



## INTISARI

**Aditama. 2020. Perbedaan Nilai Index Fluorescent Pada Pengukuran Titer Antibodi Covid-19 Pada Penyintas Covid Yang Bergejala Dan Tanpa Gejala. Program Studi D4 Analis Kesehatan, Fakultas Ilmu Kesehatan, Universitas Setia Budi.**

COVID-19 merupakan penyakit menular yang disebabkan oleh sindrom pernapasan akut corona virus 2. Menerapkan protokol kesehatan sebagai modal utama mengerem perluasan pandemik, khususnya karena belum ada obat yang benar-benar ampuh. Salah satu terapi yang digunakan dalam kondisi saat ini adalah Terapi Plasma Konvalesen (TPK). Plasma Konvalesen adalah plasma darah yang diambil dari pasien yang terdiagnosa Covid 19 dan sudah 14 hari dinyatakan sembuh dari infeksi COVID-19 yang ditandai dengan pemeriksaan Swab menggunakan RT-PCR sebanyak 1 kali pemeriksaan dengan hasil negatif .Nilai index fluorescent titer antibodi covid-19 standar minimal yang lolos sebagai calon donor plasma konvalesen di RSUP Soeradji Tirtonerogo Klaten adalah 9.0. Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk mengetahui perbedaan nilai index fluorescent pada pengukuran titer antibodi covid-19 pada penyintas covid yang bergejala dan tanpa gejala.

Jenis penelitian observasional analitik dengan pendekatan *cross sectional*.Penelitian dilaksanakan pada bulan Juni sampai Juli 2021 di laboratorium patologi klinik RSUP dr. Soeradji Tirtonegoro Klaten.Diperoleh data rekam medis sebanyak 76 subyek penelitian dari bulan januari sampai maret 2021 dengan metode *ELFA (Enzyme linked fluorescent assay)* Tehnik pengambilan sampel menggunakan total sampling dan didapatkan data analisis univariat dan bivariat kemudian dilakukan uji statistik *mann whitney*.

Hasil dari penelitian ini telah didapatkan data dari 76 jumlah calon donor plasma konvalesen yang tanpa gejala sebanyak 31 orang (40.8 %), dan yang bergejala sebanyak 45 orang (59.2 %).Dari uji stastistik *mann whitney* didapat nilai Asymp sig.(2-tailed) sebesar  $0.000 < 0.05$ , maka dapat disimpulkan bahwa terdapat perbedaan nilai index fluorescent pada pengukuran titer antibodi covid-19 pada penyintas covid yang bergejala dan tanpa gejala.

Kata kunci : index fluorescent, penyintas covid, bergejala dan tanpa gejala

## **ABSTRACT**

**Aditama, 2020. Differences in Fluorescent Index Values in the Measurement of Covid-19 Antibody Titers in Symptomatic and Asymptomatic Covid Survivors. Health Analyst D4 Study Program, Faculty of Health Sciences, Setia Budi University**

COVID-19 was an infectious disease caused by the corona virus 2 acute respiratory syndrome. Implementing health protocols as the main capital to stop the expansion of the pandemic, especially because there was no really effective drug yet. One of the therapies used in the current situation was Convalescent Plasma Therapy (TPK). Convalescent plasma was blood plasma taken from a patient diagnosed with Covid 19 and has been declared cured of COVID-19 infection for 14 days which was indicated by a Swab examination using RT-PCR for 1 examination with negative results. The standard fluorescent titer index value for Covid-19 antibodies The minimum who passes as a candidate for convalescent plasma donor at RSUP Soeradji Tirtonerogo Klaten was 9,0. This study aims to determine the difference in the value of the fluorescent index in the measurement of the Covid-19 antibody titer in symptomatic and asymptomatic covid survivors

This type of research was analytical observational with a cross sectional approach. The study was carried out from June to July 2021 in the clinical pathology laboratory of RSUP dr. Soeradji Tirtonegoro Klaten. Obtained medical record data as many as 76 research subjects from January to March 2021 with the ELFA (Enzyme linked fluorescent assay) method. The sampling technique used total sampling and obtained univariate and bivariate analysis data then carried out the Mann Whitney statistical test.

The results of this study have obtained data from 76 candidates for convalescent plasma donors who asymptomatic as many as 31 people (40.8%), and symptomatic 45 people (59.2%). ) of  $0.000 < 0.05$ , it can be concluded that there was a difference in the value of the fluorescent index in the measurement of the Covid-19 antibody titer in symptomatic and asymptomatic covid survivors.

Keywords: fluorescent index, covid survivors, symptomatic and asymptomatic

