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Lampiran 1. Surat determinasi



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Nomor	:	222/DET/UPT-LAB/15.04.2021
Hal	:	Hasil determinasi tumbuhan
Lamp.	:	-

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NIM	:	23175278A
Prodi	:	SI Farmasi, Universitas Setia Budi, Surakarta
Nama Sampel	:	<i>Portulaca oleracea L./Krokot</i>

HASIL DETERMINASI TUMBUHAN

Klasifikasi

Kingdom	:	Plantae
Super Divisi	:	Spermatophyta
Divisi	:	Magnoliophyta
Kelas	:	Magnoliopsida
Ordo	:	Caryophyllales
Famili	:	Portulacaceae
Genus	:	Portulaca
Species	:	<i>Portulaca oleracea L.</i>

Hasil Determinasi menurut Steenis, C.G.G.J.V, Bloembergen, H, Eyma, P.J. 1992 :

1b – 2b – 3b – 4b – 6b – 7b – 9b – 10b – 11b – 12b – 13b – 14a – 15a. golongan 8. 109b – 119b – 120b – 128b – 129b – 135b – 136b – 139b – 140b – 142b – 143b – 146b – 154b – 155b – 156b – 162b – 163b – 167b – 169b – 171b – 177b – 179b – 187a – 188a. familia 44.

Portulacaceae. 1. Portulaca. 1a. *Portulaca oleracea L.*

Deskripsi:

- Habitus : Herba 1 tahun, terlentang atau naik ke atas, bercabang, berair, dan berdaging.
- Akar : Sistem akar tunggang.
- Batang : Batang bulat, panjang 0,1 – 0,5 m, ruas tua tanpa rambut.
- Daun : Daun tunggal, sebagian tersebar, sebagian berhadapan, bertangkai pendek, ujung melekuk ke dalam, membulat atau tumpul, panjang 0,2 – 3 cm.
- Bunga : Bunga berkelompok 2 – 6, di ujung di dalam daun pembalut dari daun batang. Taju kelopak pada ujung berlunas bersayap, membungkus buah. Daun mahkota 5, bentuk jantung terbalik, kuning belerang, panjang 3 – 5 mm. Tangkai putik bercabang 3 – 5.
- Buah : Buah kotak berbiji banyak.
- Biji : Biji bertonjolan, mengkilat.

Surakarta, 15 April 2021

Penanggung jawab

Determinasi Tumbuhan



Asik Gunawan, Amdk

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Dra. Dewi Sulistyawati".

Dra. Dewi Sulistyawati, M.Sc.

Lampiran 2. Tanaman krokot segar dan hasil serbuk**Krokot segar yang telah dicuci****krokot yang telah di oven****Serbuk krokot**

Lampiran 3. Proses pembuatan ekstrak dan fraksi krokot**Proses penyaringan ekstrak hasil rendemen****Proses evaporasi herba krokot menjadi ekstrak kental****Proses fraksinasi dari ekstrak krokot**

Lampiran 4. Penguapan fraksi krokot di *waterbath***Gambar penguapan fraksi krokot****Hasil ekstrak dan fraksi yang telah kental**

Lampiran 5. Perhitungan rendemen krokot kering, ekstrak dan fraksi krokot

A. Rendemen berat krokot kering terhadap krokot basah:

$$\% \text{Rendemen} = \frac{\text{Berat kering}}{\text{Berat basah}} \times 100\%$$

Berat basah

$$\% \text{Rendemen} = \frac{900 \text{ gram}}{15000 \text{ gram}} \times 100\% = 6\%$$

15000 gram

B. Rendemen hasil ekstrak etanol krokot:

$$\% \text{Rendemen} = \frac{\text{Berat ekstrak}}{\text{Berat serbuk}} \times 100\%$$

Berat serbuk

$$\% \text{Rendemen} = \frac{85 \text{ gram}}{5000 \text{ gram}} \times 100\% = 17\%$$

5000 gram

C. Rendemen hasil fraksi n-heksan :

$$\% \text{Rendemen} = \frac{\text{Berat ekstrak}}{\text{Berat serbuk}} \times 100\%$$

Berat serbuk

$$\% \text{Rendemen} = \frac{2 \text{ gram}}{30 \text{ gram}} \times 100\% = 6,67\%$$

30 gram

D. Rendemen hasil fraksi etil asetat:

$$\% \text{Rendemen} = \frac{\text{Berat ekstrak}}{\text{Berat serbuk}} \times 100\%$$

Berat serbuk

$$\% \text{Rendemen} = \frac{3 \text{ gram}}{30 \text{ gram}} \times 100\% = 10\%$$

30 gram

E. Rendemen hasil fraksi air:

$$\% \text{Rendemen} = \frac{\text{Berat ekstrak}}{\text{Berat serbuk}} \times 100\%$$

Berat serbuk

$$\% \text{Rendemen} = \frac{22,5 \text{ gram}}{30 \text{ gram}} \times 100\% = 75\%$$

30 gram

Lampiran 6. Perhitungan uji kadar air ekstrak krokot

Replikasi 1

Berat kurs kosong= 26,664 g

Berat kurs kosong+ekstrak= 36,693 g

Berat ekstrak krokot berturut-turut setelah di oven:

- 36,568 g
- 36,336 g
- 36,241 g
- 36,170 g
- 36,127 g
- 36,112 g (ekstrak sesudah dipanaskan)

Ekstrak sebelum = ekstrak sebelum-kurs kosong

$$\begin{aligned} &= 36,568 \text{ g} - 26,664 \text{ g} \\ &= 10,029 \text{ g} \end{aligned}$$

Ekstrak sesudah = ekstrak sesudah – kurs kosong

$$\begin{aligned} &= 356,112 \text{ g} - 26,664 \text{ g} \\ &= 9,448 \text{ g} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \% \text{ kadar air} &= \frac{\text{ekstrak sebelum dipanaskan} - \text{ekstrak sesudah dipanaskan}}{\text{ekstrak sebelum dipanaskan}} \times 100 \% \\ &= \frac{10,029 \text{ g} - 9,448 \text{ g}}{10,029 \text{ g}} \times 100\% \\ &= 5,793\% \end{aligned}$$

Replikasi 2

Berat kurs kosong = 25,993 g

Berat kurs kosong+ekstrak = 35,996 g

Berat ekstrak krokot berturut-turut setelah di oven:

- 35,793 g
- 35,707 g

- 35,572 g
- 35,517 g
- 35,479 g
- 35,451 g (ekstrak sesudah dipanaskan)

Ekstrak sebelum = ekstrak sebelum-kurs kosong

$$\begin{aligned} &= 35,996 \text{ g} - 25,993 \text{ g} \\ &= 10,003 \text{ g} \end{aligned}$$

Ekstrak sesudah = ekstrak sesudah – kurs kosong

$$\begin{aligned} &= 35,451 \text{ g} - 25,993 \text{ g} \\ &= 9,458 \text{ g} \end{aligned}$$

$$\% \text{ kadar air} = \frac{\text{ekstrak sebelum dipanaskan} - \text{ekstrak sesudah dipanaskan}}{\text{ekstrak sebelum dipanaskan}} \times 100 \%$$

$$= \frac{10,003 \text{ g} - 9,458 \text{ g}}{10,003 \text{ g}} \times 100 \%$$

$$= 5,448 \%$$

Replikasi 3

Berat kurs kosong = 26,674 g

Berat kurs kosong+ekstrak = 36,689 g

Berat ekstrak krokot berturut-turut setelah di oven:

- 36,563 g
- 36,349 g
- 36,237 g
- 36,165 g
- 36,125 g
- 36,109 g (ekstrak sesudah dipanaskan)

Ekstrak sebelum = ekstrak sebelum-kurs kosong

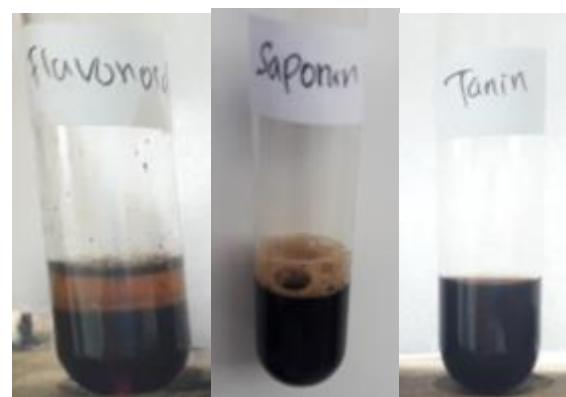
$$\begin{aligned} &= 36,689 \text{ g} - 26,674 \text{ g} \\ &= 10,015 \text{ g} \end{aligned}$$

Ekstrak sesudah = ekstrak sesudah – kurs kosong

$$= 36,109 \text{ g} - 26,674 \text{ g}$$

$$= 9,435 \text{ g}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\% \text{ kadar air} &= \frac{\text{ekstrak sebelum dipanaskan} - \text{ekstrak sesudah dipanaskan}}{\text{ekstrak sebelum dipanaskan}} \times 100 \% \\ &= \frac{10,015 \text{ g} - 9,435 \text{ g}}{10,015 \text{ g}} \times 100 \% \\ &= 5,791 \% \end{aligned}$$

Lampiran 7. Hasil identifikasi kandungan senyawa pada ekstrak krokot**A. Uji tabung**

Flavonoid (+)

Saponin (+)

Tannin (+)



Alkaloid (-,+,+)



B. Uji Kromatografi Lapis Tipis (KLT)

1. Flavonoid

- A: ekstrak krokot
- B: fraksi etil asetat
- C: fraksi h-heksan
- D: baku quersetin

Sebelum disemprot perekasi Sitoborat



Sinar Tampak



UV 254 nm

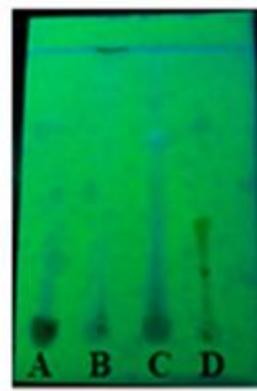


UV 366 nm

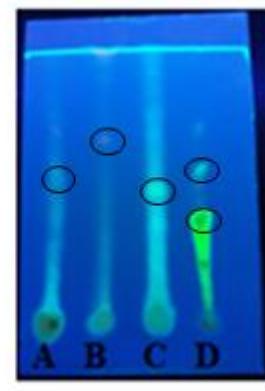
Sesudah disemprot perekasi Sitoborat



Sinar Tampak



UV 254 nm

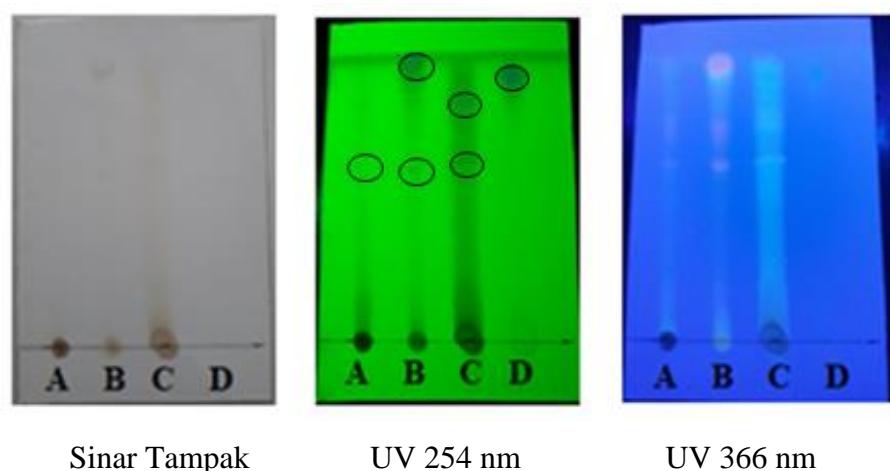


UV 366 nm

2. Alkaloid

- A: ekstrak krokot
- B: fraksi etil asetat
- C: fraksi h-heksan
- D: baku piperim

Sebelum disemprot pereaksi Dragendorf

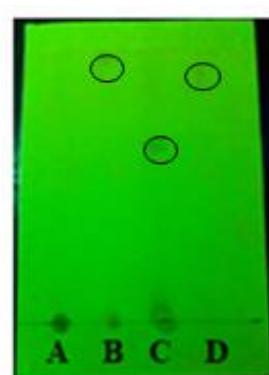


Sinar Tampak

UV 254 nm

UV 366 nm

Sesudah disemprot pereaksi Dragendorf



UV 254 nm

Lampiran 8. Perhitungan nilai Rf

1. Flavonoid

Jarak tempuh senyawa = 5,8 cm

Jarak tempuh ekstrak = 2,8 cm

Jarak tempuh fraksi etil asetat = 2,4 cm

Jarak tempuh fraksi n-heksan = 2,6 cm

Jarak tempuh baku quersetin = 2 cm

$$Rf = \frac{\text{jarak tempuh sampel}}{\text{jarak tempuh senyawa}}$$

Jarak tempuh senyawa

- Ekstrak

$$Rf = \frac{2,8 \text{ cm}}{5,8 \text{ cm}} = 0,48 \text{ cm}$$

- Fraksi etil asetat

$$Rf = \frac{2,4 \text{ cm}}{5,8 \text{ cm}} = 0,41 \text{ cm}$$

- Fraksi n-heksan

$$Rf = \frac{2,6 \text{ cm}}{5,8 \text{ cm}} = 0,45 \text{ cm}$$

- Baku quersetin

$$Rf = \frac{2 \text{ cm}}{5,8 \text{ cm}} = 0,34 \text{ cm}$$

2. Alkaloid

Jarak tempuh senyawa = 5,9 cm

Jarak tempuh ekstrak = 4,3 cm

Jarak tempuh fraksi etil asetat = 4,2 cm

Jarak tempuh fraksi n-heksan = 5,7 cm

Jarak tempuh baku piperin = 5,4 cm

$$Rf = \frac{\text{jarak tempuh sampel}}{\text{jarak tempuh senyawa}}$$

Jarak tempuh senyawa

- Ekstrak

$$Rf = \frac{4,3 \text{ cm}}{5,9 \text{ cm}} = 0,73$$

- Fraksi etil asetat

$$Rf = \frac{4,2 \text{ cm}}{5,9 \text{ cm}} = 0,71 \text{ cm}$$

- Fraksi n-heksan

$$Rf = \frac{5,6 \text{ cm}}{5,9 \text{ cm}} = 0,95 \text{ cm}$$

- Baku piperin

$$Rf = \frac{5,4 \text{ cm}}{5,9 \text{ cm}} = 0,92 \text{ cm}$$

Lampiran 9. Uji MTT assay**BSC 2****inkubator CO₂****Mikroskop****Microplate**

Lampiran 10. Perhitungan volume panenan sel pembuatan larutan stock

A. Sel HeLa

Jumlah sel HeLa terhitung:

$$\sum \text{sel/ml} = \frac{\sum \text{sel A} + \sum \text{sel B} + \sum \text{sel C} + \sum \text{sel D}}{4} \times 10^4$$

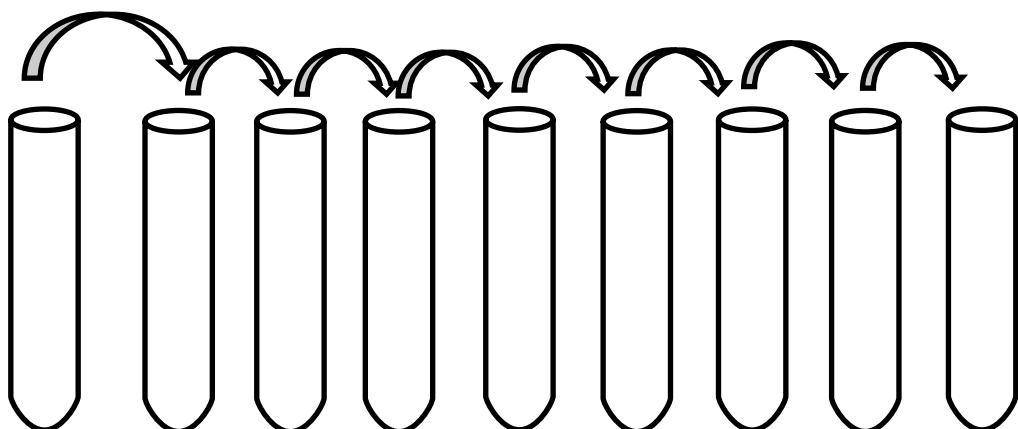
$$\sum \text{sel/ml} = \frac{155 + 93 + 176 + 112}{4} \times 10^4 = \frac{536}{4} \times 10^4 = 134 \times 10^4$$

Volume jumlah panenan untuk perlakuan :

$$\text{Volume pemanenan sel} = \frac{\text{jumlah total sel yang diperlukan}}{\text{jumlah sel terhitung/ml}}$$

$$\text{Volume pemanenan sel} = \frac{108 \times 10^4}{134 \times 10^4} = 0,80 \text{ ml}$$

B. Pembuatan larutan stock



STOCK 250 μ g/mL 125 μ g/mL 62,5 μ g/mL 31,25 μ g/mL 15,75 μ g/mL 7,81 μ g/mL 3,75 μ g/mL 1,875 μ g/mL

Ekstrak dan fraksi masing – masing dengan penambahan DMSO sebagai *co-solvent* dengan konsentrasi 10 mg/100 μ L DMSO.

= 10 mg ekstrak/ 100 μ L DMSO

= 10 mg/ (100/1000 DMSO)

= 10 mg/ (1/10 mL)

= 10 mg x 10 mL

= 100 mg/mL

= 100.000 μ g/mL

A. Perhitungan konsentrasi 250 µg/ mL

$$V1 \times C1 = V2 \times C2$$

$$1000 \mu\text{L} \times 250 \mu\text{g/mL} = 1000 \mu\text{L} \times C2$$

$$C2 = 1000 \mu\text{L} \times 250 \mu\text{g/mL}$$

$$C2 = 250 \mu\text{g/mL}$$

B. Perhitungan konsentrasi 125 µg/ mL

$$V1 \times C1 = V2 \times C2$$

$$1000 \mu\text{L} \times 125 \mu\text{g/mL} = 1000 \mu\text{L} \times C2$$

$$C2 = 1000 \mu\text{L} \times 125 \mu\text{g/mL}$$

$$C2 = 125 \mu\text{g}$$

C. Perhitungan konsentrasi 62,5 µg/mL

$$V1 \times C1 = V2 \times C2$$

$$1000 \mu\text{L} \times 62,5 \mu\text{g/mL} = 1000 \mu\text{L} \times C2$$

$$C2 = 1000 \mu\text{L} \times 62,5 \mu\text{g/mL}$$

$$C2 = 62,5 \mu\text{g/mL}$$

D. Perhitungan konsentrasi 31,25 µg/mL

$$V1 \times C1 = V2 \times C2$$

$$1000 \mu\text{L} \times 31,25 \mu\text{g/mL} = 1000 \mu\text{L} \times C2$$

$$C2 = 1000 \mu\text{L} \times 31,25 \mu\text{g/mL}$$

$$C2 = 31,25 \mu\text{g/mL}$$

E. Perhitungan konsentrasi 15,625 µg/mL

$$V1 \times C1 = V2 \times C2$$

$$1000 \mu\text{L} \times 15,625 \mu\text{g/mL} = 1000 \mu\text{L} \times C2$$

$$C2 = 1000 \mu\text{L} \times 15,625 \mu\text{g/mL}$$

$$C2 = 15,625 \mu\text{g/mL}$$

F. Perhitungan konsentrasi 7,81 µg/mL

$$V1 \times C1 = V2 \times C2$$

$$1000 \mu\text{L} \times 7,81 \mu\text{g/mL} = 1000 \mu\text{L} \times C2$$

$$C2 = 1000 \mu\text{L} \times 7,81 \mu\text{g/mL}$$

$$C2 = 7,81 \mu\text{g/mL}$$

G. Perhitungan konsentrasi 3,75 µg/mL

$$V1 \times C1 = V2 \times C2$$

$$1000 \mu\text{L} \times 3,75 \mu\text{g/mL} = 1000 \mu\text{L} \times C2$$

$$C2 = 1000 \mu\text{L} \times 3,75 \mu\text{g/mL}$$

$$C2 = 3,75 \mu\text{g/mL}$$

H. Perhitungan konsentrasi 1,875 µg/mL

$$V1 \times C1 = V2 \times C2$$

$$1000 \mu\text{L} \times 1,875 \mu\text{g/mL} = 1000 \mu\text{L} \times C2$$

$$C2 = 1000 \mu\text{L} \times 1,875 \mu\text{g/mL}$$

$$C2 = 1,875 \mu\text{g/mL}$$

Lampiran 11. Hasil MTT assay sel HeLa

1. Ekstrak Krokot

Replikasi 1

Konsentrasi (C) $\mu\text{g/ml}$	Log Konsentrasi (LogC)	Perlakuan	Absorbansi Kontrol Sel	Absorbansi Kontrol Media	% Viabilitas
250	2,397	0,318	0,7035	0,0498	41,0279
125	2,096	0,414	0,7035	0,0498	55,7136
62,5	1,795	0,417	0,7035	0,0498	56,1725
31,25	1,494	0,5	0,7035	0,0498	68,8695
15,75	1,197	0,666	0,7035	0,0498	94,2634
7,81	0,892	0,674	0,7035	0,0498	95,4872
3,75	0,574	0,794	0,7035	0,0498	113,8442
1,875	0,273	0,829	0,7035	0,0498	119,1984

Ekstrak Krokot replikasi 1

$$\text{IC}_{50} \text{ replikasi 1}$$

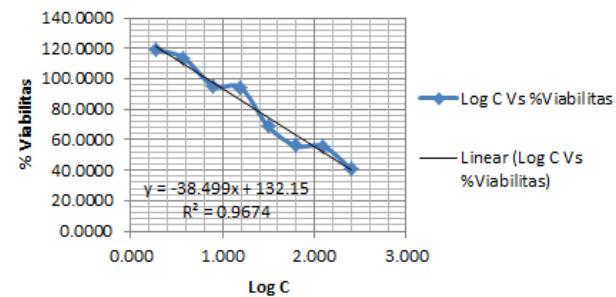
$$Y = -38,4994x + 132,1516$$

$$50-132,1516 = -38,4994x$$

$$-82,1516 = -38,4994x$$

$$X = 2,1338$$

$$\text{Anti log X (IC}_{50}\text{)} = 136,0817 \mu\text{g/ mL}$$



Replikasi 2

Konsentrasi (C) $\mu\text{g/ml}$	Log Konsentrasi (LogC)	Perlakuan	Absorbansi Kontrol Sel	Absorbansi Kontrol Media	% Viabilitas
250	2,397	0,332	0,7035	0,0498	43,1696
125	2,096	0,275	0,7035	0,0498	34,4500
62,5	1,795	0,359	0,7035	0,0498	47,2999
31,25	1,494	0,555	0,7035	0,0498	77,2831
15,75	1,197	0,603	0,7035	0,0498	84,6259
7,81	0,892	0,601	0,7035	0,0498	84,3200
3,75	0,574	0,726	0,7035	0,0498	103,4419
1,875	0,273	0,875	0,7035	0,0498	126,2352

Ekstrak Krokot replikasi 2

$$\text{IC}_{50} \text{ replikasi 2}$$

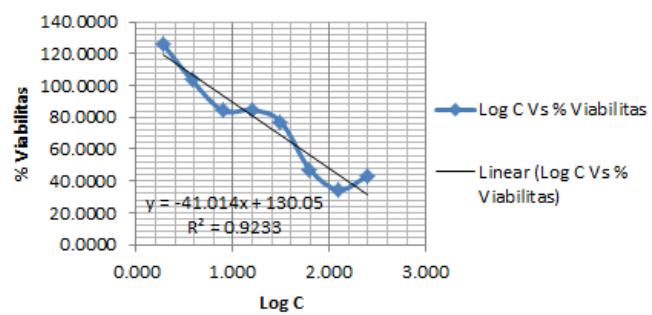
$$Y = -41,0144x + 130,0522$$

$$50-130,0522 = -41,0144x$$

$$-80,0522 = -41,0144x$$

$$X = 1,9518$$

$$\text{Anti log C (IC}_{50}\text{)} = 89,4952 \mu\text{g/ mL}$$



Replikasi 3

Konsentrasi (C) $\mu\text{g/ml}$	Log Konsentrasi (LogC)	Perlakuan	Absorbansi		% Viabilitas
			Kontrol Sel	Kontrol Media	
250	2,397	0,268	0,7035	0,0498	33,3792
125	2,096	0,317	0,7035	0,0498	40,8750
62,5	1,795	0,338	0,7035	0,0498	44,0875
31,25	1,494	0,575	0,7035	0,0498	80,3426
15,75	1,197	0,678	0,7035	0,0498	96,0991
7,81	0,892	0,646	0,7035	0,0498	91,2039
3,75	0,574	0,784	0,7035	0,0498	112,3145
1,875	0,273	0,831	0,7035	0,0498	119,5043

Ekstrak Krokot replikasi 3**IC₅₀ replikasi 3**

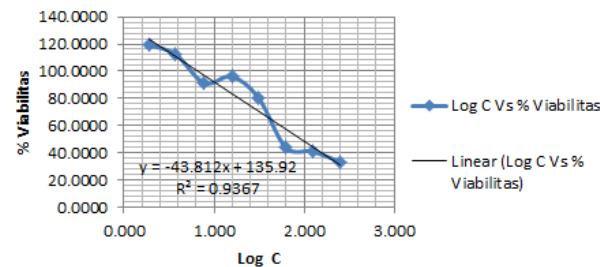
$$Y = -43,8123x + 135,9233$$

$$50-135,9233 = -43,8123x$$

$$-85,9233 = -43,8123x$$

$$X = 1,9611$$

$$\text{Anti Log X (IC}_{50}\text{)} = 91,4323 \mu\text{g/ mL}$$

**2. Fraksi etil asetat****Replikasi 1**

Konsentrasi (C) $\mu\text{g/ml}$	Log Konsentrasi (LogC)	Perlakuan	Absorbansi		% Viabilitas
			Kontrol Sel	Kontrol Media	
250	2,397	0,098	0,7035	0,0498	7,3734
125	2,096	0,141	0,7035	0,0498	13,9513
62,5	1,795	0,351	0,7035	0,0498	46,0761
31,25	1,494	0,443	0,7035	0,0498	60,1499
15,75	1,197	0,585	0,7035	0,0498	81,8724
7,81	0,892	0,672	0,7035	0,0498	95,1812
3,75	0,574	0,775	0,7035	0,0498	110,9377
1,875	0,273	0,873	0,7035	0,0498	125,9293

Fraksi Etil Asetat replikasi 1**IC₅₀ replikasi 1**

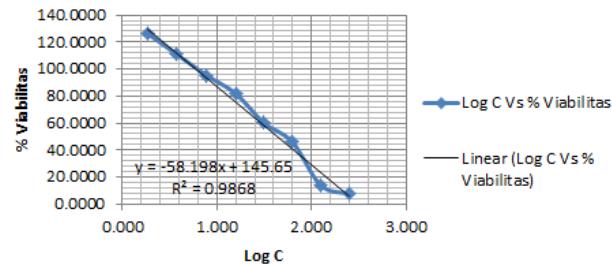
$$Y = -58,1982x + 145,6549$$

$$50 - 145,6549 = -58,1982x$$

$$-95,6549 = -58,1982x$$

$$X = 1,6436$$

$$\text{Anti Log X (IC}_{50}\text{)} = 44,014 \mu\text{g/ mL}$$



Replikasi 2

Konsentrasi (C) $\mu\text{g/ml}$	Log Konsentrasi (LogC)	Perlakuan	Absorbansi		% Viabilitas
			Kontrol Sel	Kontrol Media	
250	2,397	0,152	0,7035	0,0498	15,6340
125	2,096	0,277	0,7035	0,0498	34,7560
62,5	1,795	0,395	0,7035	0,0498	22,5657
31,25	1,494	0,432	0,7035	0,0498	58,4671
15,75	1,197	0,518	0,7035	0,0498	71,6230
7,81	0,892	0,643	0,7035	0,0498	90,7449
3,75	0,574	0,741	0,7035	0,0498	105,7365
1,875	0,273	0,835	0,7035	0,0498	120,1162

Fraksi Etil Asetat replikasi 2 IC_{50} replikasi 2

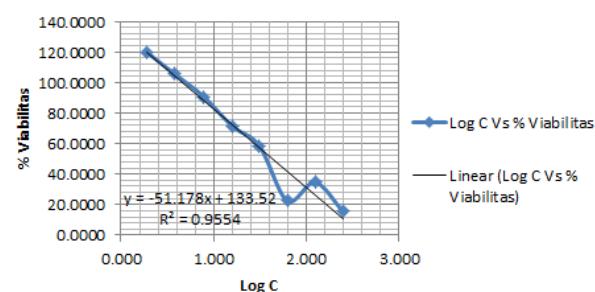
$$Y = -51,1784x + 133,5217$$

$$50-133,5217 = -51,1784x$$

$$-83,5217 = -51,1784x$$

$$X = 1,6319$$

$$\text{Anti Log X } (\text{IC}_{50}) = 42,8449 \mu\text{g/ mL}$$

**Replikasi 3**

Konsentrasi (C) $\mu\text{g/ml}$	Log Konsentrasi (LogC)	Perlakuan	Absorbansi		% Viabilitas
			Kontrol Sel	Kontrol Media	
250	2,397	0,154	0,7035	0,0498	15,9400
125	2,096	0,266	0,7035	0,0498	33,0732
62,5	1,795	0,321	0,7035	0,0498	41,4869
31,25	1,494	0,422	0,7035	0,0498	56,9374
15,75	1,197	0,586	0,7035	0,0498	82,0253
7,81	0,892	0,627	0,7035	0,0498	88,2973
3,75	0,574	0,777	0,7035	0,0498	111,2436
1,875	0,273	0,861	0,7035	0,0498	124,0936

Fraksi Etil Asetat replikasi 3 IC_{50} replikasi 3

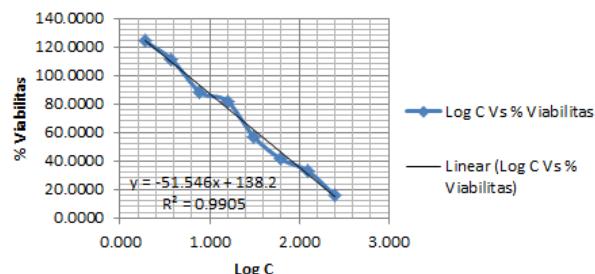
$$Y = -51,5458x + 138,1956$$

$$50-138,1956 = -51,5458x$$

$$-88,1956 = -51,5458x$$

$$X = 1,7110$$

$$\text{Anti Log X } (\text{IC}_{50}) = 51,4043 \mu\text{g/ mL}$$



3. Fraksi n-heksan krokot

Replikasi 1

Konsentrasi (C) $\mu\text{g/ml}$	Log Konsentrasi (LogC)	Absorbansi			% Viabilitas
		Perlakuan	Kontrol Sel	Kontrol Media	
250	2,397	0,169	0,7035	0,0498	18,2346
125	2,096	0,254	0,7035	0,0498	31,2375
62,5	1,795	0,364	0,7035	0,0498	48,0648
31,25	1,494	0,421	0,7035	0,0498	56,7844
15,75	1,197	0,557	0,7035	0,0498	77,5891
7,81	0,892	0,578	0,7035	0,0498	80,8015
3,75	0,574	0,771	0,7035	0,0498	110,3258
1,875	0,273	0,858	0,7035	0,0498	123,6346

Fraksi N-Heksan replikasi 1

IC_{50} replikai 1

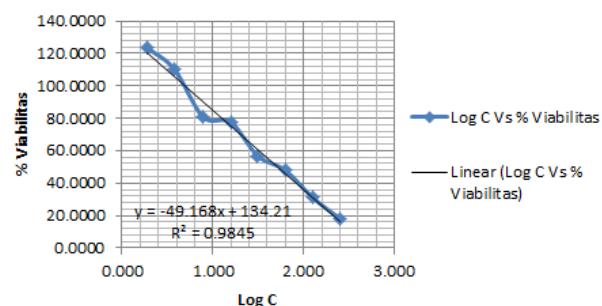
$$Y = -49,1684x + 134,2074$$

$$50-134,2074 = -49,1684x$$

$$-84,2074 = -49,1684x$$

$$X = 1,7126$$

$$\text{Anti Log X } (IC_{50}) = 51,5940 \mu\text{g/ mL}$$



Replikasi 2

Konsentrasi (C) $\mu\text{g/ml}$	Log Konsentrasi (LogC)	Absorbansi			% Viabilitas
		Perlakuan	Kontrol Sel	Kontrol Media	
250	2,397	0,171	0,7035	0,0498	18,5406
125	2,096	0,229	0,7035	0,0498	27,4131
62,5	1,795	0,366	0,7035	0,0498	48,3708
31,25	1,494	0,576	0,7035	0,0498	80,4956
15,75	1,197	0,641	0,7035	0,0498	90,4390
7,81	0,892	0,609	0,7035	0,0498	85,5438
3,75	0,574	0,790	0,7035	0,0498	113,2323
1,875	0,273	0,895	0,7035	0,0498	129,2947

Fraksi N-Heksan replikasi 2

IC_{50} replikasi 2

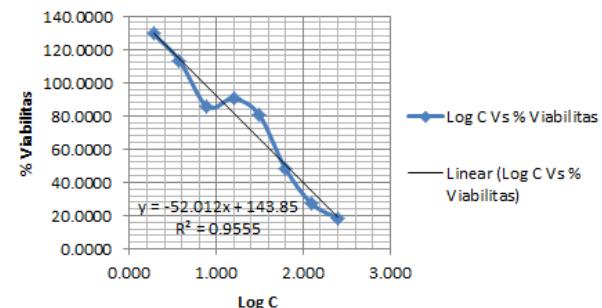
$$Y = -52,0120x + 143,8494$$

$$50-143,8494 = -52,0120x$$

$$-93,8494 = -52,0120x$$

$$X = 1,8043$$

$$\text{Anti Log X } (IC_{50}) = 63,7235 \mu\text{g/ mL}$$



Replikasi 3

Konsentrasi (C) $\mu\text{g/ml}$	Log Konsentrasi (LogC)	Perlakuan	Absorbansi		% Viabilitas
			Kontrol Sel	Kontrol Media	
250	2,397	0,098	0,7035	0,0498	8,944
125	2,096	0,141	0,7035	0,0498	13,9513
62,5	1,795	0,351	0,7035	0,0498	46,0761
31,25	1,494	0,443	0,7035	0,0498	60,1499
15,75	1,197	0,585	0,7035	0,0498	81,8724
7,81	0,892	0,672	0,7035	0,0498	95,1812
3,75	0,574	0,775	0,7035	0,0498	110,9377
1,875	0,273	0,873	0,7035	0,0498	125,9293

Fraksi N-Heksan replikasi 3

IC₅₀ replikasi 3

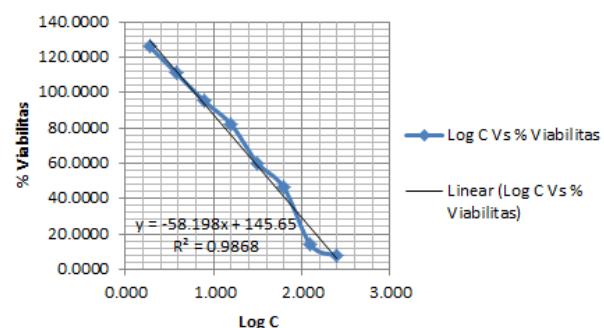
$$Y = -58,1982x + 145,6549$$

$$50-145,6549 = -58,1982x$$

$$-95,6549 = -58,1982x$$

$$X = 1,6436$$

$$\text{Anti Log X (IC}_{50}\text{)} = 44,0149 \mu\text{g/ mL}$$



Lampiran 12. Hasil SPSS

1. MTT assay

Tests of Normality

Perlakuan	Kolmogorov-Smirnov ^a			Shapiro-Wilk		
	Statistic	df	Sig.	Statistic	df	Sig.
Ekstrak Krokot	.372	3	.	.781	3	.070
IC50 Fraksi etil asetat	.339	3	.	.850	3	.241
Fraksi n-heksan	.220	3	.	.987	3	.779

a. Lilliefors Significance Correction

Test of Homogeneity of Variances

Levene Statistic	df1	df2	Sig.
1.482	2	6	.300

ANOVA

	Sum of Squares	df	Mean Square	F	Sig.
Between Groups	.215	2	.107	17.206	.003
Within Groups	.037	6	.006		
Total	.252	8			

Multiple Comparisons

Dependent Variable: IC50

Tukey HSD

(I) Perlakuan	(J) Perlakuan	Mean Difference (I-J)	Std. Error	Sig.	95% Confidence Interval	
					Lower Bound	Upper Bound
Ekstrak Krokot	Fraksi etil asetat	59.5820000*	13.4462926	.010	18.325082	100.838918
	Fraksi n-heksan	52.4116333*	13.4462926	.019	11.154715	93.668551
Fraksi etil asetat	Ekstrak Krokot	-59.5820000*	13.4462926	.010	-100.838918	-18.325082
	Fraksi n-heksan	-7.1703667	13.4462926	.858	-48.427285	34.086551
Fraksi n-heksan	Ekstrak Krokot	-52.4116333*	13.4462926	.019	-93.668551	-11.154715
	Fraksi etil asetat	7.1703667	13.4462926	.858	-34.086551	48.427285

*. The mean difference is significant at the 0.05 level.