

## **ABSTRAK**

YULI WURYANI, 2021, EVALUASI PENYIMPANAN DAN DISTRIBUSI OBAT TUBERKULOSIS (TB) DI INSTALASI FARMASI DINAS KESEHATAN KABUPATEN KARANGANYAR, SKRIPSI, PROGAM STUDI S1 FARMASI, Dibimbing oleh Dr. apt. Lucia Vita Inandha Dewi S.Si., M.Sc. dan apt. Dra. Pudiastuti R.S.P, M. M.

Penyimpanan dan distribusi obat yang baik merupakan salah satu komponen yang mempengaruhi peningkatan derajat kesehatan masyarakat hal tersebut di pengaruhi oleh tersedianya obat yang berkualitas. Tujuan dari penelitian adalah untuk melihat penggambaran penyimpanan dan distribusi obat Tuberkulosis (TB) dan melihat persentase yang sesuai dengan indikatornya.

Penelitian ini merupakan penelitian deskriptif evaluatif pengambilan data dilakukan secara restrospektif melalui penelusuran data secara langsung dan wawancara mendalam kepada kepala dan staff Instalasi Farmasi Dinas Kesehatan Kabupaten Karanganyar. Data yang diperoleh dianalisis menggunakan indikator dan dibandingkan dengan hasil penelitian.

Hasil penelitian menunjukkan bahwa penyimpanan dan distribusi obat Tuberkulosis (TB) di Instalasi Farmasi Dinas Kesehatan Kabupaten Karanganyar belum sepenuhnya memenuhi standar indikator. Hal ini ditunjukkan dengan 3 indikator yang belum memenuhi standar, yaitu persentase jumlah dan nilai obat yang kadaluarsa/rusak sebesar 6%, persentase stok obat mati sebesar 15%, ITOR (Inventory Turn Over Ratio) sebanyak 0,83 kali dan 4 indikator sudah memenuhi standar yaitu: data tingkat ketersediaan obat sebesar 90%, persentase rata-rata waktu kekosongan obat tidak ada kekosongan obat, sistem penyimpanan obat sesuai, dan persentase kecocokan jumlah barang nyata dengan kartu stok sesuai.

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Kata kunci: Evaluasi, Penyimpanan, Distribusi, Indikator.

## ABSTRACT

YULI WURYANI, 2021, EVALUATION OF TUBERCULOSIS (TB) MEDICINE STORAGE AND DISTRIBUTION IN PHARMACY INSTALLATION, HEALTH DEPARTMENT OF KARANGANYAR DISTRICT, THESIS, PHARMACHY STUDY PROGRAM, Supervised by Dr. apt. Lucia Vita Inandha Dewi S.Si., M.Sc. and apt. Dra. Pudiastuti RSP, M. M.

Good storage and distribution of drugs is one of the components that affect the increase in the degree of public health, this is influenced by the availability of quality drugs. The purpose of the study was to see the description of the storage and distribution of Tuberculosis (TB) drugs and see the percentage that corresponds to the indicators.

This research is an observational, descriptive study with qualitative and quantitative approaches, data collection is carried out prospectively through observation and in-depth interviews with head and staff of the Pharmacy Installation of the Karanganyar District Health Office. The data obtained were analyzed using indicators and compared with the results of the study.

The results showed that the storage and distribution of Tuberculosis (TB) drugs in the Pharmacy Installation of the Karanganyar District Health Office did not fully meet the indicator standards. This is indicated by 3 indicators that do not meet the standards, namely the percentage of the number and value of expired/damaged drugs by 6%, the percentage of dead drug stocks by 15%, ITOR (Inventory Turn Over Ratio) as much as 0.83 times and 4 indicators that have met standards, namely: data on the level of drug availability by 90%, the average percentage of drug void time without drug vacancies, the drug storage system is appropriate, and the percentage of matches between the number of real goods and the stock card is appropriate.

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Keywords: Evaluation, Storage, Distribution, Indicator.