \times 0,0817 \times 3,8816 = 3,1713$$

$$\text{Replikasi } 3 = 10 \times 0,0817 \times 3,9023 = 3,1882$$

$$300 \text{ nm} = \text{Replikasi } 1 = 10 \times 0,2874 \times 3,8893 = 11,1778$$

$$\text{Replikasi } 2 = 10 \times 0,2874 \times 3,7727 = 10,8427$$

$$\text{Replikasi } 3 = 10 \times 0,2874 \times 3,7921 = 10,8985$$

$$305 \text{ nm} = \text{Replikasi } 1 = 10 \times 0,3278 \times 3,8194 = 12,5199$$

$$\text{Replikasi } 2 = 10 \times 0,3278 \times 3,7340 = 12,2401$$

$$\text{Replikasi } 3 = 10 \times 0,3278 \times 3,8566 = 12,6419$$

$$310 \text{ nm} = \text{Replikasi } 1 = 10 \times 0,1864 \times 3,6659 = 6,8332$$

$$\text{Replikasi } 2 = 10 \times 0,1864 \times 3,4803 = 6,4872$$

$$\text{Replikasi } 3 = 10 \times 0,1864 \times 3,8077 = 7,0976$$

$$315 \text{ nm} = \text{Replikasi } 1 = 10 \times 0,0839 \times 3,6949 = 3,1000$$

$$\text{Replikasi } 2 = 10 \times 0,0839 \times 3,7849 = 3,1755$$

$$\text{Replikasi } 3 = 10 \times 0,0839 \times 3,6889 = 3,0950$$

$$320 \text{ nm} = \text{Replikasi } 1 = 10 \times 0,0180 \times 3,8983 = 0,7017$$

$$\text{Replikasi } 2 = 10 \times 0,0180 \times 3,9296 = 0,7073$$

$$\text{Replikasi } 3 = 10 \times 0,0180 \times 3,8735 = 0,6972$$

$$\text{Total nilai SPF replikasi } 1 = 38,0015$$

$$\text{Total nilai SPF replikasi } 2 = 37,2078$$

$$\text{Total nilai SPF replikasi } 3 = 38,1867$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Rata-rata nilai SPF basis krim} &= \frac{\text{total nilai SPF replikasi } 1 + \text{replikasi } 2 + \text{replikasi } 3}{3} \\ &= \frac{38,0015 + 37,2078 + 38,1867}{3} \\ &= 37,7987 \end{aligned}$$

| Formula | Panjang gelombang | Absorbansi | | | Rata-rata ± |
|----------------|------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| | | Replikasi 1 | Replikasi 2 | Replikasi 3 | SD |
| Ekstrak | 290 | 3,9077 | 3,8061 | 3,9667 | 38,7234 ± |
| bah | 295 | 3,9480 | 3,7784 | 3,9208 | 0,2884 |
| tomat | 300 | 3,8709 | 3,9753 | 3,8648 | |
| | 305 | 3,8448 | 3,6347 | 3,8262 | |
| | 310 | 3,8694 | 3,8837 | 3,8583 | |
| | 315 | 3,8997 | 3,8212 | 3,6733 | |
| | 320 | 3,8836 | 3,9124 | 3,8735 | |

$$290 \text{ nm} = \text{Replikasi 1} = 10 \times 0,0150 \times 3,9077 = 0,5862$$

$$\text{Replikasi 2} = 10 \times 0,0150 \times 3,8061 = 0,5709$$

$$\text{Replikasi 3} = 10 \times 0,0150 \times 3,9667 = 0,5950$$

$$295 \text{ nm} = \text{Replikasi 1} = 10 \times 0,0817 \times 3,9480 = 3,2255$$

$$\text{Replikasi 2} = 10 \times 0,0817 \times 3,7784 = 3,0869$$

$$\text{Replikasi 3} = 10 \times 0,0817 \times 3,9208 = 3,2033$$

$$300 \text{ nm} = \text{Replikasi 1} = 10 \times 0,2874 \times 3,8709 = 11,1250$$

$$\text{Replikasi 2} = 10 \times 0,2874 \times 3,9753 = 11,4250$$

$$\text{Replikasi 3} = 10 \times 0,2874 \times 3,8648 = 11,1074$$

$$305 \text{ nm} = \text{Replikasi 1} = 10 \times 0,3278 \times 3,8448 = 12,6033$$

$$\text{Replikasi 2} = 10 \times 0,3278 \times 3,6347 = 11,9145$$

$$\text{Replikasi 3} = 10 \times 0,3278 \times 3,8262 = 12,5423$$

$$310 \text{ nm} = \text{Replikasi 1} = 10 \times 0,1864 \times 3,8694 = 7,2126$$

$$\text{Replikasi 2} = 10 \times 0,1864 \times 3,8837 = 7,2392$$

$$\text{Replikasi 3} = 10 \times 0,1864 \times 3,8583 = 7,1919$$

$$315 \text{ nm} = \text{Replikasi 1} = 10 \times 0,0839 \times 3,8997 = 3,2718$$

$$\text{Replikasi 2} = 10 \times 0,0839 \times 3,8212 = 3,2060$$

$$\text{Replikasi 3} = 10 \times 0,0839 \times 3,6733 = 3,0819$$

$$320 \text{ nm} = \text{Replikasi 1} = 10 \times 0,0180 \times 3,8836 = 0,6990$$

$$\text{Replikasi 2} = 10 \times 0,0180 \times 3,9124 = 0,7042$$

$$\text{Replikasi 3} = 10 \times 0,0180 \times 3,8735 = 0,6972$$

Total nilai SPF replikasi 1 = 38,7234

Total nilai SPF replikasi 2 = 38,1469

Total nilai SPF replikasi 3 = 38,4190

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Rata-rata nilai SPF basis krim} &= \frac{\text{total nilai SPF replikasi } 1 + \text{replikasi } 2 + \text{replikasi } 3}{3} \\ &= \frac{38,7234 + 38,1469 + 38,4190}{3} \\ &= 38,4297 \end{aligned}$$

Lampiran 16 Data uji statistik nilai SPF formulasi krim ekstrak buah tomat NPar Tests

One-Sample Kolmogorov-Smirnov Test

| | | SPF |
|----------------------------------|----------------|----------|
| N | | 18 |
| Normal Parameters ^{a,b} | Mean | 21.0733 |
| | Std. Deviation | 15.37639 |
| Most Extreme Differences | Absolute | .189 |
| | Positive | .159 |
| | Negative | -.189 |
| Kolmogorov-Smirnov Z | | .801 |
| Asymp. Sig. (2-tailed) | | .542 |

a. Test distribution is Normal.

b. Calculated from data.

Oneway

Test of Homogeneity of Variances

SPF

| Levene Statistic | df1 | df2 | Sig. |
|------------------|-----|-----|------|
| 1.838 | 5 | 12 | .180 |

ANOVA

SPF

| | Sum of Squares | Df | Mean Square | F | Sig. |
|----------------|----------------|----|-------------|----------|------|
| Between Groups | 4012.777 | 5 | 802.555 | 1460.812 | .000 |
| Within Groups | 6.593 | 12 | .549 | | |
| Total | 4019.370 | 17 | | | |

Post Hoc Tests

Multiple Comparisons

SPF
Tukey HSD

| (I) Formula | (J) Formula | Mean Difference (I-J) | Std. Error | Sig. | 95% Confidence Interval | |
|---------------|---------------|-----------------------|------------|------|-------------------------|-------------|
| | | | | | Lower Bound | Upper Bound |
| basis | tomat 2% | -5.97674* | .60519 | .000 | -8.0095 | -3.9439 |
| | tomat 5% | -12.85078* | .60519 | .000 | -14.8836 | -10.8180 |
| | tomat 10% | -28.88889* | .60519 | .000 | -30.9217 | -26.8561 |
| | nivea SPF 50 | -37.17488* | .60519 | .000 | -39.2077 | -35.1421 |
| | ekstrak tomat | -37.80597* | .60519 | .000 | -39.8388 | -35.7732 |
| tomat 2% | basis | 5.97674* | .60519 | .000 | 3.9439 | 8.0095 |
| | tomat 5% | -6.87405* | .60519 | .000 | -8.9068 | -4.8412 |
| | tomat 10% | -22.91215* | .60519 | .000 | -24.9450 | -20.8794 |
| | nivea SPF 50 | -31.19814* | .60519 | .000 | -33.2309 | -29.1653 |
| | ekstrak tomat | -31.82924* | .60519 | .000 | -33.8620 | -29.7964 |
| tomat 5% | basis | 12.85078* | .60519 | .000 | 10.8180 | 14.8836 |
| | tomat 2% | 6.87405* | .60519 | .000 | 4.8412 | 8.9068 |
| | tomat 10% | -16.03811* | .60519 | .000 | -18.0709 | -14.0053 |
| | nivea SPF 50 | -24.32410* | .60519 | .000 | -26.3569 | -22.2913 |
| | ekstrak tomat | -24.95519* | .60519 | .000 | -26.9880 | -22.9224 |
| tomat 10% | basis | 28.88889* | .60519 | .000 | 26.8561 | 30.9217 |
| | tomat 2% | 22.91215* | .60519 | .000 | 20.8794 | 24.9450 |
| | tomat 5% | 16.03811* | .60519 | .000 | 14.0053 | 18.0709 |
| | nivea SPF 50 | -8.28599* | .60519 | .000 | -10.3188 | -6.2532 |
| | ekstrak tomat | -8.91708* | .60519 | .000 | -10.9499 | -6.8843 |
| nivea SPF 50 | basis | 37.17488* | .60519 | .000 | 35.1421 | 39.2077 |
| | tomat 2% | 31.19814* | .60519 | .000 | 29.1653 | 33.2309 |
| | tomat 5% | 24.32410* | .60519 | .000 | 22.2913 | 26.3569 |
| | tomat 10% | 8.28599* | .60519 | .000 | 6.2532 | 10.3188 |
| | ekstrak tomat | -.63109 | .60519 | .894 | -2.6639 | 1.4017 |
| ekstrak tomat | basis | 37.80597* | .60519 | .000 | 35.7732 | 39.8388 |
| | tomat 2% | 31.82924* | .60519 | .000 | 29.7964 | 33.8620 |

| | | | | | |
|--------------|-----------|--------|------|---------|---------|
| tomat 5% | 24.95519* | .60519 | .000 | 22.9224 | 26.9880 |
| tomat 10% | 8.91708* | .60519 | .000 | 6.8843 | 10.9499 |
| nivea SPF 50 | .63109 | .60519 | .894 | -1.4017 | 2.6639 |

*. The mean difference is significant at the 0.05 level.

Homogeneous Subsets

SPF

Tukey HSD^a

| Formula | N | Subset for alpha = 0.05 | | | | |
|---------------|---|-------------------------|--------|---------|---------|---------|
| | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| basis | 3 | .6238 | | | | |
| tomat 2% | 3 | | 6.6005 | | | |
| tomat 5% | 3 | | | 13.4746 | | |
| tomat 10% | 3 | | | | 29.5127 | |
| nivea SPF 50 | 3 | | | | | 37.7987 |
| ekstrak tomat | 3 | | | | | 38.4297 |
| Sig. | | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | .894 |

Means for groups in homogeneous subsets are displayed.

a. Uses Harmonic Mean Sample Size = 3.000.

Lampiran 17 Buah tomat dan proses ekstraksi



Buah tomat segar



Proses pemekatan ekstrak

Lampiran 18 Hasil uji identifikasi kandungan kimia ekstrak buah tomat**Uji Flavonoid****Uji Alkaloid****Uji Saponin****Uji bebas etanol****Uji kadar air****KLT****KLT**

Lampiran 19 Pengujian mutu fisik krim ekstrak buah tomat



Formula krim ekstrak buah tomat



Uji daya hantar listrik



Uji tipe krim metode pengenceran dengan air



Uji Viskositas

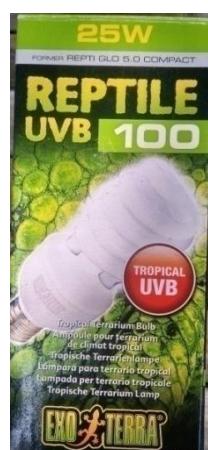
Uji Daya Sebar

Uji Daya Lekat



Uji Homogenitas Krim

Lampiran 20 Pengujian aktivitas tabir surya secara in vivo



Lampu exoterra UV-B



Tabir surya Nivea SPF 50



**Kelinci jantan galur New Zealand
usia 2 bulan**



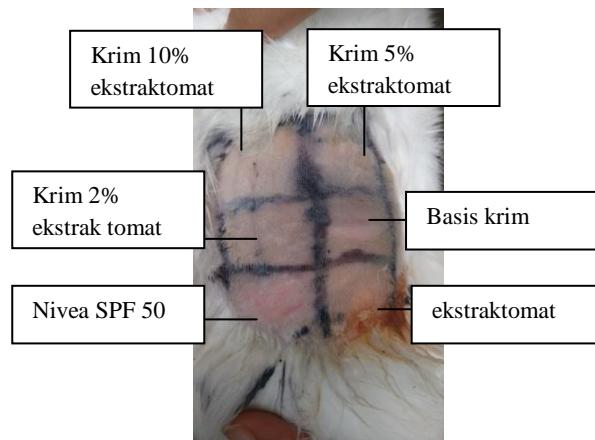
**Proses pencukuran bulu
kelinci**



Punggung kelinci sebelum perlakuan



Kontrol normal 24 jam pemaparan UV-B



Hasil penyinaran 24 jam



Replikasi 2 penyinaran 24 jam

Hasil penyinaran 48 jam



Replikasi 2 penyinaran 48 jam



Replikasi 3 penyinaran 24 jam



Replikasi 3 penyinaran 48 jam



Proses pencukuran bulu kelinci



Punggung kelinci sebelum perlakuan



Hasil penyinaran 24 jam



Hasil penyinaran 48 jam